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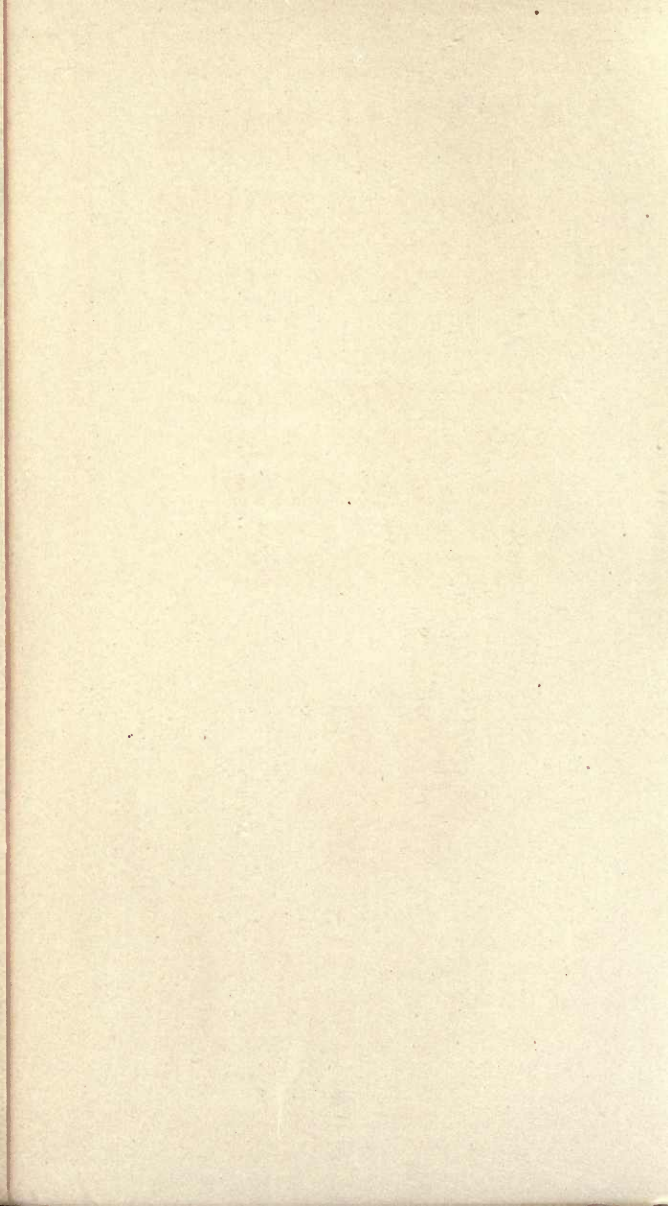
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Harbison 1906 ad

# CATALOGUE

ontaining useful  
information in con-  
nection with the use of

*SILICA, MAGNESIA  
CHROME AND  
FIRE CLAY BRICK  
and various  
REFRACTORIES*



*as furnished by the  
HARBISON-WALKER  
REFRACTORIES CO  
Pittsburgh — Pa.*

TNG77  
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1908

### EAST CHICAGO WORKS

WE have recently erected at East Chicago, Ind., a modern plant equipped for making the highest grade silica brick. For shapes made, see page 9.



TOTAL DAILY CAPACITY OF ALL WORKS  
1,100,000 BRICK

## FIRE BRICK DEPARTMENT

GOOD material is the factor of supreme importance in all manufacturing business. During the growth and expansion of the fire brick business from small beginnings to the present output—corresponding to the growth and demands of the iron and steel industries—it has been the aim of this Company to maintain the lead in supplying all demands for high grade fire brick and refractory material. To this end, all clay deposits, seemingly worthy of investigation, have been core drilled, the best experts employed and record maps placed on file, enabling the Company to open mines in the irregular formations of fire clay with exact knowledge of what will be opened. This work has been going on systematically for over thirty years. The results, with the association of a few of the most experienced and successful brick manufacturers, enable us to offer the following unrivaled list of well known brands of fire brick. Some of the brands are specially fitted for special work, as the “BENEZET” for blast furnace linings. Some are similar in character to others, but owing to location of works one brand may obtain a more favorable freight rate in a given case. Correspondence or an interview will determine, according to circumstances, which is the most suitable brand to use. With a wide range of records on hand, the broadest experience in

the business, and the good will of over seven thousand patrons to maintain, it is reasonable for customers to assume that they will get reliable advice and careful attention to orders, however large or small.

The brands included carry the world's record for output of metal per furnace lining, blast furnace stove brick that neither disintegrate nor become vitrified with the severe changes of temperature and blast that occur in furnace stoves incident to conditions connected therewith; the best of brick for cupolas, rotary cement kilns, lime kilns, open hearth steel furnaces, copper smelting, boiler settings, continuous glass furnaces and general purposes where high temperatures are in use.

The brick intended for different parts of a blast furnace lining are branded "HEARTH & BOSH," "INWALL" and "TOP" to prevent the mason from making mistakes. The records held by these brands are the result of careful observation over a long period and selection from the best clays. Our Ganister rock used in making Silica brick is selected from decidedly the finest deposits of this rock to be found anywhere. Our silica brands hold the best continuous records in open hearth steel, copper and continuous glass furnaces; also in longitudinal, by-product and bee hive coke ovens.



## STANDARD SHAPES—FIRE CLAY

Shapes	Page	Brands	Shapes	Page	Brands
9" Straight	26	Benezet	No. 1 Arch	26	Top Benezet
	26	Hearth & Bosh		26	Woodland
		Benezet		26	Hearth & Bosh
	26	Inwall Benezet			Woodland
	26	Top Benezet		26	Top Woodland
	26	Woodland		26	H.-W. Special
	26	Hearth & Bosh		26	Tyrone
		Woodland		26	Quartzite
	26	Inwall Woodland	No. 2 Arch	27	Benezet
	26	Top Woodland		27	Hearth & Bosh
	26	H.-W. Special			Benezet
No. 1 Key	26	Tyrone		27	Top Benezet
	26	C.-Tyrone		27	Woodland
	26	Quartzite		27	Hearth & Bosh
	26	Widemire			Woodland
	29	Benezet		27	Top Woodland
	29	Hearth & Bosh		27	H.-W. Special
		Benezet		27	Tyrone
	29	Inwall Benezet		27	Quartzite
	29	Top Benezet	No. 1 Split	27	Benezet
	29	Woodland		27	Woodland
	29	Hearth & Bosh		27	H.-W. Special
		Woodland		27	Tyrone
	29	Inwall Woodland		27	Quartzite
No. 2 Key	29	Top Woodland	No 2 Split	27	Benezet
	29	H.-W. Special		27	Woodland
	29	Tyrone		27	Quartzite
	29	C.-Tyrone			
	29	Quartzite			
	29	Benezet	No. 1 Wedge	28	Benezet
	29	Hearth & Bosh		28	Woodland
		Benezet		28	Tyrone
	29	Top Benezet		28	H.-W. Special
	29	Woodland		28	Quartzite
	29	Hearth & Bosh	No. 2 Wedge	28	Benezet
		Woodland		28	Woodland
	29	Top Woodland		28	H.-W. Special
	29	H.-W. Special		28	Tyrone
	29	Tyrone		28	Quartzite
No. 3 Key	29	C.-Tyrone	No. 3 Wedge	28	Benezet
	29	Quartzite		28	Woodland
				28	Quartzite
	29	Quartzite	No. 1 Jamb	29	Benezet
No. 4 Key	29	Woodland		29	Woodland
	29	Quartzite	No. 1 Circle	31	Benezet
No. 1 Arch	26	Benezet		31	Woodland
	26	Hearth & Bosh			
		Benezet			

# STANDARD SHAPES—FIRE CLAY

## CONTINUED

Shapes	Page	Brands	Shapes	Page	Brands
No. 2 Circle	31	Benezet	9 x 6"	39	Hearth & Bosh
	31	Woodland	Straight	39	Benezet
No. 3 Circle	31	Woodland		39	Inwall Benezet
No. 5 Circle	31	Woodland		39	Top Benezet
Soap	26	Benezet		39	Hearth & Bosh
	26	Woodland		39	Woodland
	26	Tyrone		39	Inwall Woodland
	26	Quartzite		39	Top Woodland
Checker	26	Woodland	9 x 6" Key	39	Hearth & Bosh
No. 3 Neck	30	Woodland		39	Benezet
No. 2 Side Skew	30	Benezet		39	Inwall Benezet
	30	Woodland		39	Top Benezet
				39	Hearth & Bosh
Large 9"	26	Benezet		39	Woodland
	26	Woodland		39	Inwall Woodland
Small 9"	26	Benezet		39	Top Woodland
	26	Woodland	Liner Brick	40	Coke—H.-W.
No. 1 Cupola	31	Woodland	Bottom Tile	40	Co. Clay
No. 2 Cupola	31	Woodland	Trunnel	40	H.-W. Co. Clay
No. 3 Cupola	32	Woodland	Bridge Block	32	Woodland
No. 4 Cupola	32	Woodland	Stock Hole	32	Woodland
13½" Straight	38	Hearth & Bosh	Regenerator	44	Inwall Benezet
		Benezet	Tile	44	Tyrone
	38	Inwall Benezet	101A Special	33	Woodland
	38	Top Benezet	Cover		
	38	Hearth & Bosh	102A Special	33	Woodland
		Woodland	Cover		
	38	Inwall Woodland	103A Special	33	Woodland
	38	Top Woodland	Cover		
13½" No. 2 Key	38	Hearth & Bosh	104A Special	33	Woodland
		Benezet	Cover		
	38	Inwall Benezet	Bevel Cover	43	Woodland
	38	Top Benezet	Square Cover	43	Woodland
	38	Hearth & Bosh	Arch Cover	43	Woodland
		Woodland	Hearth Block	61	Hearth & Bosh
	38	Inwall Woodland		61	Benezet
	38	Top Woodland		61	Hearth & Bosh
Siemens Steel	100	Woodland			Woodland
Furnace Blocks			Bung Arch	27	Woodland
Our Plan	102	Woodland	No. 66	45	H.-W. Special
Siemens Blocks			No. 72	45	H.-W. Special
Featheredge	27	Woodland	No. 78	45	H.-W. Special
13½" No. 4 Key	38	Hearth & Bosh	No. 84	45	H.-W. Special
		Benezet	No. 90	45	H.-W. Special
	38	Top Benezet	No. 12	46	H.-W. Special
	38	Hearth & Bosh	No. 13	46	H.-W. Special
		Woodland			
	38	Top Woodland			

## STANDARD SHAPES—SILICA

Shapes	Page	Brands	Shapes	Page	Brands
9" Straight	26	Star	No. 4 Key	29	XX Sand
	26	XX Sand		29	XX Silica
	26	XX Silica	Key Wedge	28	Star
Large 9"	26	Star	No. 1 Jamb	29	Star
	26	XX Sand	No. 2 Skew	30	Star
	26	XX Silica	No. 3 Neck	30	Star
Small 9"	26	Star	Featheredge	27	Star
	26	XX Sand	12 x 6 x 2½" Straight	35	Star
	26	XX Silica	12 x 9 x 2½" Straight	36	Star
Soap	26	Star	Soap		
	26	XX Sand	12 x 2½" No. 1 Wedge	35	Star
No. 1 Arch	26	XX Silica			
	26	Star	12 x 2½" No. 1 Wedge	36	Star
	26	XX Sand	Soap		
No. 2 Arch	27	XX Silica			
	27	Star	12 x 2½" No. 2 Wedge	36	Star
	27	XX Sand			
No. 3 Arch	27	XX Silica	12 x 2½" No. 2 Wedge	36	Star
No. 1 Split	27	Star	Soap		
	27	XX Sand			
	27	XX Silica	12 x 6 x 3" Straight	35	Star
No. 2 Split	27	Star			
	27	XX Sand	12 x 3 x 3" Straight	34	Star
	27	XX Silica	Soap		
No. 1 Wedge	28	Star			
	28	XX Sand	12 x 9 x 3" Straight	35	Star
	28	XX Silica	Soap		
No. 2 Wedge	28	Star			
	28	XX Sand	12 x 3" No. 1 Wedge	34	Star
	28	XX Silica			
No. 3 Wedge	28	Star	12 x 3" No. 1 Wedge	34	Star
	28	XX Sand	Soap		
	28	XX Silica			
Large 9" No. 1 Wedge	28	Star	12 x 3" No. 2 Wedge	34	Star
Large 9" No. 2 Wedge	28	Star	Soap		
No. 1 Key	29	Star			
	29	XX Sand	12" No. 1 Arch	36	Star
	29	XX Silica	12" No. 2 Arch	36	Star
No. 2 Key	29	Star	12" No. 1 Key	34	Star
	29	XX Sand	12" No. 2 Key	34	Star
	29	XX Silica	13½" Straight	35	Star
No. 3 Key	29	Star	13½" Binder	35	Star
	29	XX Sand	Siemens Steel Fur-	100	Star
	29	XX Silica	nace Blocks		
			Coke Oven Crown	40	XX Silica

Other shapes made to order

## EAST CHICAGO WORKS

WE have erected at East Chicago a modern plant for the manufacture of first quality silica brick.

The location was selected especially with regard to the trade in Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Missouri, Colorado and other western points.

New features have been successfully introduced in the works, placing this plant decidedly in advance of any silica brick works heretofore erected.

The Ganister rock used in "W. STAR," the East Chicago brand, comes from the well-known Wisconsin deposits. The quarries were selected after careful prospecting of the entire territory and numerous tests of brick made from rock of various localities.

"W. STAR" in every way is a high grade silica brick for open hearth furnaces, glass furnaces or for any purpose where the best silica brick are required.

For standard shapes, see the following page.

# STANDARD SHAPES—W. SILICA

## EAST CHICAGO WORKS

Shapes	Page	Brands	Shapes	Page	Brands
9" Straight	26	W. Star	12 x 9 x 2½" Straight Soap	36	W. Star
Large 9"	26	W. Star	12 x 2½" No. 1 Wedge	35	W. Star
Small 9"	26	W. Star	12 x 2½" No. 1 Wedge Soap	36	W. Star
Soap	26	W. Star	12 x 2½" No. 2 Wedge	36	W. Star
No. 1 Arch	26	W. Star	12 x 2½" No. 2 Wedge Soap	36	W. Star
No. 2 Arch	27	W. Star	12 x 6 x 3" Straight	35	W. Star
No. 3 Arch	27	W. Star	12 x 3 x 3" Straight Soap	34	W. Star
No. 1 Split	27	W. Star	12 x 9 x 3" Straight Soap	35	W. Star
No. 2 Split	27	W. Star	12 x 3" No. 1 Wedge	34	W. Star
No. 1 Wedge	28	W. Star	12 x 3" No. 1 Wedge Soap	34	W. Star
No. 2 Wedge	28	W. Star	12 x 3" No. 2 Wedge	34	W. Star
No. 3 Wedge	28	W. Star	12 x 3" No. 2 Wedge Soap	34	W. Star
No. 1 Key	29	W. Star	12" No. 1 Arch	36	W. Star
No. 2 Key	29	W. Star	12" No. 2 Arch	36	W. Star
No. 3 Key	29	W. Star	12" No. 1 Key	34	W. Star
No. 2 Skew	30	W. Star	12" No. 2 Key	34	W. Star
No. 3 Neck	30	W. Star	13½" Straight	35	W. Star
Featheredge	27	W. Star	13½" Binder	35	W. Star
No. 1 Jamb	29	W. Star			
12 x 6 x 2½" Straight	35	W. Star			

Other shapes made to order



## MAGNESIA AND CHROME DEPARTMENT

I N this department we manufacture two brands of "MAGNESIA" brick for use in basic open hearth steel furnaces or other places where basic material is required, and one brand of "CHROME" brick specially adapted for use in basic open hearth steel furnaces or other places where basic material is required.

All our "MAGNESIA" and "CHROME" brick are branded "H.-W. R. Co."



## DEAD-BURNED OR GRAIN MAGNESITE

THE first magnesite brought to the United States was a shipment of 800 tons, bought in Europe in 1885. The first basic steel made in the United States was manufactured in 1886. The use of magnesite has increased progressively with the increased production of basic steel.

Our magnesite is the standard quality and is prepared in the most careful manner, material shipped being carefully manufactured and selected. Owing to the severe rejections in the quarry and the shrinkage in weight in calcining, it is necessary to quarry five tons of rock for every ton of magnesite shipped. That which is accepted is hand-picked, absolutely dead-burned, and contains the correct proportion of fluxing constituents to make it frit or set at the proper temperature in the bottoms of BASIC OPEN HEARTH STEEL FURNACES. Its low silica and lime contents, careful selection, thorough burning and careful hand-picking make it the most uniform, satisfactory and economical, and in every way the best magnesite on the market.

The principal use of magnesite is for forming bottoms in BASIC OPEN HEARTH STEEL FURNACES. A more limited use of magnesite is to make bottoms in MECHANICAL PUDDLING FURNACES, HEATING FURNACES, and tamped in the side walls of COPPER REVERBERATORIES to take the splash of the metal.

## CHROME ORE

SESQUIOXIDE of Chromium, known commercially as Chrome Ore, is exceedingly refractory, dense and neutral; it is neither acid, basic, reducing nor oxidizing.

It is used principally in BASIC OPEN HEARTH FURNACES, in such places as along the back walls of STATIONARY and TILTING FURNACES; on the floors of the ports, and as a protection to the silica brick in the ports and furnace blocks. Chrome Ore is generally useful where chemical action and high temperature combined are to be resisted.

We can furnish a Chrome Ore running especially low in silica and containing from 38 to 42 per cent. of chromium sesquioxide, and a Chrome Ore running 50 per cent. chromium sesquioxide or over, shipping either in lump form or finely ground, as ordered.

## MAGNESIA BRICK

**W**E use the highest quality selected magnesite in making Magnesia Brick. The utmost attention, care and experience are given to all the processes of manufacture and burning, and our Magnesia Brick are the standard of quality.

In BASIC OPEN HEARTH STEEL FURNACES a number of courses of magnesia brick are used in making the foundation for the bottom; the bottom being made of dead-burned magnesite. Sidewalks are built of magnesia brick to a height of about 15 inches above the bottom of the charging doors. They are used around the door jambs and tapping holes, and to face the furnace blocks as a protection to the silica brick. They are also being used to advantage in the bulkheads of the ports. Several companies report excellent results by putting in six or eight courses of magnesia brick as the top courses in the gas checkers.

In the construction of SOAKING PITS magnesia brick have replaced fire brick in the six or eight bottom courses, where they last a long time.

Magnesia brick are used along the slag line of METAL MIXERS instead of fire-clay brick.

In BILLET and BAR HEATING FURNACES running on producer or natural gas, magnesia brick are found to be an economy when used in the bottom and on the bridge wall. Sometimes bottoms are made of magnesite mixed with roll scale in the proportion of one ton of dead-burned magnesite to 600 or 800 pounds of roll scale.

Magnesia brick are being widely adopted by COPPER RE-VERBERATORIES; they are being used in the bottom, which is built as an inverted arch, and in the side walls and on the bridge wall to take the splash of the metal.

Many COPPER CONVERTERS are, next to the shell, lined with one course of magnesia brick laid in magnesite cement.

Special types of furnaces, such as SILVER SLIMES; DROSS and BULLION FURNACES; ELECTRICAL SMELTING, HEATING, WELDING and MELTING FURNACES; CALCIUM CARBIDE KILNS, etc., find the use of magnesia brick a solution of the problem of refractory linings.

Some manufacturers of Portland cement have found magnesia brick to last very well in the burning zone of ROTARY KILNS.

Magnesia brick should be laid in magnesite cement. They are very good conductors of heat, and where this heat conductivity would injure the plate work they should be backed up with some other of our high-grade material. They expand slightly at high temperatures. They are better conductors of electricity than porcelain at 2,000 degrees Fahrenheit or over; at low temperature their electrical conductivity is less than porcelain.

The best results are obtained from magnesia brick in furnaces where continuous heats are used. Great variation of temperature, exposure while hot to currents of cold air or to contact while hot with water or oil, will cause them to shatter and spawl.

Magnesia brick should not be subjected to excessive weight when hot.

## CHROME BRICK

**C**HROME brick are very refractory, dense in structure, and neutral. They are practically infusible.

In BASIC OPEN HEARTH STEEL FURNACE construction they are used as a neutral course between the fire clay brick on the bottom plates and the magnesia brick forming the foundation for the hearth or furnace bottom. The floors of ports and the facing of port walls and backwalls of uptakes are built of chrome brick in many furnaces. Chrome brick are useful in making quick repairs in furnace at working heat, as they are not affected by sudden changes of temperature.

In bottoms of SOAKING PITS six or eight courses of chrome brick replace fire clay brick with advantage.

Chrome brick are being used with good results along the slag line of COAL-FIRED HEATING FURNACES having cinder bottoms.

In COPPER SMELTING and REFINING PLANTS chrome brick are used in the bottom courses and around the tap holes of BLAST FURNACES; in lining SETTLERS, especially on the slag matte line and around the tap holes, and in lining CONVERTERS next to the shell. When chrome brick are put next to the shell they should be laid in magnesite cement instead of chrome ore, the former sticking well to iron work.

LEAD SOFTENING and REFINING FURNACES and many types of SPECIAL FURNACES used in melting and smelting alloys, have adopted chrome brick in places where fire clay or other refractory brick are rapidly destroyed.

They have been used with success in several ROTARY CEMENT KILNS making Portland cement.

Chrome brick should be laid in finely ground chrome ore with the exception noted above. They expand slightly at high temperatures. They should not be subjected to excessive weight when hot. Chrome brick are practically unaffected by changes in temperature; at furnace heat they can come in contact with water without breaking or spawling.

## STANDARD SHAPES—MAGNESIA

Shapes	Page of Illustrat'n	Brand
Straight, Standard Size.....	52	H.-W. R. Co.
No. 1 Arch, Standard Size.....	52	H.-W. R. Co.
No. 2 Arch, Standard Size.....	52	H.-W. R. Co.
No. 3 Arch, Standard Size.....	52	H.-W. R. Co.
No. 1 Wedge, Standard Size.....	52	H.-W. R. Co.
No. 2 Wedge, Standard Size.....	53	H.-W. R. Co.
Soap, Standard Size.....	53	H.-W. R. Co.
No. 1 Split, Standard Size.....	53	H.-W. R. Co.
No. 2 Split, Standard Size .....	53	H.-W. R. Co.
No. 1 Key, Standard Size.....	53	H.-W. R. Co.
No. 2 Key, Standard Size.....	53	H.-W. R. Co.
No. 3 Key, Standard Size. ....	53	H.-W. R. Co.
No. 4 Key, Standard Size.....	53	H.-W. R. Co.

## STANDARD SHAPES—CHROME

Shapes	Page of Illustrat'n	Brand
Straight.....	51	H.-W. R. Co.
No. 1 Wedge.....	51	H.-W. R. Co.
No. 2 Wedge.....	51	H.-W. R. Co.
No. 1 Key.....	51	H.-W. R. Co.
No. 2 Key.....	51	H.-W. R. Co.

**Other shapes made to order.**

All "CHROME" and "MAGNESIA" brick are branded "H.-W. R. Co."

## THE PORTSMOUTH HARBISON-WALKER COMPANY

THE Portsmouth Harbison-Walker Company has large tracts of fine quality flint clay in southern Ohio and northern Kentucky. The plants of this company are favorably located for supplying the iron, steel and other industries in the territory lying west and south of Pittsburgh.

The following brands manufactured have been long recognized as standards in this district:

H. & W. Co. Hearth and Bosh  
H. & W. Co. Inwall  
H. & W. Co. Top  
Kentucky Steel  
Anglo-Saxon  
R-Jenkins

{ First quality clay brick for blast furnaces, or where brick are required to withstand friction as well as high temperature.

H. & W. Co. High Grade  
Franklin Crown  
Malleable  
Royal Star

{ First quality brick for high grade mill work, malleable iron works, steel works, hot blast stoves, boiler settings, engine tile, cupolas, glass works, and for all other purposes where brick are required to withstand high temperature.

H. & W. Co. No. 1  
Sligo  
Scioto Star  
Webster

{ Second quality brick for hot blast stoves, steel works, boiler settings, cupolas, side walls of malleable furnaces, and other purposes where good second quality fire brick are required.

C-Franklin Crown  
C-Sligo

{ C-Franklin Crown and C-Sligo are made especially for cupolas, cement and lime kilns.

H. & W. Co. Crown  
H. & W. Co. Liner

{ Special brands for bee hive coke ovens.

For standard shapes, see pages 16 and 17



# THE PORTSMOUTH HARBISON-WALKER CO.

## STANDARD SHAPES—FIRE CLAY

Shapes	Page	Brands	Shapes	Page	Brands
9" Straight	26	H. & W. Co. Hearth & Bosh			H. & W. Co. Hearth & Bosh
		H. & W. Co. Inwall			H. & W. Co. Top
		H. & W. Co. Top			H. & W. Co. High Grade
		H. & W. Co. High Grade			H. & W. Co. No. 1
		H. & W. Co. No. 1	9" No. 2 Keys	29	Kentucky Steel
		Kentucky Steel	9" No. 1 Arch	26	R. Jenkins
		Anglo-Saxon	9" No. 2 Arch	27	Franklin Crown
		R. Jenkins			Royal Star
		Franklin Crown			Malleable
		Royal Star			Scioto Star
		Malleable			Sligo
		Scioto Star			
		Sligo			
		Webster	Large 9"	26	
9" No. 1 Keys 13½" Straights	38	Special Silica	Soaps	26	
		H. & W. Co. Hearth & Bosh	No. 1 Splits	27	
		H. & W. Co. Inwall	No. 2 Splits	27	H. & W. Co. High Grade
		H. & W. Co. Top	No. 1 Wedge	28	H. & W. Co. No. 1
		H. & W. Co. High Grade	No. 2 Wedge	28	Franklin Crown
		H. & W. Co. No. 1	No. 3 Key	29	Malleable
		Kentucky Steel	No. 1 Jamb	29	Royal Star
		Anglo-Saxon	Feather Edge	27	Scioto Star
		R. Jenkins	No. 2 Side Skew	30	Sligo
		Franklin Crown	No. 3 Neck	30	
		Royal Star	No. 1 Circle	31	
		Malleable	No. 2 Circle	31	
		Scioto Star	Small 9"	26	
		Sligo			

Other shapes made to order



## THE PORTSMOUTH HARBISON-WALKER CO.

## STANDARD SHAPES—FIRE CLAY—CONTINUED

Shapes	Page	Brands	Shapes	Page	Brands
No. 3 Wedge	28	H. & W. Co. High Grade H. & W. Co. No. 1	No. 1 Cupola	31	C.-Franklin Crown C.-Sligo
No. 4 Key	29		No. 2 Cupola	31	
No. 1 Skew	30		No. 3 Cupola	32	
No. 2 Neck	30		No. 4 Cupola	32	
No. 3 Circle	31	Franklin Crown	Hearth Blocks	61	H. & W. Co. Hearth & Bosh
		Malleable	18 x 9 x 4½"		
		Royal Star			
		Scioto Star			
13½" No. 2 Keys	38	Sligo			
		H. & W. Co. Hearth & Bosh	Liner	40	H.-W. Co. Liner
		H. & W. Co. Inwall	Crown	40	H.-W. Co. Crown
		H. & W. Co. Top	Door Block } 5 x 4 x 4"	41	H.-W. Co.
13½" No. 4 Keys	38	Kentucky Steel	Trunnel	..	H.-W. Co.
		Anglo Saxon			
		R. Jenkins			
		H. & W. Co. Hearth & Bosh	12 x 12 x 3"	40	H.-W. Co.
101 Special	33	H. & W. Co. Top	12 x 12 x 4"	40	H.-W. Co.
		Kentucky Steel	2' 8" Fronts	..	H.-W. Co.
		R. Jenkins			
102 Cover	33	H. & W. Co. High Grade	Boiler Tile { 12 x 12 x 2" 15 x 12 x 2" 18 x 12 x 2"	.. .. ..	H.-W. Co. H.-W. Co. H.-W. Co.

Other shapes made to order

## CLEARFIELD FIRE BRICK WORKS

THE trade of the Clearfield Fire Brick Company extends over a wide territory and the brands of brick made are favorably known for steel purposes, malleable iron works, blast furnaces, puddling furnaces, lime kilns, general mill purposes and other places where brick made from high grade clay are required. The clays used are all selected flint clays.

On the following page is a list of brands and standard shapes, giving page of illustration.



## PHILIPSBURG FIRE BRICK WORKS

The Philipsburg Fire Brick Works make the following brands from choice Clearfield County flint clays :

“WIGTON STEEL” which is recognized as a standard brick for general mill work; it is also widely used in pottery kilns, etc.

“HEARTH & BOSH WIGTON,” “INWALL WIGTON,” “TOP WIGTON” which have long been standard brands for blast furnace linings.

### STANDARD SHAPES—FIRE CLAY

Shapes	Page	Brands	Shapes	Page	Brands
9" Straight	26	Wigton Steel	No. 1 Jamb	29	Wigton Steel
	26	Hearth & Bosh	No. 2 Side Skew	30	Wigton Steel
		Wigton	No. 2 Neck	30	Wigton Steel
	26	Inwall Wigton	No. 3 Neck	30	Wigton Steel
	26	Top Wigton			
Large 9"	26	Wigton Steel			
Small 9"	26	Wigton Steel	Boiler Tile { 12 x 12 x 2"	..	(No illustration)
Soap	26	Wigton Steel	{ 15 x 12 x 2"	..	(No illustration)
No. 1 Arch	26	Wigton Steel	{ 18 x 12 x 2"	..	(No illustration)
No. 2 Arch	27	Wigton Steel	Bung Arch	27	Wigton Steel
No. 1 Split	27	Wigton Steel	Featheredge	27	Wigton Steel
No. 2 Split	27	Wigton Steel	Flatback Arch	33	Wigton Steel
No. 1 Wedge	28	Wigton Steel	Flatback Straight	33	Wigton Steel
No. 2 Wedge	28	Wigton Steel	13½" Straight	38	Hearth & Bosh
No. 3 Wedge	28	Wigton Steel		38	Wigton
No. 1 Key	29	Wigton Steel		38	Inwall Wigton
	29	Hearth & Bosh		38	Top Wigton
		Wigton		38	Wigton Steel
	29	Inwall Wigton	13½" No. 2 Key	38	Hearth & Bosh
	29	Top Wigton		38	Wigton
No. 2 Key	29	Wigton Steel		38	Inwall Wigton
	29	Hearth & Bosh		38	Top Wigton
		Wigton	13½" No. 4 Key	38	Hearth & Bosh
	29	Top Wigton		38	Wigton
No. 3 Key	29	Wigton Steel		38	Top Wigton
No. 4 Key	29	Wigton Steel	13½" x 4½" x 2½" Straights	35	Wigton Steel

Other shapes made to order

## REESE CLAY AND SILICA BRICK WORKS

THE Isaac Reese & Sons Company has been favorably known to the consumers of fire brick for a long period. The various brands manufactured are made from high grade material, and are standard for general mill work, etc. The REESE brand of Silica Brick has an enviable reputation, backed up by some remarkable records, for Open-Hearth Steel, Continuous Glass Tank and Copper Reverberatory Furnaces.

The tables on pages 22 and 23 show the brands and standard shapes, with page of illustration.

# REESE CLAY AND SILICA BRICK WORKS

## STANDARD SHAPES—FIRE CLAY

Shapes	Page	Brands	Shapes	Page	Brands
9-inch Straight .	26	Phoenix	No. 2 Key .....	29	Phoenix
	26	Wallace		29	Wallace
	26	W. F. B.		29	W. F. B.
Large 9-inch ....	26	Phoenix	No. 3 Key .....	29	Phoenix
	26	Wallace		29	Wallace
Small 9-inch.....	26	Phoenix	No. 4 Key .....	29	Phoenix
	26	Wallace		29	Wallace
Soap.....	26	Phoenix	No. 1 Jamb.....	29	Phoenix
	26	Wallace		29	Wallace
	26	W. F. B.			
Checker.....	26	Phoenix	No. 2 Side Skew..	30	Phoenix
No. 1 Arch.....	26	Phoenix		30	Wallace
	26	Wallace	Featheredge .....	27	Phoenix
	26	W. F. B.			
No. 2 Arch .....	27	Phoenix	No. 2 Neck.....	30	Phoenix
		Wallace		30	Wallace
		W. F. B.			
No. 1 Split .....	27	Phoenix	No. 3 Neck .....	30	Phoenix
		Wallace		30	Wallace
		W. F. B.			
No. 2 Split .....	27	Phoenix	Regenerator Tile		
	27	Wallace	18 x 6 x 3 inch....	44	
	27		20 x 6 x 3 inch....	44	
No. 1 Wedge....	28	Phoenix	22 x 6 x 3 inch....	44	
	28	Wallace	24 x 6 x 3 inch....	44	
	28	W. F. B.	Large 9-inch	28	Phoenix
No. 2 Wedge....	28	Phoenix	No. 1 Wedge }	28	Wallace
	28	Wallace			
	28	W. F. B.	Large 9-inch	28	Phoenix
No. 3 Wedge....	28	Phoenix	No. 2 Wedge }	28	Wallace
	28	Wallace			
No. 1 Key .....	29	Phoenix	Stock Hole .....	32	Phoenix
	29	Wallace			
	29	W. F. B.	Boiler Tile		
			12 x 12 x 2 inch..	00	Not shown
			15 x 12 x 2 inch..	00	
			18 x 12 x 2 inch..	00	

Other shapes made to order



# REESE CLAY AND SILICA BRICK WORKS

## STANDARD SHAPES—SILICA

Shapes	Page	Brands	Shapes	Page	Brands
9-inch Straight ...	26 26	Reese Basic	No. 3 Key .....	29 29	Reese Basic
Large 9-inch.....	26 26	Reese Basic	No. 1 Jamb.....	29	Basic
Small 9-inch .....	26 26	Reese Basic	No. 2 Skew.....	30 30	Reese Basic
Soap .....	26 26	Reese Basic	No. 3 Neck.....	30 30	Reese Basic
No. 1 Arch .....	26 26	Reese Basic	Featheredge .....	27 27	Reese Basic
No. 2 Arch .....	27 27	Reese Basic	12 x 6 x 3-inch Straight.....	35	Reese
No. 1 Split .....	27 27	Reese Basic	12-inch No. 1 R. Wedge .....	34	Reese
No. 2 Split .....	27 27	Reese Basic	12-inch No. 2 R. Wedge .....	34	Reese
No. 1 Wedge.....	28 28	Reese Basic	12 x 9 x 3-inch Large Soap.....	35	Reese
No. 2 Wedge.....	28 28	Reese Basic	12 x 3 x 3-inch Small Soap.....	34	Reese
No. 3 Wedge.....	28 28	Reese Basic	12-inch No. 1 R. Large Wedge Soap.....	34	Reese
Large 9-inch.....	28	Reese	12-inch No. 2 R. Large Wedge Soap.....	34	Reese
No. 1 Wedge ...	28	Basic	12-inch No. 1 Arch	36	Reese
Large 9-inch.....	28	Reese	12-inch No. 1 Key	34	Reese
No. 2 Wedge...	28	Basic	12-inch No. 2 Key	34	Reese
No. 1 Key .....	29 29	Reese Basic			
No. 2 Key.....	29 29	Reese Basic			

Other shapes made to order

## CLINTON COUNTY FIRE BRICK WORKS

CLINTON County Fire Brick Works make the following brands from high grade Clinton County flint clays:

Munro	{ First quality brick for glass works, boiler settings, malleable furnaces, rolling mills, open hearth furnaces, heating furnaces, general mill work, gas plants, cupolas, lime kilns, digesters for paper mills, and for all other work where high grade first quality clay brick are required.
Eureka	{ No. 1 quality brick for use where brick of the highest refractoriness are not required.
Clinton	{ Second quality brick for use in boiler settings, flues, stacks, etc.
Hearth & Bosh Munro Inwall Munro Top Munro	{ Made especially for blast furnace linings.
Alusil	{ First quality brick for the discharge or hot end of rotary kilns.
C-Eureka	{ No. 1 quality brick for feed end of rotary kilns, hoods, etc.

The table on the following page shows the shapes and brands made, with page of illustrations.

# CLINTON COUNTY FIRE BRICK WORKS

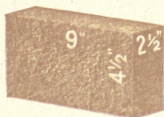
## STANDARD SHAPES—FIRE CLAY

Shapes	Page	Brands	Shapes	Page	Brands
9-inch Straight	26	Munro	No. 3 Neck	30	Munro
	26	Eureka	No. 1 Circle	31	Munro
	26	Clinton	No. 2 Circle	31	Munro
Large 9-inch	26	Munro	No. 3 Circle	31	Munro
	26	Eureka	No. 5 Circle	31	Munro
Small 9-inch	26	Munro	No. 1 Cupola	31	Munro
	26	Eureka	No. 2 Cupola	31	Munro
Soap	26	Clinton	No. 3 Cupola	32	Munro
No. 1 Arch	26	Munro	No. 4 Cupola	32	Munro
	26	Eureka	Stock Hole	32	Munro
	26	Clinton	Boiler Tile		
No. 2 Arch	27	Munro	12 x 12 x 2"		
	27	Eureka	15 x 12 x 2"		
	27	Clinton	18 x 12 x 2"		(No illustration)
No. 1 Split	27	Munro	Rotary Kiln		
	27	Eureka	Shapes		
	27	Clinton	No. 66	45	Alusil
No. 2 Split	27	Munro	No. 72	45	Alusil
	27	Eureka	No. 78	45	Alusil
	27	Clinton	No. 84	45	Alusil
No. 1 Wedge	28	Munro	No. 90	45	Alusil
	28	Eureka	9-inch	26	Hearth &
	28	Clinton	Straights	26	Bosh Munro
No. 2 Wedge	28	Munro		26	Inwall Munro
	28	Eureka		26	Top Munro
	28	Clinton	9-inch No. 1	29	Hearth &
No. 3 Wedge	28	Munro	Keys	29	Bosh Munro
	28	Eureka		29	Inwall Munro
Bung Arch	27	Munro		29	Top Munro
Featheredge	27	Munro	9-inch No. 2	29	Hearth &
No. 1 Key	29	Munro	Keys	29	Bosh Munro
	29	Eureka		29	Top Munro
	29	Clinton	13½-inch	38	Hearth &
No. 2 Key	29	Munro	Straights	38	Bosh Munro
	29	Eureka		38	Inwall Munro
	29	Clinton		38	Top Munro
No. 3 Key	29	Munro	13½-inch No.	38	Hearth &
	29	Eureka	2 Keys	38	Bosh Munro
No. 4 Key	29	Munro		38	Inwall Munro
No. 1 Jamb	29	Munro		38	Top Munro
No. 2 Side Skew	30	Munro	13½-inch No.	38	Hearth &
			4 Keys	38	Bosh Munro
				38	Top Munro

Other shapes made to order

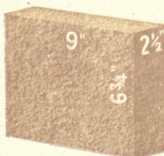
## STANDARD SHAPES

OTHER SHAPES MADE TO ORDER



### 9-INCH STRAIGHT

9 x 4 1/2 x 2 1/2"



### LARGE 9-INCH

9 x 6 3/4 x 2 1/2"



### SMALL 9-INCH

9 x 3 1/2 x 2 1/2"



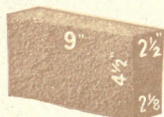
### SOAP

9 x 2 1/4 x 2 1/2"



### CHECKER

9 x 2 3/4 x 2 3/4"



### NO. 1 ARCH

72 Brick to the Circle

4' Inside Diameter

9 x 4 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 2 1/8"

## STANDARD SHAPES



### **No. 2 ARCH**

42 Brick to the Circle

2' Inside Diameter

$9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$ "



### **No. 3 ARCH**

18 Brick to the Circle

6" Inside Diameter

$9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1$ "



### **BUNG ARCH**

$9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{3}{8}$ "



### **No. 1 SPLIT**

$9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$ "



### **No. 2 SPLIT**

$9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2$ "



### **FEATHER-EDGE**

$9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{8}$ "

## STANDARD SHAPES



### NO. 1 WEDGE

102 Brick to the Circle  
5' Inside, 6' 6" Outside Diam.  
 $9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{7}{8}$ "



### NO. 2 WEDGE

63 Brick to the Circle  
2' 6" Inside, 4' Outside Diam.  
 $9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ "



### NO. 3 WEDGE

56 Brick to the Circle  
3' Inside, 4' 6" Outside Diam.  
 $9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 2$ "



### LARGE 9-INCH NO. 1 WEDGE

102 Brick to the Circle  
5' Inside, 6' 6" Outside Diam.  
 $9 \times 6\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{7}{8}$ "



### LARGE 9-INCH NO. 2 WEDGE

63 Brick to the Circle  
2' 6" Inside, 4' Outside Diam.  
 $9 \times 6\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ "



### KEY WEDGE

$9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ "



## STANDARD SHAPES



### NO. 1 KEY

112 Brick to the Circle  
12' Inside, 13' 6" Outside Diam.

$9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "



### NO. 2 KEY

65 Brick to the Circle  
6' Inside, 7' 6" Outside Diam.

$9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "



### NO. 3 KEY

41 Brick to the Circle  
3' Inside, 4' 6" Outside Diam.

$9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "



### NO. 4 KEY

26 Brick to the Circle  
1' 6" Inside, 3' Outside Diam.

$9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "



### NO. 1 JAMB

$9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "

## STANDARD SHAPES



### NO. 1 NECK

$9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{5}{8}$ "



### NO. 2 NECK

$9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{5}{8}$ "



### NO. 3 NECK

$9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{5}{8}$ "



### NO. 1 END SKEW

$9 \times 6\frac{1}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "



### NO. 2 SIDE SKEW

$9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$ "



### NO. 3 EDGE SKEW

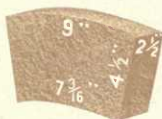
$9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "

## STANDARD SHAPES



### **No. 1 OR 33-INCH CIRCLE BRICK**

12 Brick to the Circle  
24" Inside, 33" Outside Diam.  
 $9 \times 6\frac{9}{16} \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "



### **No. 2 OR 45-INCH CIRCLE BRICK**

14 Brick to the Circle  
36" Inside, 45" Outside Diam.  
 $9 \times 7\frac{3}{16} \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "



### **No. 3 OR 51-INCH CIRCLE BRICK**

18 Brick to the Circle  
42" Inside, 51" Outside Diam.  
 $9 \times 7\frac{7}{16} \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "



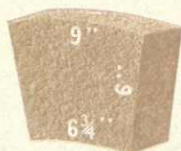
### **No. 5 OR 84-INCH CIRCLE BRICK**

32 Brick to the Circle  
84" Inside, 93" Outside Diam.  
 $9 \times 8\frac{1}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "



### **No. 1 CUPOLA BRICK**

15 Brick to the Circle  
30" Inside, 42" Outside Diam.  
 $9 \times 6\frac{7}{16} \times 6 \times 3$ "  
 $9 \times 6\frac{7}{16} \times 6 \times 4$ "



### **No. 2 CUPOLA BRICK**

17 Brick to the Circle  
36" Inside, 48" Outside Diam.  
 $9 \times 6\frac{3}{4} \times 6 \times 3$ "  
 $9 \times 6\frac{3}{4} \times 6 \times 4$ "

## STANDARD SHAPES



### **No. 3 CUPOLA BRICK**

21 Brick to the Circle  
48" Inside

60" Outside Diameter

$9 \times 7\frac{3}{16} \times 6 \times 3"$

$9 \times 7\frac{3}{16} \times 6 \times 4"$



### **No. 4 CUPOLA BRICK**

25 Brick to the Circle  
60" Inside

72" Outside Diameter

$9 \times 7\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 3"$

$9 \times 7\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 4"$



### **STOCK HOLE TILE**

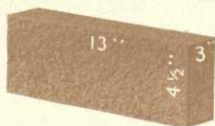
$18 \times 9 \times 4"$



### **BRIDGE BLOCK**

$13 \times 6\frac{1}{2} \times 3"$

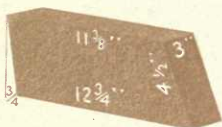
## STANDARD SHAPES



### **No. 101-A SPECIAL COVER**

Used in Malleable Furnaces

$13 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 3$



### **No. 102-A SPECIAL COVER**

Used in Malleable Furnaces

$12\frac{3}{4} \times 11\frac{3}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 3$

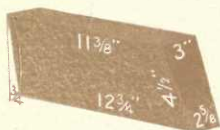


### **No. 103-A SPECIAL ARCH**

Used in Malleable Furnaces

5' 3" Inside Diam.

$13 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 2\frac{5}{8}$

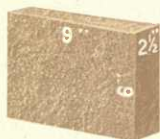


### **No. 104-A SPECIAL ARCH**

Used in Malleable Furnaces

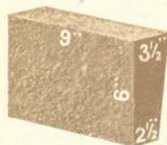
5' 3" Inside Diam.

$12\frac{3}{4} \times 11\frac{3}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 2\frac{5}{8}$



### **POTTERY KILN TILE STRAIGHT FLATBACK**

$9 \times 6 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$



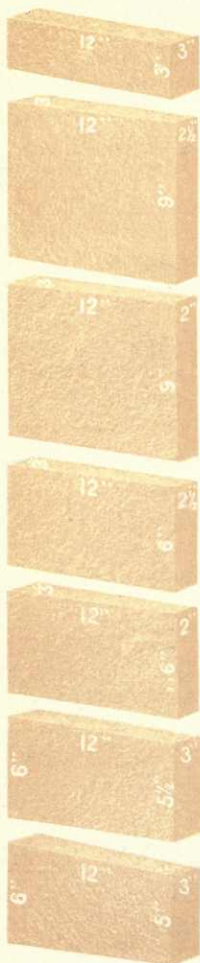
### **FLATBACK ARCH**

$9 \times 6 \times 3\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$

2' 6" Inside Diam.

## STANDARD SHAPES—SILICA

OTHER SHAPES MADE TO ORDER



### 3-INCH SERIES

#### **12 x 3 x 3 INCH SOAP**

#### **12 x 3 INCH No. 1 WEDGE SOAP**

12 x 9 x 3 x 2 1/2"

10' Inside Diameter

#### **12 x 3 INCH No. 2 WEDGE SOAP**

12 x 9 x 3 x 2"

4' Inside Diameter

#### **12 x 3 INCH No. 1 WEDGE**

12 x 6 x 3 x 2 1/2"

10' Inside Diameter

#### **12 x 3 INCH No. 2 WEDGE**

12 x 6 x 3 x 2"

4' Inside Diameter

#### **12-INCH No. 1 KEY**

12 x 6 x 5 1/2 x 3"

22' Inside Diameter

#### **12-INCH No. 2 KEY**

12 x 6 x 5 x 3"

10' Inside Diameter

See 2 1/2-Inch series, pages 35 and 36

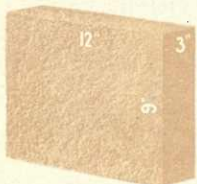


STANDARD SHAPES—SILICA



**3-INCH SERIES—CONTINUED**

**12x6x3 INCH STRAIGHT**



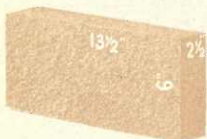
**12x9x3 INCH SOAP**



**2 1/2-INCH SERIES**

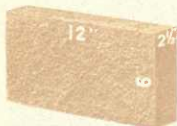
**13 1/2-INCH BINDER BRICK**

$13\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{2}"$



**13 1/2-INCH STRAIGHT**

$13\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 2\frac{1}{2}"$



**12x6x2 1/2 INCH STRAIGHT**



**12x2 1/2 INCH NO. 1 WEDGE**

$12 \times 6 \times 2\frac{1}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{2}"$

24' Inside Diameter

State whether **2 1/2** or **3-inch** series is  
desired

## STANDARD SHAPES—SILICA



### 2½ -INCH SERIES—CONT.

#### **12x2½ INCH No. 2 WEDGE**

12' Inside Diameter

12 x 6 x 2⅞ x 2½"

#### **12x9x2½ INCH SOAP**

#### **12x2½ INCH No. 1 WEDGE SOAP**

12 x 9 x 2⅞ x 2½"

24' Inside Diameter

#### **12x2½ INCH No. 2 WEDGE SOAP**

12 x 9 x 2⅞ x 2½"

12' Inside Diameter

#### **12-INCH No. 1 ARCH**

75 Brick to the Circle

5' Inside, 6' Outside Diam.

12 x 6 x 3 x 2½"

#### **12-INCH No. 2 ARCH**

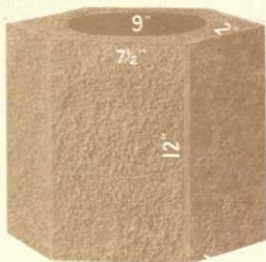
75 Brick to the Circle

4' Inside, 5' Outside Diam.

12 x 6 x 2½ x 2"

See 3-inch series, pages 34 and 35

## HEXAGON STOVE SHAPES



### 12x13 INCH HEXAGON

9" Diameter Flue

12 x 7½ x 9"



### 6x13 INCH HEXAGON

For Breaking Joints

6 x 7½ x 9"



### 6x13 INCH HEXAGON

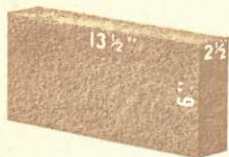
For Finishing Top

6 x 7½ x 9"

Typical of many shapes made—  
shapes for special stoves shown  
with cuts of stoves.

See pages 62 to 75 inclusive

# BLAST FURNACE LINING BRICK STANDARD SHAPES



## 13 1/2-INCH STRAIGHT

13 1/2 x 6 x 2 1/2"



## 13 1/2-INCH No. 2 KEY

90 Brick to the Circle

12' Inside Diameter

13 1/2 x 6 x 5 x 2 1/2"

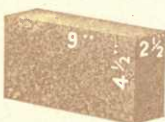


## 13 1/2-INCH No. 4 KEY

52 Brick to the Circle

6' Inside Diameter

13 1/2 x 6 x 4 3/8 x 2 1/2"



## 9-INCH STRAIGHT

9 x 4 1/2 x 2 1/2"



## 9-INCH No. 1 KEY

112 Brick to the Circle

12' Inside Diameter

9 x 4 1/2 x 4 x 2 1/2"



## 9-INCH No. 2 KEY

65 Brick to the Circle

6' Inside Diameter

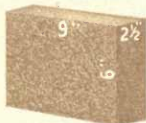
9 x 4 1/2 x 3 1/2 x 2 1/2"

## BLAST FURNACE LINING BRICK STANDARD SHAPES



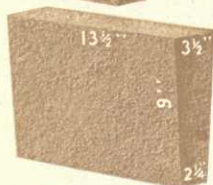
### 9 x 6 INCH KEY

For 12' Circle  
85 Brick to the Circle  
 $9 \times 6 \times 5\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "



### 9 x 6 INCH STRAIGHT

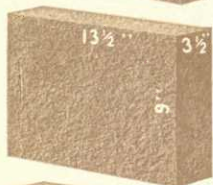
For enlarging above circles  
 $9 \times 6 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "



### BLAST FURNACE ARCH BRICK FOR GAS FLUES

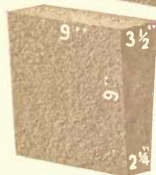
#### 13 1/2 x 9 INCH ARCH

For 3, 4 and 5' Inside Diameter  
For 3'— $13\frac{1}{2} \times 9 \times 3\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$ "  
For 4'— $13\frac{1}{2} \times 9 \times 3\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{3}{8}$ "  
For 5'— $13\frac{1}{2} \times 9 \times 3\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{8}$ "



#### 13 1/2 x 9 INCH STRAIGHT

For enlarging above circles  
 $13\frac{1}{2} \times 9 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ "



#### 9 x 9 INCH ARCH

For 3, 4 and 5' Inside Diameter  
For 3'— $9 \times 9 \times 3\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$ "  
For 4'— $9 \times 9 \times 3\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{3}{8}$ "  
For 5'— $9 \times 9 \times 3\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{8}$ "



#### 9 x 9 INCH STRAIGHT

For enlarging above circles  
 $9 \times 9 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ "

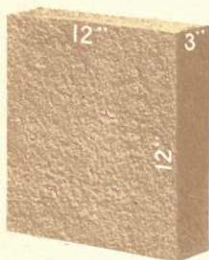
## COKE OVEN SHAPES



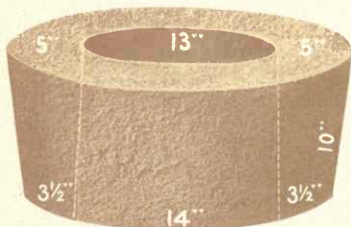
**H.-W.**  
**CROWN BRICK**  
 $9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{6} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$ "



**H.-W.**  
**LINER BRICK**  
 $9 \times 4\frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "



**BOTTOM TILE**  
**No. 14**  
 $12 \times 12 \times 3$ "  
also  
 $12 \times 12 \times 4$ "



**TRUNNEL HEAD**  
**No. 42**  
 $23 \times 21 \times 10 \times 13 \times 14$ "



## COKE OVEN SHAPES



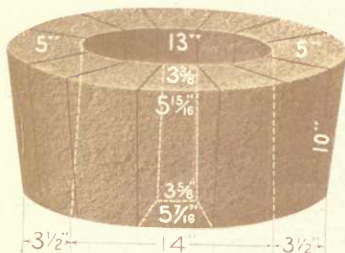
**DOOR BLOCK**

5 x 4 x 4"



**CROWN SOAP**

9 x 2 $\frac{1}{4}$  x 2 $\frac{1}{4}$  x 2 $\frac{1}{4}$  x 2 $\frac{1}{32}$ "



**SHAPE No. 66 OR  
12-PIECE TRUNNEL**

23 x 21 x 10 x 13 x 14"

12-Piece Section

10 x 3 $\frac{3}{8}$  x 5 $\frac{1}{16}$  and 3 $\frac{5}{8}$  x 5 $\frac{7}{16}$ "



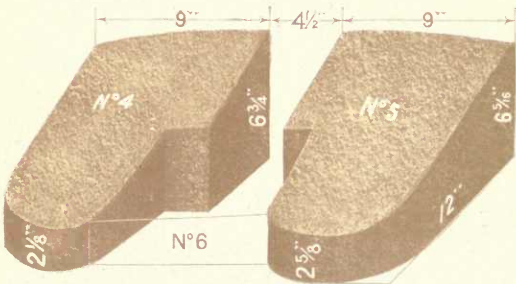
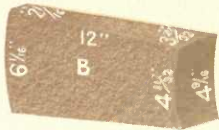
**RING**

Either in 4 Sections or  
1 Piece

24 x 8 with 12" hole

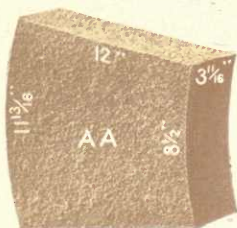
See pages 76 to 91 inclusive  
for coke oven plans

SIEMENS STEEL FURNACE BLOCKS  
IN WOODLAND BRAND AND SILICA

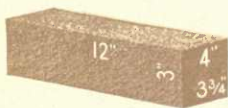


See pages 100 to 104 inclusive for plans of crucible furnaces

## SIEMENS STEEL FURNACE BLOCKS IN WOODLAND BRAND AND SILICA



## SIEMENS STEEL FURNACE COVER BRICK MADE IN FIRE CLAY ONLY



### BEVEL COVER

12 x 4 x 3 3/4 x 3"



### SQUARE COVER

12 x 4 x 3"



### ARCH COVER

12 x 4 x 3 x 2 1/2"



### SPECIAL COVER

12 x 4 1/2 x 3 x 2 1/2"



### No. 2

11 3/8 x 4 1/2 x 3 x 2 1/2"

## REGENERATOR TILE AND BRICK



The following sizes are kept in stock:

16 x 6 x 3

21 x 6 x 3

24 x 9 x 3

18 x 6 x 3

22 x 6 x 3

26 x 9 x 3

20 x 6 x 3

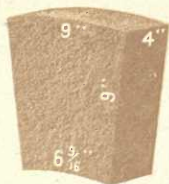
24 x 6 x 3

All other sizes made to order.



REGENERATOR OR CHECKER BRICK

# SHAPES FOR ROTARY KILNS



## 9-INCH ROTARY KILN BLOCKS

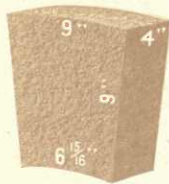
### No. 66

23 Brick to the Circle  
66" Outside Diameter  
H-W SPECIAL ALUMINOUS  
ALUSIL  
 $9 \times 9 \times 6\frac{9}{16} \times 4"$



### No. 72

26 Brick to the Circle  
72" Outside Diameter  
H-W SPECIAL ALUMINOUS  
ALUSIL  
 $9 \times 9 \times 6\frac{3}{4} \times 4"$



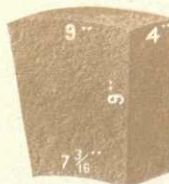
### No. 78

28 Brick to the Circle  
78" Outside Diameter  
H-W SPECIAL ALUMINOUS  
ALUSIL  
 $9 \times 9 \times 6\frac{15}{16} \times 4"$



### No. 84

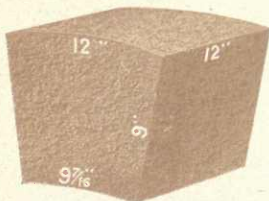
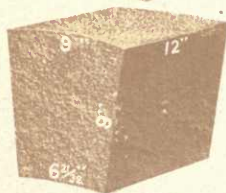
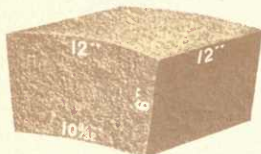
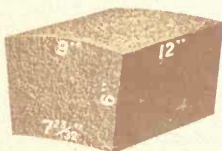
30 Brick to the Circle  
84" Outside Diameter  
H-W SPECIAL ALUMINOUS  
ALUSIL  
 $9 \times 9 \times 7\frac{1}{16} \times 4"$



### No. 90

31 Brick to the Circle  
90" Outside Diameter  
H-W SPECIAL ALUMINOUS  
ALUSIL  
 $9 \times 9 \times 7\frac{3}{16} \times 4"$

## SHAPES FOR ROTARY KILNS



### No. 12

60" Outside Diameter  
21 to a Circle

H.-W. Special Aluminous  
Alusil

9 x 6 x 7 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>16</sub> x 4"

### No. 13

72" Outside Diameter  
25 to a Circle

H.-W. Special Aluminous  
Alusil

9 x 6 x 7 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> x 4"

### No. 14

84" Outside Diameter  
30 to a Circle

H.-W. Special Aluminous  
Alusil

9 x 6 x 7 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>16</sub> x 12"

### No. 15

84" Outside Diameter  
22 to a Circle

H.-W. Special Aluminous  
Alusil

12 x 6 x 10 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>32</sub> x 12"

### No. 16

84" Outside Diameter  
30 to a Circle

H.-W. Special Aluminous  
Alusil

9 x 9 x 6 <sup>21</sup>/<sub>32</sub> x 12"

### No. 17

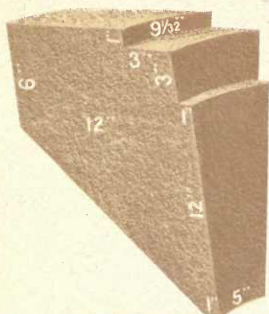
84" Outside Diameter  
22 to a Circle

H.-W. Special Aluminous  
Alusil

12 x 9 x 9 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>16</sub> x 12"



## SHAPES FOR ROTARY KILNS



**No. 18**

### **FEED END BLOCK**

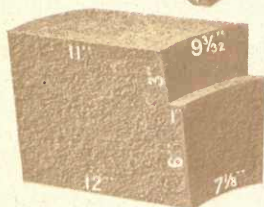
72" Outside Diameter

25 to a Circle

C. Tyrone

C. Eureka

12 x 12 x 6 x 1 x 9  $\frac{1}{2}$  x 5"



**No. 19**

### **DISCHARGE END BLOCK**

84" Outside Diameter

29 to a Circle

H.-W. Special Aluminous

Alusil

11 x 9 x 12 x 9  $\frac{3}{16}$  x 7  $\frac{1}{8}$ "



**No. 20**

### **CEMENT KILN SHAPE**

32" Inside Diameter

29 to a Circle

12 x 4 x 4  $\frac{1}{2}$  x 3  $\frac{1}{2}$ "



**No. 21**

### **CEMENT KILN SHAPE**

5' 4" Inside Diameter

51 to a Circle

12 x 4 x 4  $\frac{1}{2}$  x 4"



**No. 22**

### **CEMENT KILN SHAPE**

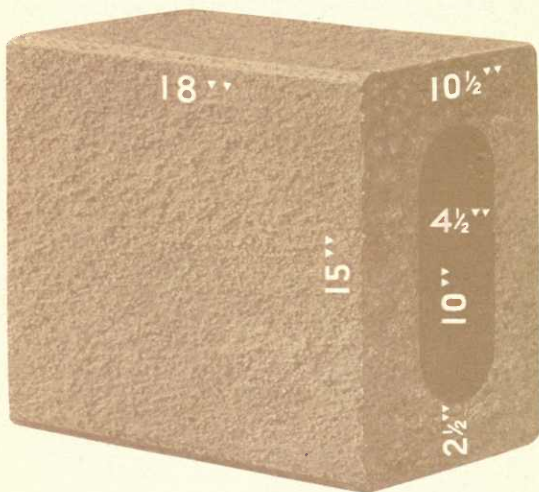
8' 0" Inside Diameter

76 to a Circle

12 x 6 x 4  $\frac{1}{2}$  x 4"

Any shapes desired will be made  
to order

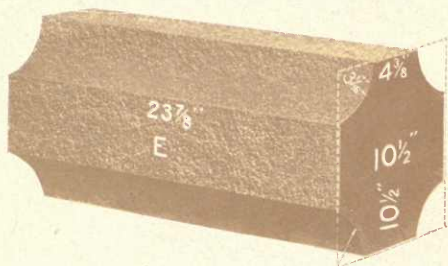
## RECUPERATOR FLUE BRICK



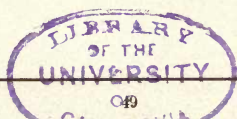
Shapes similar to the above cut are largely used in various kinds of gas, melting and heating furnaces and recuperators, where a high grade of brick is required.

We are well equipped for doing such work, and where a large quantity are needed can get them out in the best possible shape and at a reasonable cost.

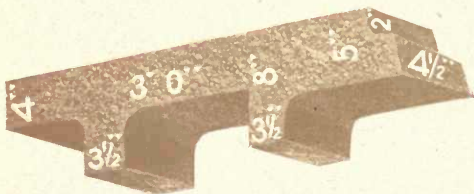
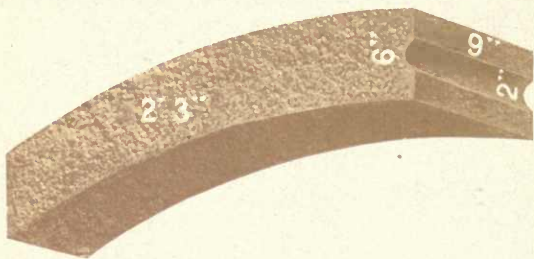
## SHAPES FOR CONVERTER BOTTOMS



We illustrate above several shapes for converter bottoms; other shapes will be made to order.



## TYPICAL LOCOMOTIVE FIRE BRICK



All types of locomotive tile made to order.

We furnish locomotive tile to many of the largest and most important railway systems in the country, having a total mileage of more than forty thousand miles.

## CHROME SHAPES



### STRAIGHT, STANDARD SIZE

H.-W. R. Co.

$8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "



### NO. 1 WEDGE, STANDARD SIZE

H.-W. R. Co.

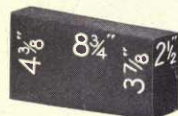
$8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{7}{8}$ "



### NO. 2 WEDGE, STANDARD SIZE

H.-W. R. Co.

$8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ "



### NO. 1 KEY, STANDARD SIZE

H.-W. R. Co.

$8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8} \times 3\frac{7}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "



### NO. 2 KEY, STANDARD SIZE

H.-W. R. Co.

$8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8} \times 3\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "

THE shapes shown will generally answer all purposes for which chrome brick are required.

OTHER SHAPES WILL BE MADE TO ORDER.

## MAGNESIA SHAPES



### STRAIGHT, STANDARD SIZE

H.-W. R. Co.

$8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{3}{8}$ "



### NO. 1 ARCH, STANDARD SIZE

75 Brick to the Circle

3' 10" Inside Diameter

H.-W. R. Co.

$8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{3}{8} \times 2$ "



### NO. 2 ARCH, STANDARD SIZE

54 Brick to the Circle

1' 7" Inside Diameter

H.-W. R. Co.

$8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{3}{8} \times 1\frac{5}{8}$ "



### NO. 3 ARCH, STANDARD SIZE

H.-W. R. Co.

$8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{7}{8}$ "



### NO. 1 WEDGE, STANDARD SIZE

H.-W. R. Co.

$8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{3}{8} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$ "



## MAGNESIA SHAPES



### NO. 2 WEDGE, STANDARD SIZE

57 Brick to the Circle

2' Inside Diameter

H.-W. R. Co.

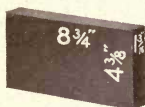
$8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{3}{8}$  inches



### SOAP, STANDARD SIZE

H.-W. R. Co.

$8\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{3}{8}$  inches



### SPLIT, STANDARD SIZE

H.-W. R. Co.

$8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8} \times 1\frac{3}{8}$  inches



### NO. 1 KEY, STANDARD SIZE

110 Brick to the Circle

11' 3" Inside Diameter

H.-W. R. Co.

$8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8} \times 3\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{3}{8}$  inches



### NO. 2 KEY, STANDARD SIZE

H.-W. R. Co.

$8\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8} \times 3\frac{3}{8} \times 2\frac{3}{8}$  inches

Other shapes made to order

## BLAST FURNACE LININGS

WE have been making blast furnace linings for the last thirty-eight years, and have made more than 90 per cent. of all the linings used in the United States. Our linings have been used under every imaginable condition, under hundreds of different managers, in all types of furnaces, and with all classes of ore and fuel.

In addition to furnishing hundreds of linings for large modern furnaces running on lake ores and Connellsville coke, many linings have been supplied to smaller furnaces burdened with magnetite, limonite, brown zincy, cornwall, manganese and zinc residuum ores; and fuels such as high sulphur coke, anthracite and charcoal, which create conditions that are very hard on furnace linings.

We have been as successful in meeting the peculiar conditions under which many of these furnaces are operated as in the large modern furnaces in the Pittsburgh district running entirely on Bessemer iron.

In addition to the name of the brand, all of our blast furnace brick are now branded "HEARTH & BOSH," "INWALL" or "TOP." This is done to make it certain that the brick will be put into that part of the furnace for which they were made.

In order to get uniformly satisfactory results about a furnace, it is of great importance that the brick used for lining downcomers and flues be able to resist the cutting action of strong blasts charged with ore dust and cutting particles of coke. "PIPE BENEZET" and "PIPE WOODLAND" brick are made especially for this purpose and give good results.

Modern blast furnace practice, with closed tops, skip hoist, revolving tops and high-pressure blast, makes it more essential than ever before to use only the best blast furnace brick that can be manufactured. For thirty-eight years this branch of our business has received special attention, with the result that the records of tonnage made with our linings are not approached by the linings of any of our competitors. Some of these records are shown on pages 56 to 59 inclusive. The cut on page 60 shows 9-inch and 13½-inch brick as laid in a furnace wall.

## BOTTOM BLOCKS

THE cuts on page 61 show the bottom blocks used at the present time. All blocks are rectangular, true to shape and form, close in bond, and made under heavy pressure.

All brands made of Pennsylvania clays are 18 x 12 x 8 inches. The Portsmouth Harbison-Walker brands are 18 x 9 x 4½ inches.

# SOME RECORD AND GOOD RUNS "BENEZET" AND "WOODLAND" LININGS PITTSBURGH DISTRICT AND VALLEYS

Size of Furnace	Product and Tonnage	Period in Blast	Lining
22 x 100	1,287,381	.....	Benezet
22 x 100	1,097,314	.....	Benezet
22 x 100	1,134,382	.....	Benezet
22 x 100	950,774	.....	Benezet
20 x 80	Bessemer, 1,296,192	.....	Benezet
20 x 80	{ Bessemer, 858,160	.....	Benezet
	{ Spiegel, 18,065	.....	Benezet
	{ Ferro, 19,635	.....	Benezet
	Total 895,860		
20 x 90	Bessemer, 942,365	.....	Benezet
20 x 90	Bessemer, 870,255	.....	Benezet
20 x 90	Bessemer, 635,741	.....	Benezet
20 x 80	Bessemer, 632,669	.....	Benezet
20 x 80	Bessemer, 608,103	.....	Benezet
20 x 80	Bessemer, 580,060	.....	Benezet
20 x 80	Bessemer, 793,892	.....	Benezet
20 x 80	Bessemer, 600,957	.....	Benezet
20 x 80	Bessemer, 596,491	.....	Benezet
20 x 80	{ Mill iron, 380,000		
	{ Bessemer, 117,000		
	{ Spiegel, 25,000		
	Total, 522,000	6 yrs. 1 mo.	Benezet
20 x 80	Bess'r and Mill 550,000	6 yrs. 1 mo.	Benezet
18 x 78	327,000	5 yrs. 7 mos.	Benezet
23 x 105 $\frac{2}{3}$	{ 572,000	3 yrs. 3 mos.	
	{ 565,000	3 yrs. 4 mos.	
20 x 80	Bessemer, 520,356	.....	Woodland
20 x 80	{ Bess'r, 322,617		
	{ Ferro, 5,026		
	{ Spiegel, 36,503		
	{ Ferro Sil., 688		
	Total, 364,834	.....	Woodland

## OTHER DISTRICTS

18 x 74'	Foundry, 152,462	3 yrs.	Woodland
16 x 76' 10"	Foundry, 235,000	4 yrs. 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ mos.	Woodland
16 x 63' 10"	Foundry, 202,354	3 yrs. 10 mos.	Woodland
15 x 66' 9"	Foundry, 196,392	5 yrs. 3 mos.	Woodland
16 x 63' 10"	F'dry & Bess'r 306,290	5 yrs. 3 mos.	Woodland
17 x 83'	Foundry, 275,000	3 yrs. 6 mos.	Woodland
18'6" x 91'	Bess'r, over 700,000	4 yrs. 6 mos.	Benezet

Fifty-three (53) of our best records show a production of 34,519,189 tons of iron, an average of 651,305 tons per lining.

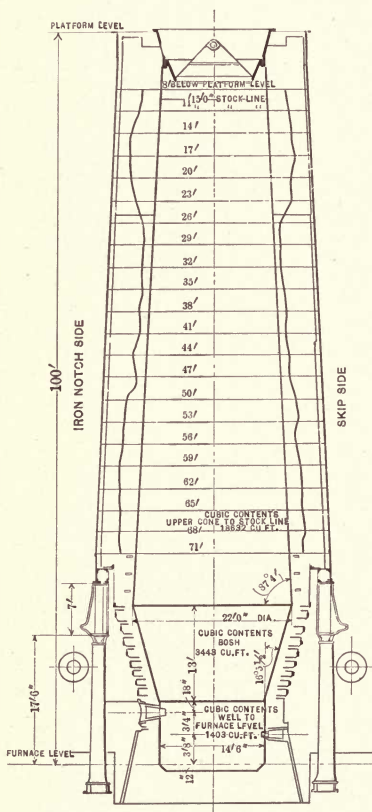
# SOME RECENT RECORD AND GOOD RUNS

District	Size of Furnace	Product and Tonnage	Period in Blast	Lin- ings
Chicago	17' 6" x 80' 0"	Bessemer 1,250,000	8 years	P-Ky
Chicago	18' 6" x 78' 0"	Foundry 521,168	7 yrs. 3 mos. 11 days	Woodland
Pittsburgh	22' 0" x 100' 0"	Bessemer and basic 935,000	5 years	Benezet
Pittsburgh	22' 0" x 100' 0"	Basic 931,026	5 years	Benezet
Pittsburgh	22' 0" x 100' 0"	Basic 1,202,056	7 yrs. 11 mos. 9 days	Benezet
Pittsburgh	22' 0" x 100' 0"	Basic 1,023,000	7 years	Benezet
Pittsburgh	14' 0" x 76' 0"	Bessemer 770,000	9 yrs. 2 mos.	Benezet
Pittsburgh	23' 0" x 100' 0"	Bessemer over 900,000	4 yrs. 4 mos.	Benezet
Pittsburgh	21' 0" x 90' 0"	Bessemer 668,000	5 yrs. 2 mos.	Benezet
Pittsburgh	23' 0" x 100' 0"	Bessemer 902,900	4 yrs. 3 mos. 2 days	Benezet
Pittsburgh	19' 6" x 93' 0"	Bessemer and Spiegel 369,197	5 yrs. 4 mos.	Woodland
Pittsburgh	19' 6" x 93' 0"	Bessemer 520,000	6 yrs. 9 mos.	Woodland
Pittsburgh	20' 0" x 96' 0"	Bessemer 850,000	6 yrs. 6 mos.	Cld
Pittsburgh	23' 0" x 100' 0"	Bessemer 1,327,000	6 yrs. 8 mos.	Benezet
Wheeling	19' 0" x 75' 2"	Bessemer over 600,000	6 years	Benezet
Wheeling	17' 0" x 75' 0"	Bessemer 600,000	7 years	Benezet
Wheeling	21' 6" x 106' 9"	Bessemer over 500,000	4 yrs. 5 mos.	Benezet
*Wheeling	23' 0" x 103' 4"	Bessemer 453,240	5 years	Benezet
*Valleys	23' 0" x 106' 6"	Bessemer 800,000	5 yrs. (nearly)	Benezet
*Valleys	23' 0" x 106' 6"	Bessemer 600,000	4 years	Benezet
Valleys	19' 0" x 80' 0"	Bessemer and basic 411,381	4 yrs. 11 mos.	Benezet
Valleys	16' 5" x 75' 0"	Bessemer 229,008	5 yrs. 8 mos. 28 days	Benezet
Valleys	14' 1" x 64' 0"	Bessemer 400,000	4 years	Benezet
Valleys	20' 0" x 97' 0"	Bessemer 900,000	4 years	Cld
Valleys	20' 0" x 96' 0"	Bessemer 827,000	6 yrs. 2 mos.	Cld
Valleys	19' 0" x 77' 0"	Foundry 709,717	6 yrs. 5 mos.	Woodland
Eastern Pa.	18' 0" x 70' 0"	Basic 220,000	5 years	Woodland
Eastern Pa.	18' 0" x 70' 0"	Basic 180,283	3 yrs. 8 mos. 7 days	Woodland
Eastern Pa.	17' 6" x 76' 0"	Foundry and basic 219,910	5 years	Woodland
†Virginia	17' 0" x 75' 0"	Foundry over 200,000	3 yrs. 2 mos.	Woodland
*Canada	15' 6" x 80' 0"	Basic 170,000		Woodland
Alabama	17' 0" x 76' 0"	Foundry 254,356	3 yrs. 7 mos. 20 days	P-Ky

\* Still running.

† Best record ever made in Virginia.

# JONES & LAUGHLIN STEEL CO. ELIZA FURNACE NO. 4



The irregular lines shown on this page and page 59 are an exact reproduction of the lines of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company's Eliza Furnace No. 4, after a run of 1,202,056 tons. On account of remodeling the works, the furnace had to be dismantled, but the condition of the lining was such as to indicate that the tonnage might have been doubled, had it not been necessary to dismantle the furnace for reasons independent of the condition of the lining.



## JONES & LAUGHLIN STEEL CO. ELIZA FURNACE NO. 4

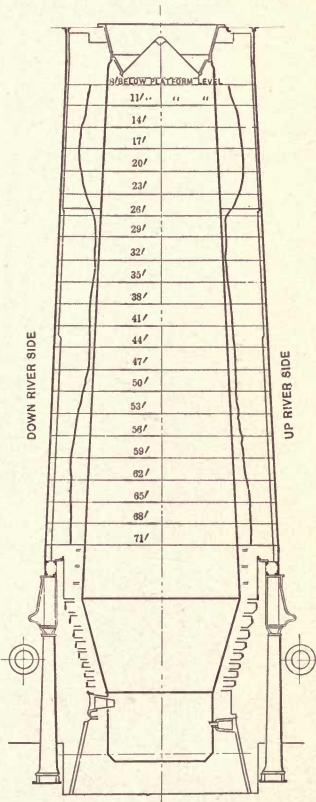
The irregular lines on this page and page 58 are an exact reproduction of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company's Eliza Furnace No. 4, after a run of 1,202,056 tons.

No. 1 Furnace of Jones & Laughlin on last run, without patching, made 931,026 tons of pig iron. She was then patched for 10 feet above the mantel, and has since produced 99,163 tons of pig iron, and at the present time is still on.

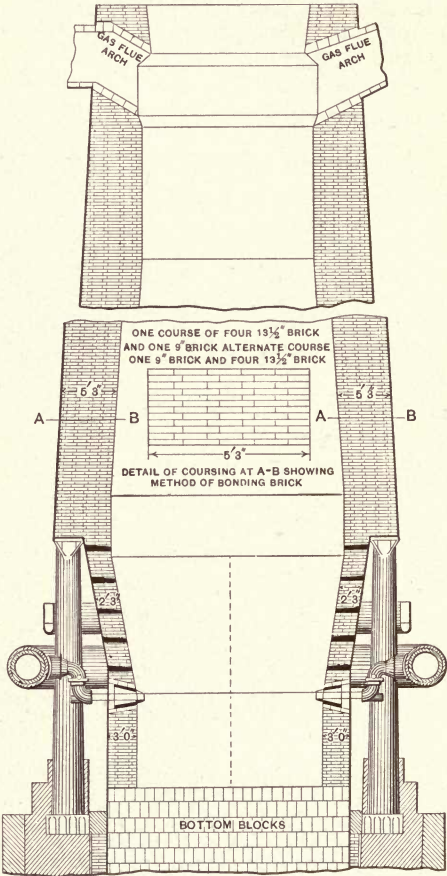
No. 2 Furnace on last run made 733,163 tons.

No. 3 Furnace on last run made 1,023,107 tons of pig iron without any repairs. A new bosh was then put in her, but no repairing above the mantel, since which time she has made 78,398 tons of pig iron, and is still running.

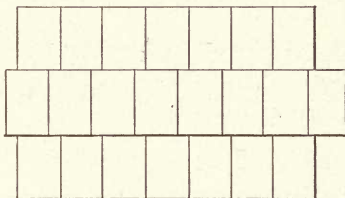
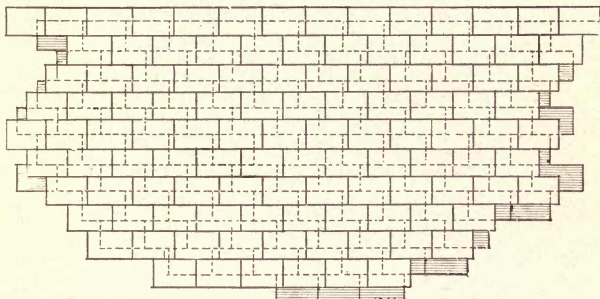
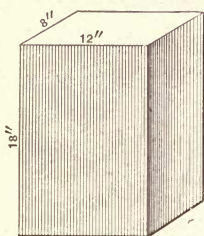
This, in connection with the remarkable run on No. 4, shows the good results BENEZET brick are giving at Jones & Laughlin's Eliza Furnaces.



MODERN BLAST FURNACE



## FURNACE BOTTOM BLOCKS



Above cuts show method of setting blocks and breaking joints in construction of furnace hearth.

See page 55 for description of blocks and page 135 for number required for different diameters.

## BLAST FURNACE STOVE BRICK

**B**LAST furnace stove brick are only second in importance to the furnace lining, for the reason that it is not as costly to cut a stove out for repairs as to shut down a furnace for a new lining; but, owing to the heavy burden carried and the disintegrating tendency of hot gases constantly varying in temperature, the difficulties to contend with in making a good stove brick are equal, though different, to those met with in making a good lining.

The essential qualities in blast furnace stove brick are, capacity to absorb heat readily from the combustion of waste furnace gases, readiness to give off this heat rapidly to the air that is blown into the stove, and strength of bond between the particles of fire clay to resist the disintegrating action of the hot gases. These qualities can only be obtained by making the brick of high grade fire clay that will stand sufficient heat to bond thoroughly without vitrifying. In service, although stove brick are not subjected to the intense heat of the melting zone of the blast furnace, the weight carried and the long continued heat are apt to cause a gradual fusing, unless high grade clay with a

liberal margin of refractoriness is used in making the brick. Glazed or vitrified brick will neither absorb nor give off heat as rapidly as porous or non-vitrified material. If brick are made of sufficiently refractory clay, but not well bonded, or made by any modification of the dry process, and are not well burned, they are apt to disintegrate.

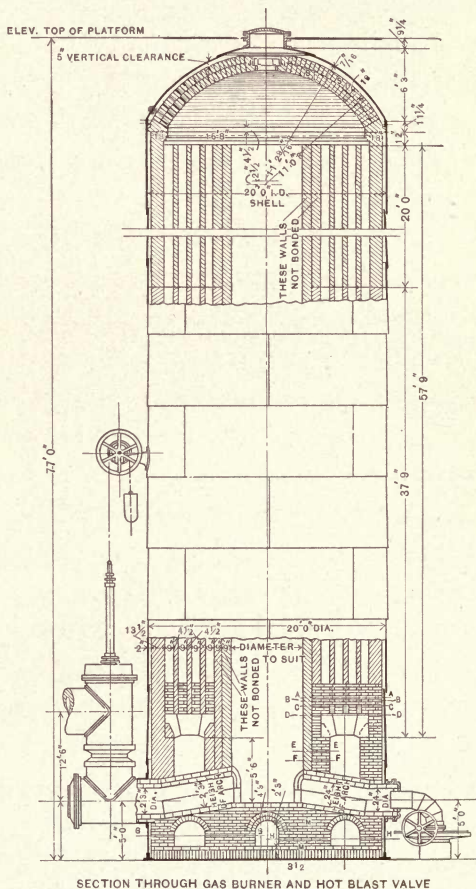
Through lack of attention to the above requirements, we have been called upon several times to replace stove linings in less than one year from date of construction. Records and non-vitrified bats from old stove linings show that our stove lining brick are perfectly adapted to the service required.

In connection with illustrations of typical stoves in use, a cut of the special shape used in each of several types is shown; these, and all similar shapes for stoves, are made from good clay, burned at a high temperature in order to enable the brick to resist the disintegrating action of the hot gases.

For cuts of stoves in general use, see pages 64 to 75 inclusive.

## JULIAN KENNEDY STOVE

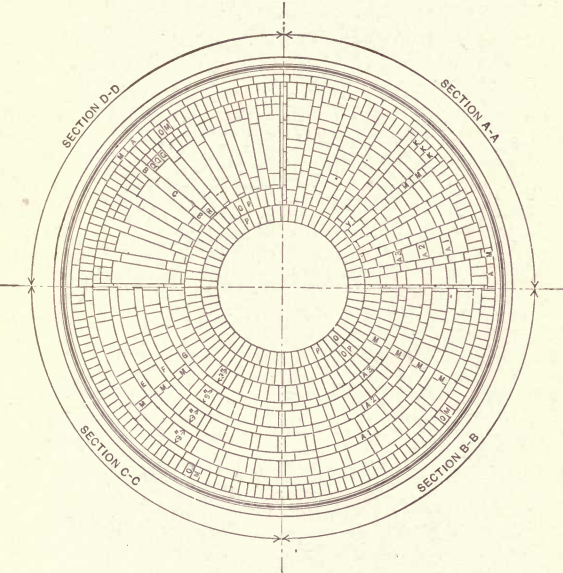
Julian Kennedy, Pittsburgh, Pa., Engineer





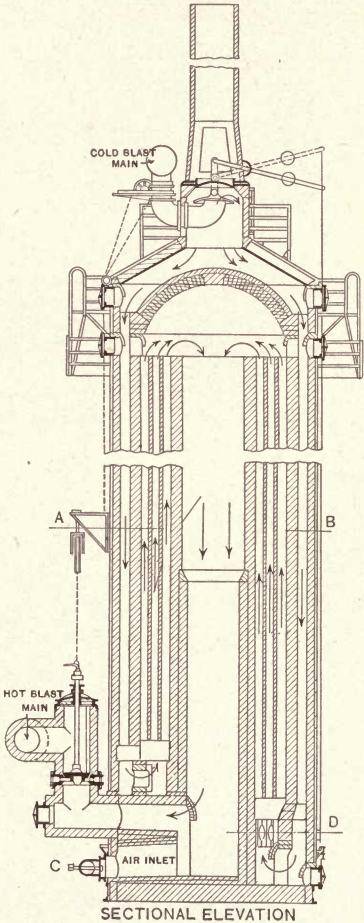
JULIAN KENNEDY STOVE

Julian Kennedy, Pittsburgh, Pa., Engineer .



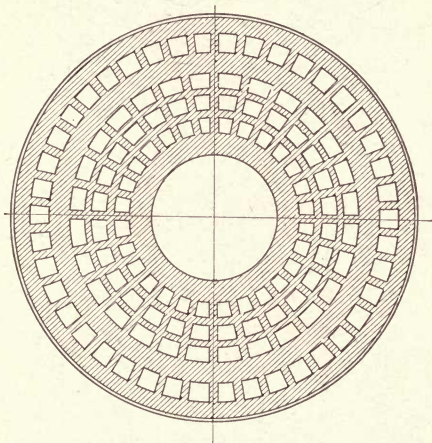
McCLURE PATENT STOVE

G. W. McClure, Son & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., Engineers

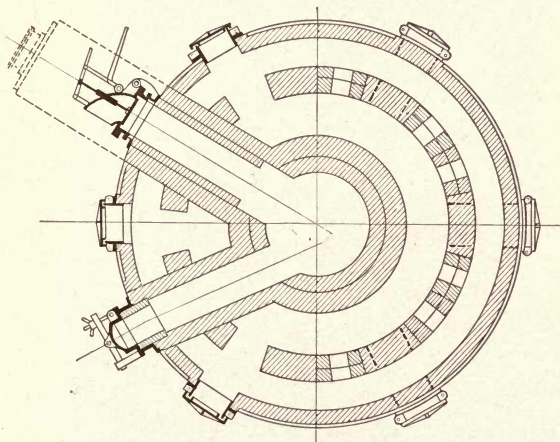


## McCLURE PATENT STOVE

G. W. McClure, Son & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., Engineers



Section Through A B



Section Through C D

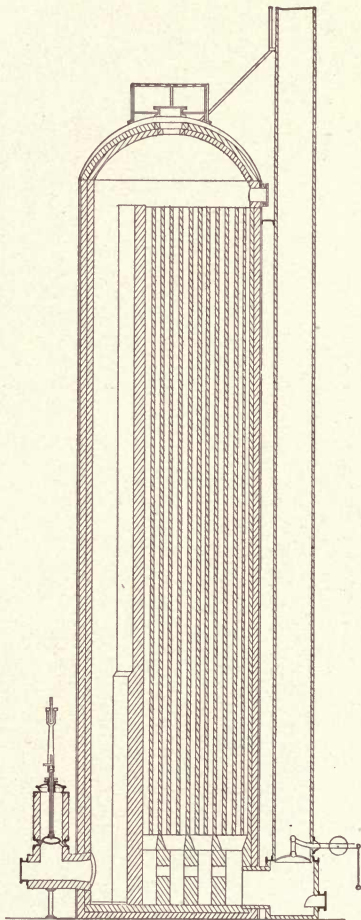






## FOOTE PATENT STOVE

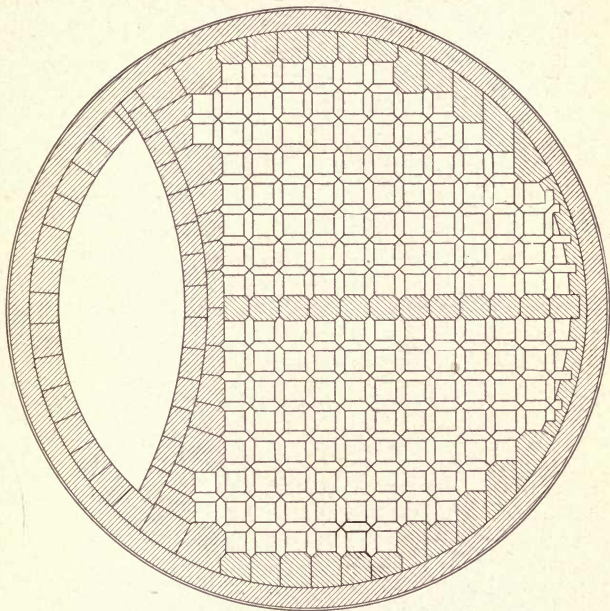
D. Lamond & Son, Ferguson Block, Pittsburgh, Pa., Engineers



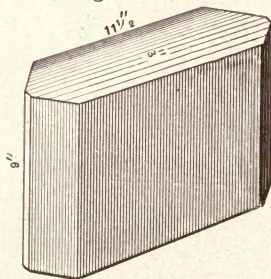


## FOOTE STOVE

D. Lamond & Son, Ferguson Block, Pittsburgh, Pa., Engineers



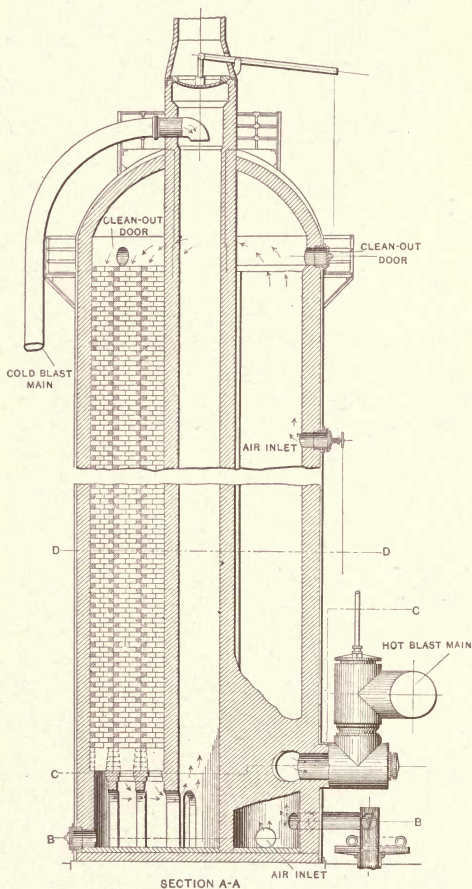
Enlarged Cross Section



Checker Brick

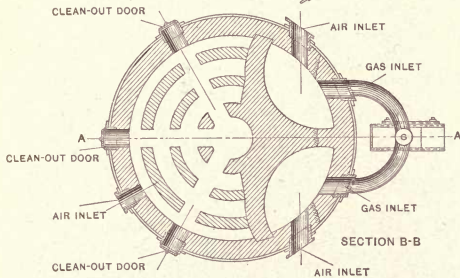
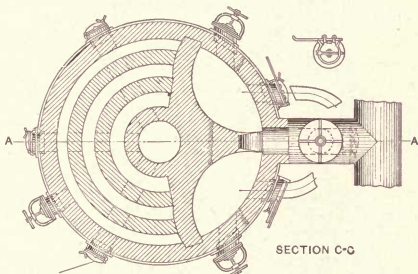
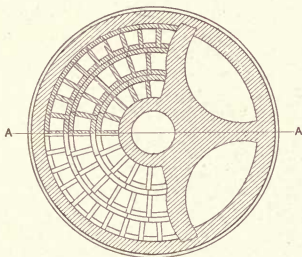
## HOT BLAST STOVE

J. W. Calder, Pittsburgh, Pa.



# HOT BLAST STOVE

J. W. Calder, Pittsburgh, Pa.

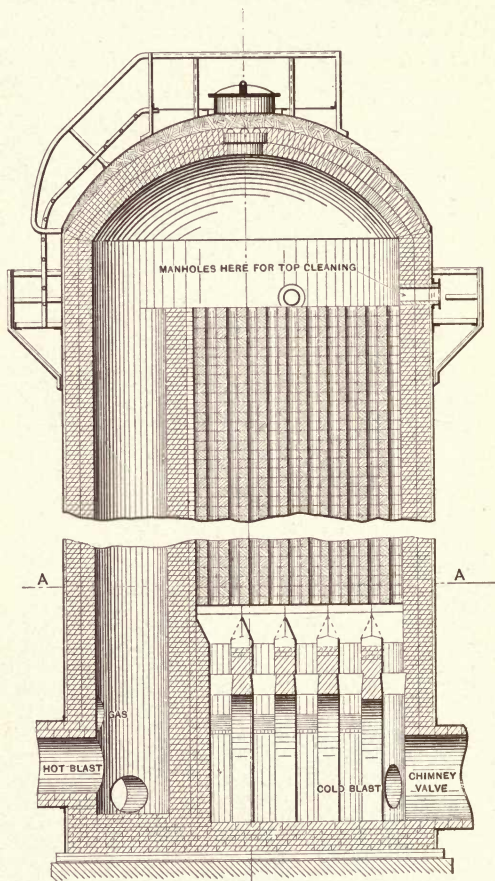


NOTE:

MADE OF 9" & 13 1/2" BRICK

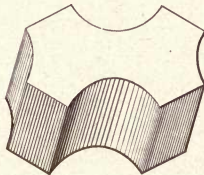
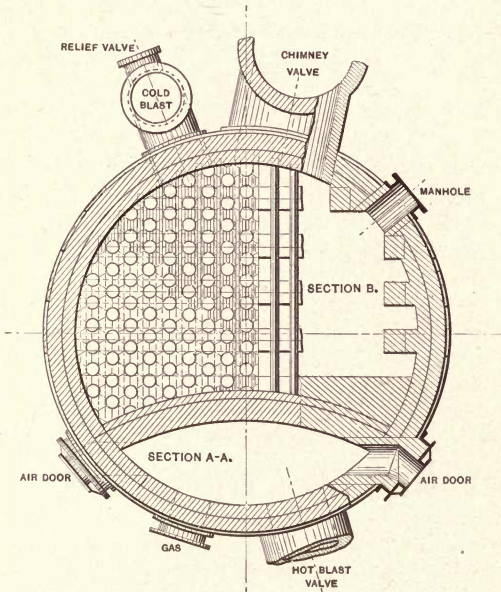
## WHITE & KERNAN HOT BLAST STOVE

F. L. White. Patented Feb. 21, 1905, No. 783,234



WHITE & KERNAN HOT BLAST STOVE

F. L. White. Patented Feb. 21, 1905, No. 783,234





## COKE OVEN BRICK

COKE oven construction has changed radically in recent years. Where formerly any cheap clay brick were deemed good enough for the purpose, of late the tendency has been to use the highest grade brick.

The excellent results recently obtained from the use of silica brick in the severe service of by-product ovens, and from the old beehive ovens in the Connells-ville region and other districts, have clearly demonstrated that our silica brick are the most economical that can be used in this work, due entirely to the increased length of service obtained by their use.

Our "H-W Crown" lime bond silica brick are made for the crowns of beehive ovens, and in addition to their extreme refractory qualities are especially adapted to hold the crown rigid and true to shape through varying temperatures, making in all a more thorough construction physically than can be obtained by the use of clay brick.

We also manufacture "XX Silica," a lime bond silica brick which is being widely used with the best of results in flues leading from beehive ovens to stacks and also to boilers where waste heat from the ovens is utilized.

The fronts and floor tile are made of fire clay. Trunnel heads are made of either silica or fire clay, as may be desired.

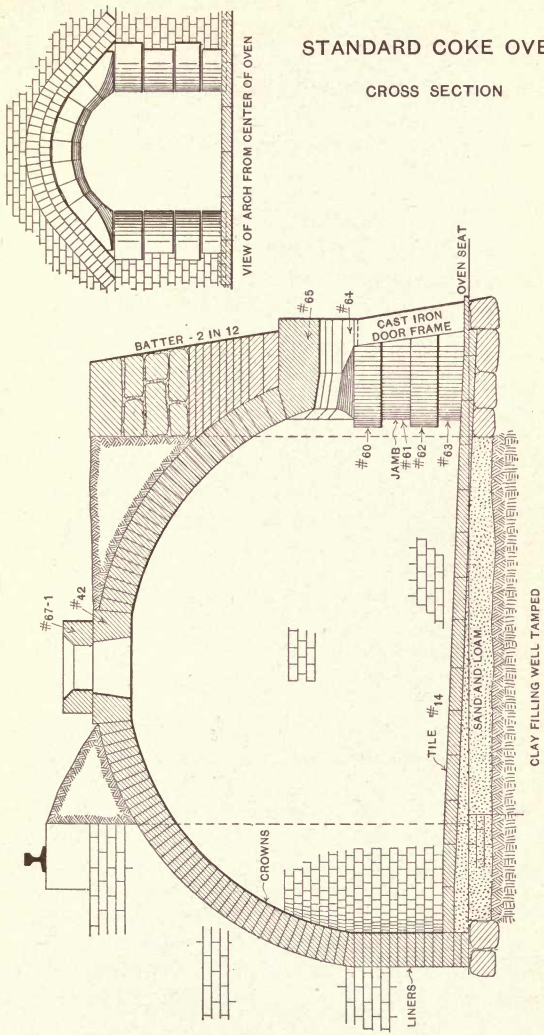
The Longitudinal or Belgian type of coke oven has been coming into favor recently. Having furnished all the brick that have been made for ovens of this type, we can supply brick most suitable for such ovens. See cut for standard coke oven on page 77. Longitudinal oven is shown on pages 78 and 79.

See pages 80 to 91 inclusive for description of by-product coke ovens.

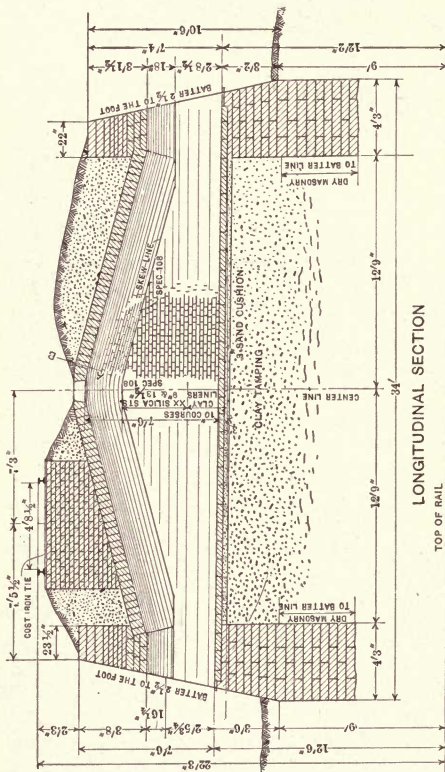


STANDARD COKE OVEN

CROSS SECTION

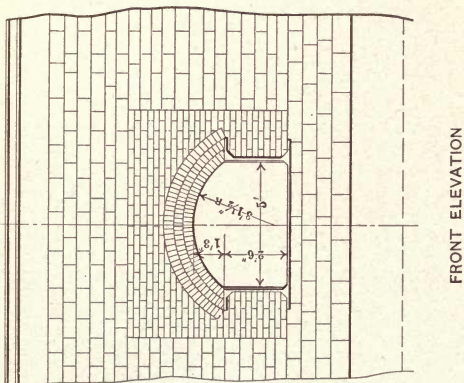
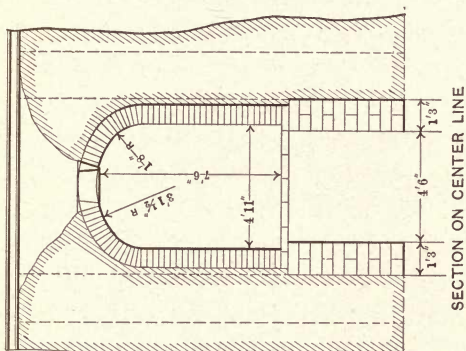


## LONG OR BELGIAN OVEN



See page 79 for cross sections

# SECTIONAL VIEW OF LONG OR BELGIAN COKE OVEN



See page 78 for longitudinal section

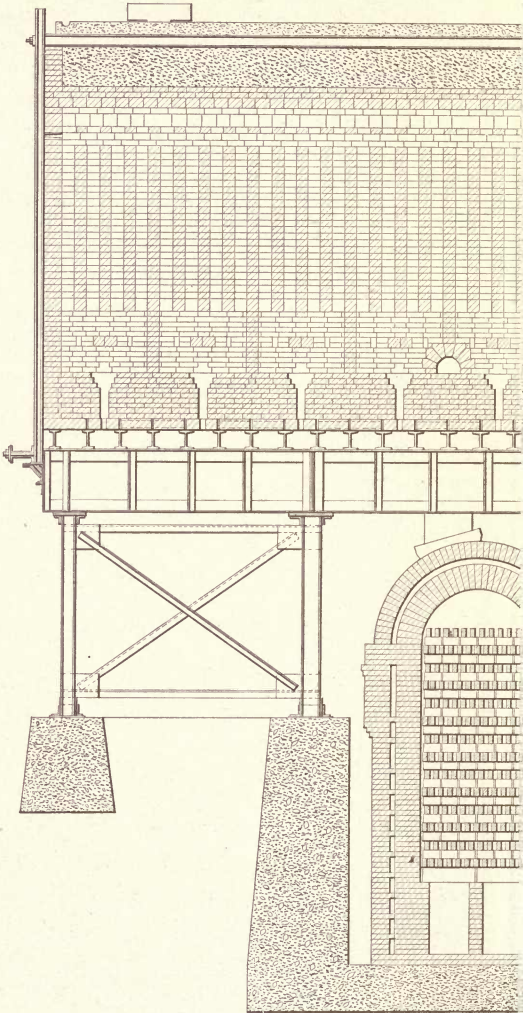
## BY-PRODUCT COKE OVENS

COKE was first manufactured on a small scale in the United States about 1850, increasing slowly for a few years, then with great rapidity as the production of iron increased. At this date about 36,000,000 tons are manufactured annually, approximately 15 per cent. of which is made in BY-PRODUCT Ovens. Only BEEHIVE Oven Coke was made until about 1893. The striking increase in the production of BY-PRODUCT Coke is shown by comparing the production in 1897, when it was approximately 262,000 tons, and in 1906, when it was over 4,500,000 tons. We have furnished approximately 85 per cent. of the entire requirements of high grade refractories used in the construction of BY-PRODUCT Ovens in the United States and Canada. When we first went into this business we conducted a long, expensive, and carefully planned series of experiments to determine the proper mixes and methods of manufacturing and burning the various shapes used in BY-PRODUCT Coke Oven construction, and possess at this time more detailed and specific information and records than all of our competitors combined. The fact that we have furnished over 85 per cent. of the entire requirements of Brick

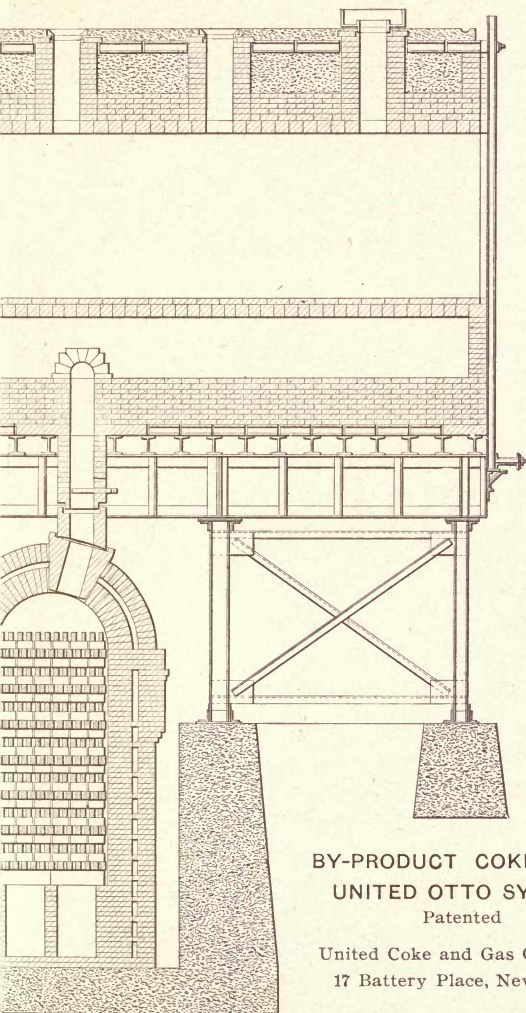
used in the construction of BY-PRODUCT Ovens is conclusive proof of the quality of our material and the confidence that owners of BY-PRODUCT Plants have in it.

In the Plants first constructed a special Quartzite mix was used in the flues and other portions of the Oven where gas-tight joints were required. In recent construction Silica Brick has supplanted Quartzite Brick, and we have no hesitation in recommending the use of Silica Brick as a superior material to Quartzite Brick for those portions of the Oven where Quartzite, either foreign or imported, was previously employed. Silica Brick and shapes have a slight, uniform, known expansion and when built with the proper allowance for expansion joints, make an extremely durable Oven. Silica Brick are better conductors of heat than Fire Clay Brick. The use of Silica Brick in BY-PRODUCT construction increases the coking capacity of the Oven by decreasing the time required for coking the coal by reason of the greater conductivity of Silica Brick over Fire Clay or Quartzite Brick, and permitting a greater initial heat in the coking chamber.

Illustrations of the various BY-PRODUCT Ovens now in use in the United States are shown on the following pages.



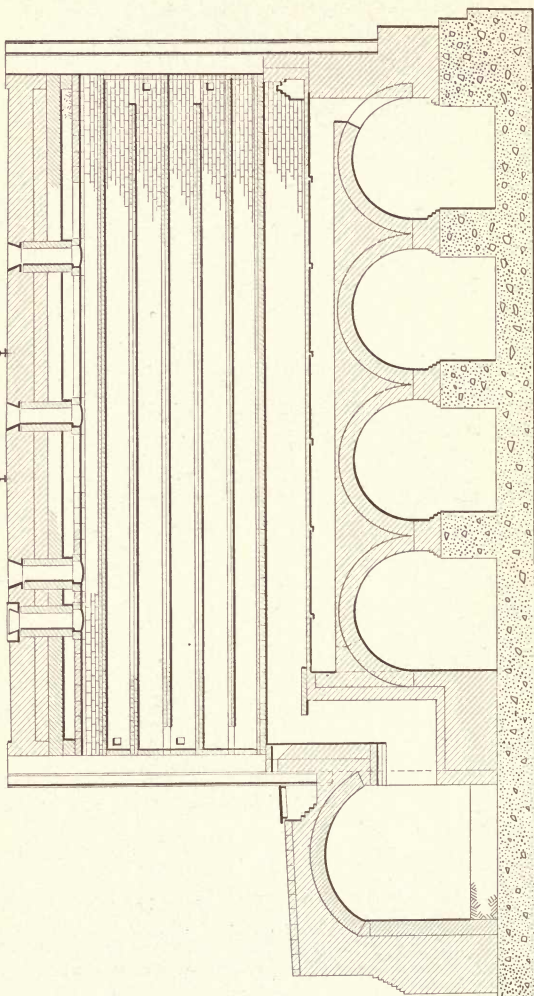




**BY-PRODUCT COKE OVEN**  
**UNITED OTTO SYSTEM**  
Patented

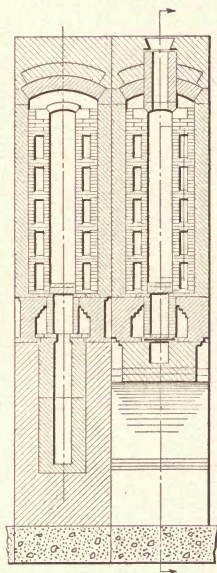
United Coke and Gas Company  
17 Battery Place, New York

SEMET-SOLVAY CO. TYPICAL SECTIONS OF COKE OVENS



LONGITUDINAL SECTION

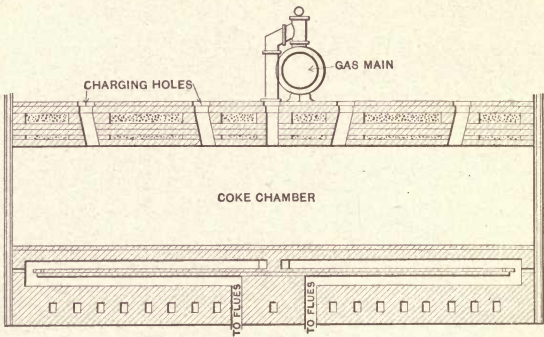
SEMET-SOLVAY CO.  
TYPICAL SECTIONS OF COKE OVENS



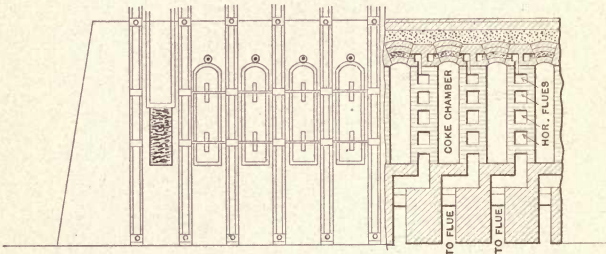
VERTICAL CROSS SECTION



ROTHBERG BY-PRODUCT COKE OVEN



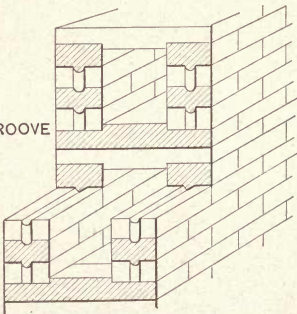
SECTIONAL ELEVATION THROUGH COKE CHAMBER



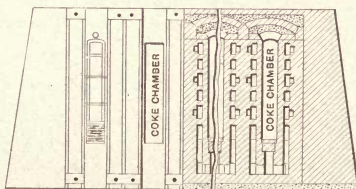
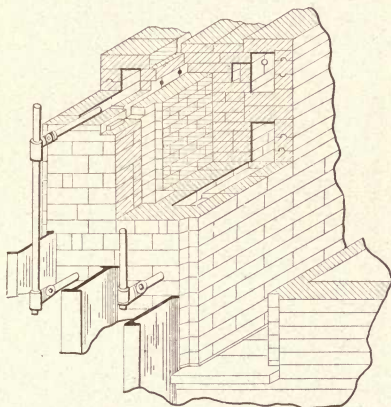
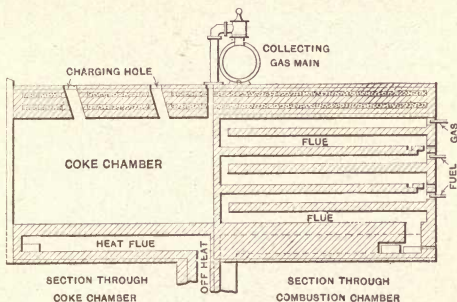
FRONT ELEVATION

CROSS SECTION

SECTION OF WALL  
SHOWING TONGUE AND GROOVE

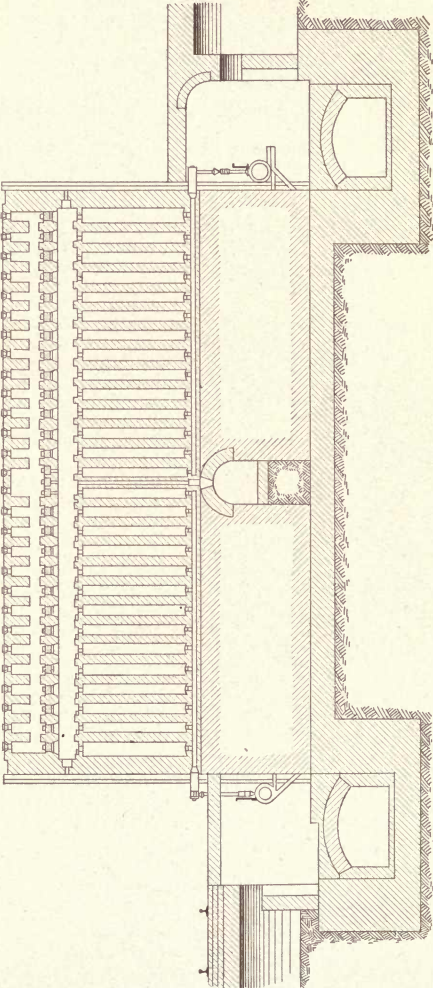


ROTHBERG & ERNST BY-PRODUCT COKE OVEN





KOPPERS' REGENERATOR COKE OVEN  
SEPARATE REGENERATORS FOR EACH OVEN

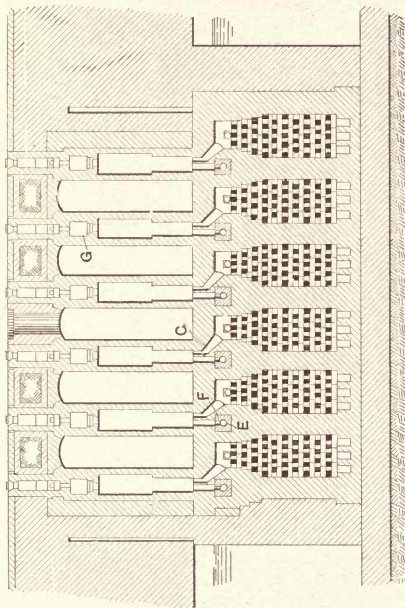


LONGITUDINAL SECTION THROUGH HEATING FLUES



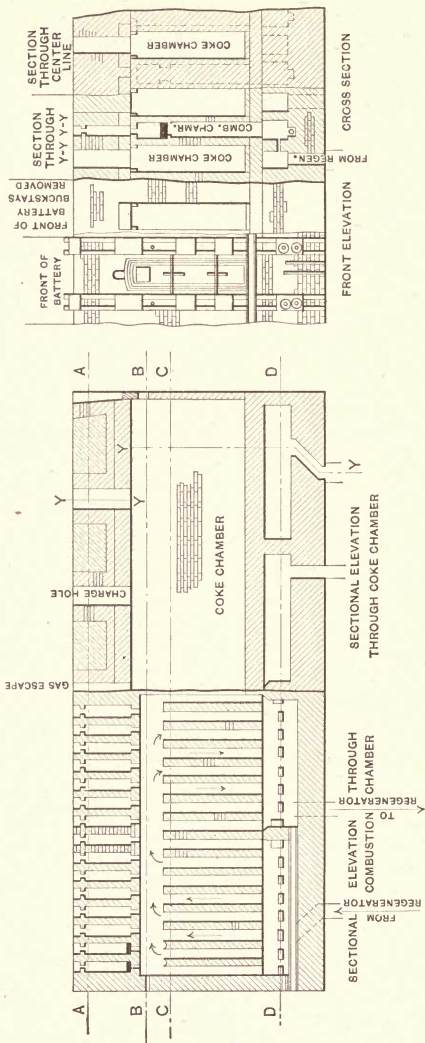
## KOPPERS' REGENERATOR COKE OVEN

SEPARATE REGENERATORS FOR EACH OVEN

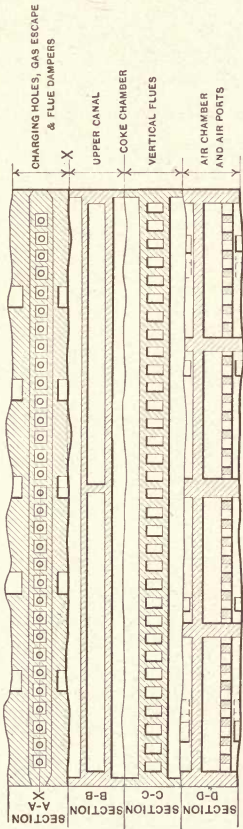


CROSS SECTION THROUGH OVENS

SHELDON PATENT COKE OVEN



SHELDON PATENT COKE OVEN



## MALLEABLE FURNACES

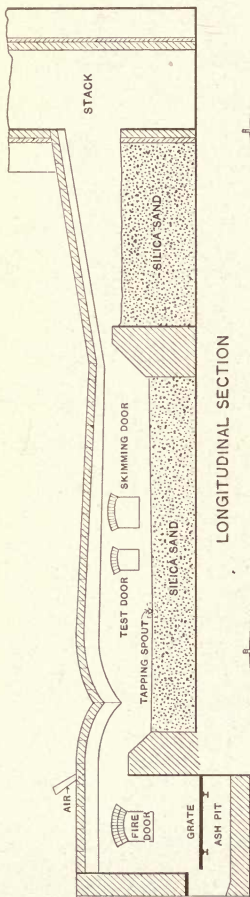
THE question of fire brick is of the utmost importance to managers and owners of Malleable Furnace plants, as in no other type of furnace do brick have to be renewed so frequently, or are brick costs so high per ton of output.

We supply over 75 per cent. of the high grade brick used in malleable furnace bungs, sidewalls and stacks. We have secured and maintained our position against all competitors by using carefully selected high grade clays, care and knowledge in the manufacture of brick, and thorough inspection and selection of the finished product.

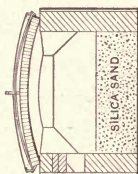
We have customers who have bought from us for from fifteen to thirty-three years. Our "WOODLAND," "WIGTON STEEL," "CLEARFIELD," "MUNRO," "MALLEABLE" and "HIGH GRADE" brands are known and used wherever there are Malleable Furnaces.

The cut on page 93 shows one type of Malleable Furnace.

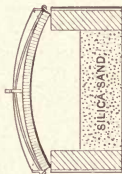
## HARBISON-WALKER REFRACTORIES CO. MALLEABLE FURNACE



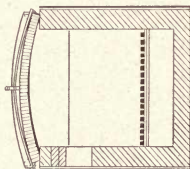
LONGITUDINAL SECTION



SECTION AT SKIMMING DOOR  
SHOWING THROAT TO STACK

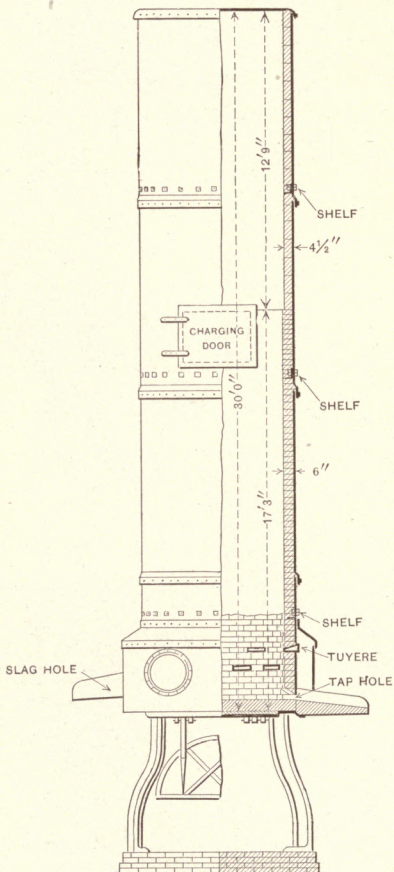


SECTION AT ANGLE BUNG



SECTION AT FIRING DOOR

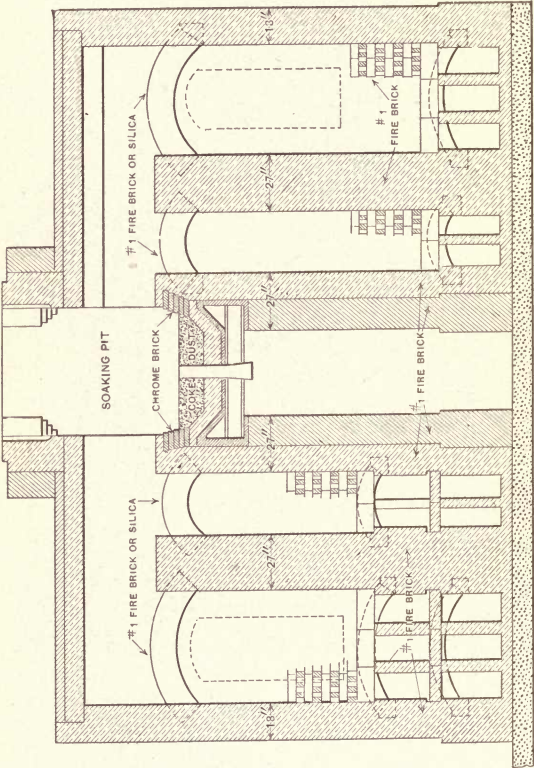
SECTION OF TYPICAL CUPOLA



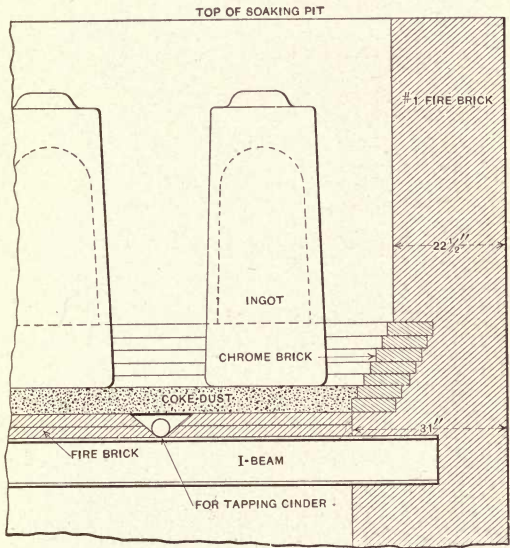




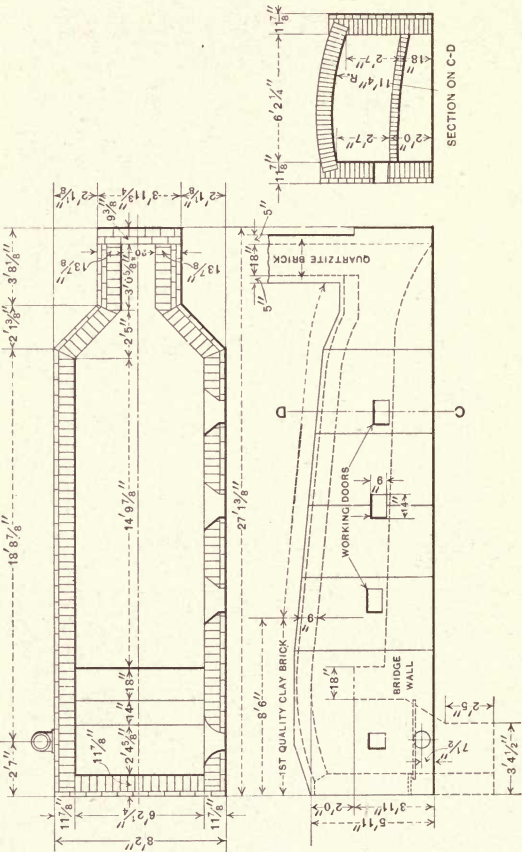
FOUR-HOLE SOAKING PIT FURNACE



SKETCH OF SOAKING PIT SHOWING USE OF  
CHROME BRICK



TYPICAL COAL-FIRED HEATING FURNACE  
SHOWING BRANDS OF BRICK USED





## SIEMENS CRUCIBLE STEEL MELTING FURNACE

ON page 101 is a cut of this furnace, showing the shapes of brick commonly used in building it, and on pages 42 and 43 will be found cuts of each special shape indicated in this drawing, all of which we keep in stock.

Our "STAR SILICA" holds an enviable reputation as the best brick in the country for steel melting furnaces. The "WOODLAND" fire brick secured the greater part of this trade when it was first introduced, and held 90 per cent. of it for 25 years, on its merits, until the "STAR SILICA" gradually replaced it. "WOODLAND" brand is still used by some companies who prefer clay brick to silica brick in crucible steel melting furnaces.

### LIST OF SHAPES REQUIRED FOR ONE 6-POT FURNACE

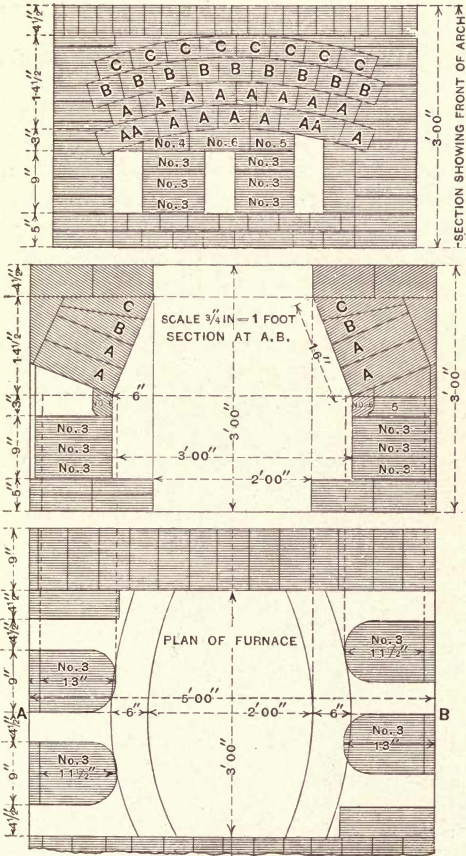
Shape No.	No. Pieces	Where Used
A	30 . .	1st and 2d courses in wall
A A	4 . .	Over port openings
B	18 . .	3d course in wall
C	20 . .	4th course in wall
2	6 . .	Between piers
3	12 . .	Pier brick
4	2 . .	On tops of piers
5	2 . .	On tops of piers
6	2 . .	On tops of piers
9-inch straights, 800		

Customers should always order any 9-inch straights needed with these shapes.

We carry the above shapes in "STAR SILICA" and "WOODLAND" brands.



PLAN OF SIEMENS STEEL FURNACE.



## OUR PLAN OF SHAPES

FOR SIEMENS CRUCIBLE STEEL MELTING  
FURNACE

ON page 103 will be found a system of shapes for above furnace designed by ourselves. The plan differs from any heretofore used in having the side walls, or walls over the ports, built with horizontal joints, thus doing away with the arched side walls.

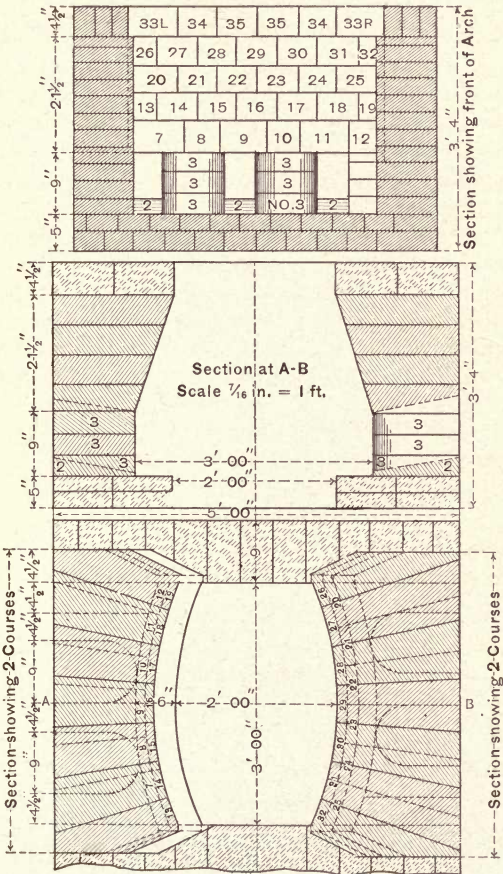
The advantages are, that having all joints or courses of brick horizontal, the side walls are not inclined to pitch into the furnace, as with the old style of shapes; all the shapes extend back to the breast wall, thus making a tight joint the full height of the furnace and preventing the gas from working up between the breast wall and the furnace wall. All of the walls having a straight, solid bearing, the settling will be uniform throughout the furnace, thus avoiding the opening or shattering of the walls by unequal settling. The shapes being of simple pattern, a mason can build a furnace with these shapes in less time than is required with others.

IT REQUIRES THE FOLLOWING SHAPES TO  
BUILD ONE SIX-POT HOLE

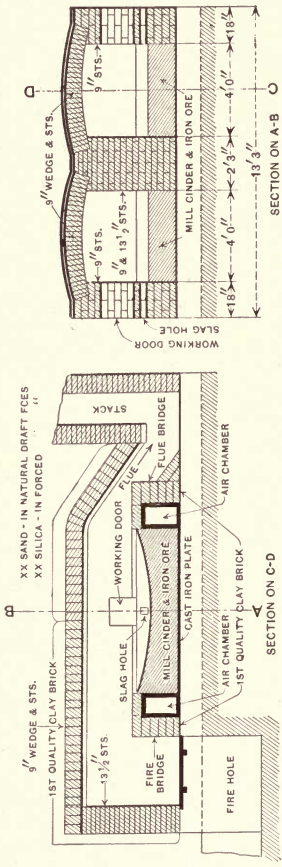
No. 2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	pieces
No. 3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	12	"
Nos. 7 to 32 inclusive	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	" each
No. 33	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	"
No. 34	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	"
No. 35	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	"
9-inch	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	800	"

Customers should always order extra as many 9-inch as required.

OUR PLAN OF SHAPES FOR SIEMENS CRUCIBLE  
STEEL MELTING FURNACE



SECTION OF TYPICAL DOUBLE PUDDLING FURNACE



NOTE:-  
XX SAND - SOMETIMES USED IN SQ. OF THE STACK  
" " - NECKS, POINTS & CLAMPS.

## COPPER REVERBERATORIES, CONVERTERS, SETTLERS, ETC.

THE use of the highest grade refractory material is imperative in furnaces smelting and refining copper, because of the severe conditions prevailing in such furnaces.

Practically all of the copper companies in the United States, Canada and Mexico have used large quantities of our "STAR" and "REESE" silica brick, our "WOODLAND," "WIGTON" and other brands of fire-clay brick and "H.-W. R. Co." magnesia and chrome brick.

We manufacture silica brick in 9, 12, 15 and 18-inch sizes, especially adapted for roofs and sidewalls of reverberatories; magnesia and chrome brick and shapes for bottoms, side walls and bridge walls of reverberatories; also shapes for converters and settlers, including tuyere blocks.

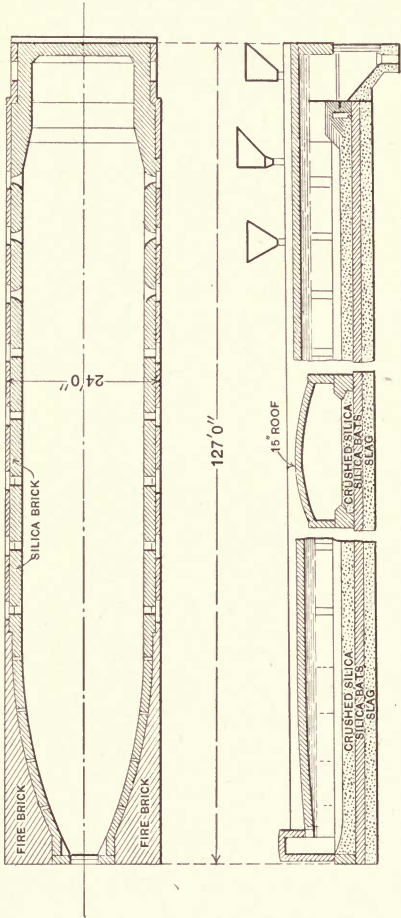
We make highest grade fire-clay brick for all purposes.

A cut of a reverberatory furnace is shown on page 106.

A cut of copper converter is shown on page 107.



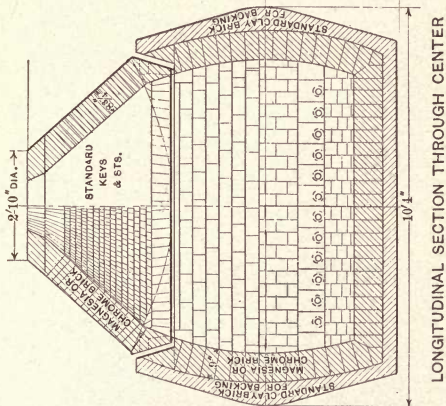
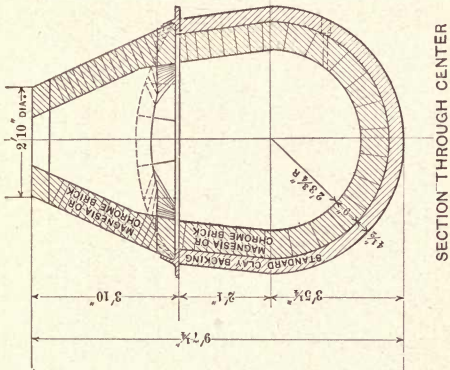
REVERBERATORY FURNACE FOR COPPER SMELTING



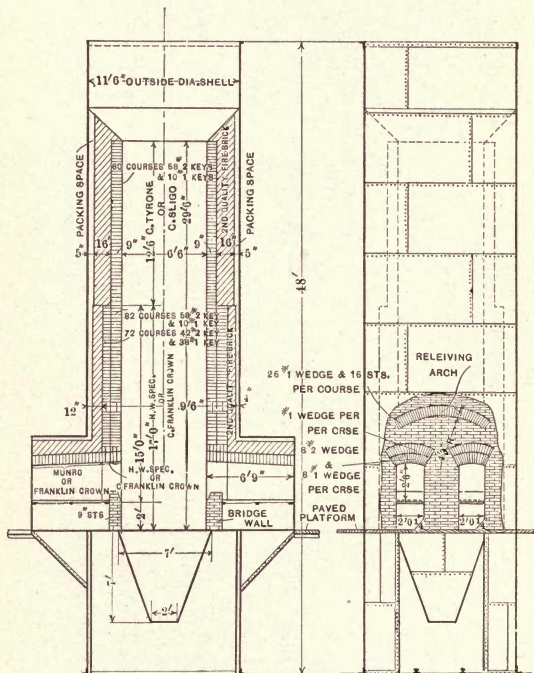
AN INCREASING NUMBER OF REVERBERATORY SMELTING AND REFINING FURNACES  
ARE USING MAGNESIA BRICK IN SIDE AND BRIDGE WALLS, AND PUTTING IN  
INVERTED BOTTOMS OF MAGNESIA BRICK.



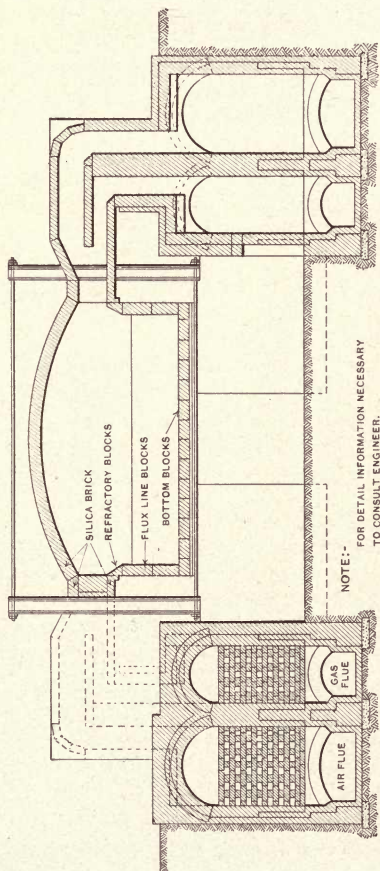
COPPER CONVERTER



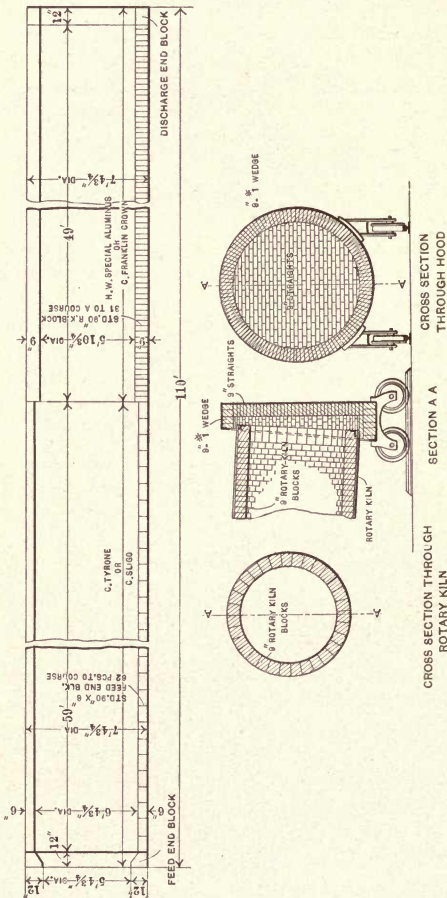
### TYPICAL LIME KILN



## CROSS SECTION OF TYPICAL PRODUCER GAS GLASS TANK



STANDARD ROTARY CEMENT KILN AND LINING



TYPICAL LINING FOR CEMENT KILN HOOD

## BOILER SETTINGS

**W**E make a special feature of manufacturing brick for boiler settings.

The different types of boilers and the different fuels in use require varied properties in the brick used in different sections of the brickwork; in some cases the best brick to use depends entirely upon the heat-resisting quality; in others, upon resistance to the impinging action of flame and spawling; while in others, upon the ability to resist the action of clinker and poker, together with heat-resisting qualities.

The large units of the modern boiler, such as the Sterling, Babcock & Wilcox, Cahall, Heine, Wickes, Rust, Maxim and other types, require the best possible grade of brick in the setting, *especially in the arches*.

In boiler setting, it is important that the workmanship and material be such that interruptions in the steam supply occur as seldom as possible.

Numerous changes have been made in boiler settings at our suggestion, particularly with regard to the kind of brick used at critical points. These changes were followed with marked improvement in the steam records of the boiler plants.

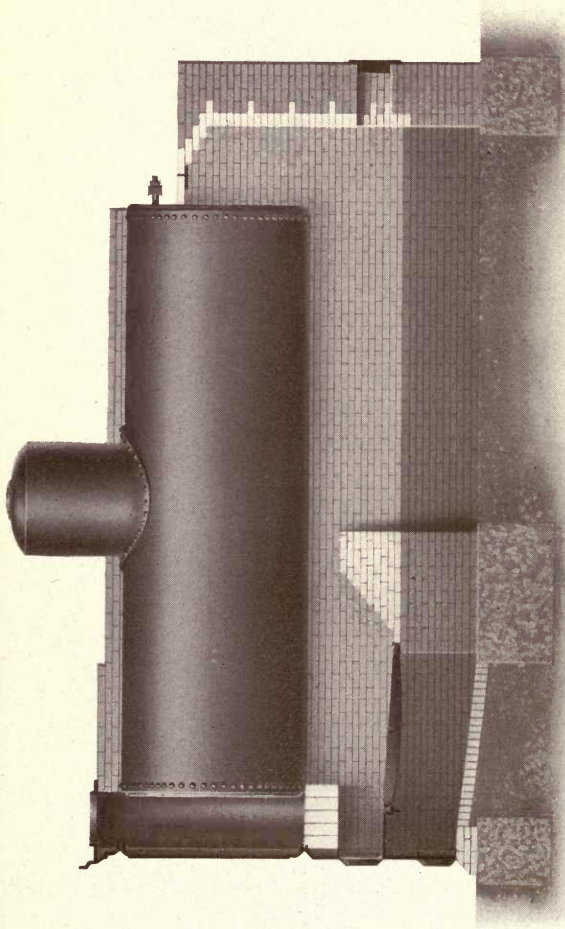
Whenever called upon to do so, we will have our engineering department get out blueprints and counts, showing the number and most suitable brick required for different sections of the furnace walls for any type of boiler.

**Different types of boiler settings are shown on pages 112 to 121 inclusive.**



## TYPICAL RETURN TUBULAR BOILER

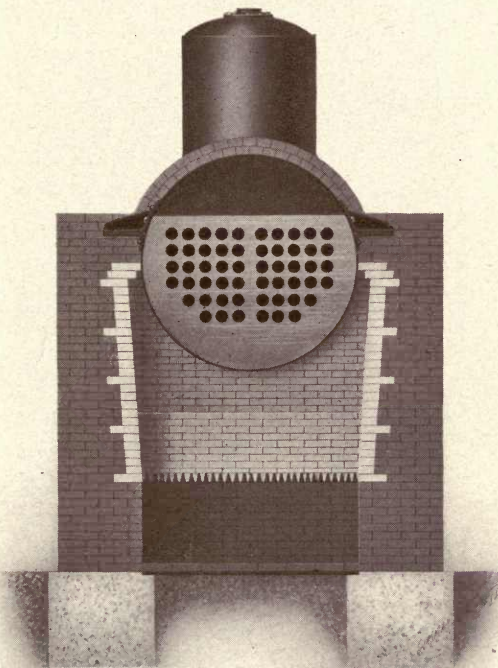
LONGITUDINAL SECTIONAL ELEVATION



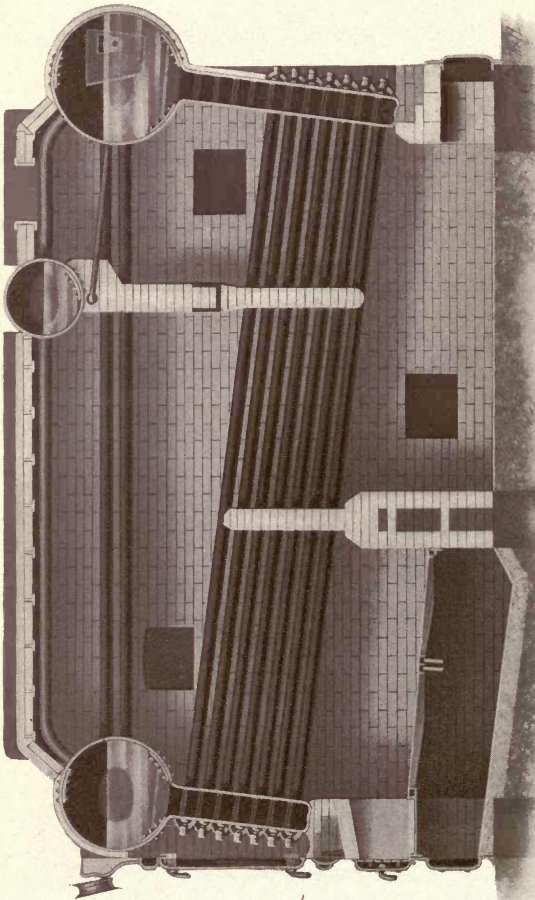


## TYPICAL RETURN TUBULAR BOILER

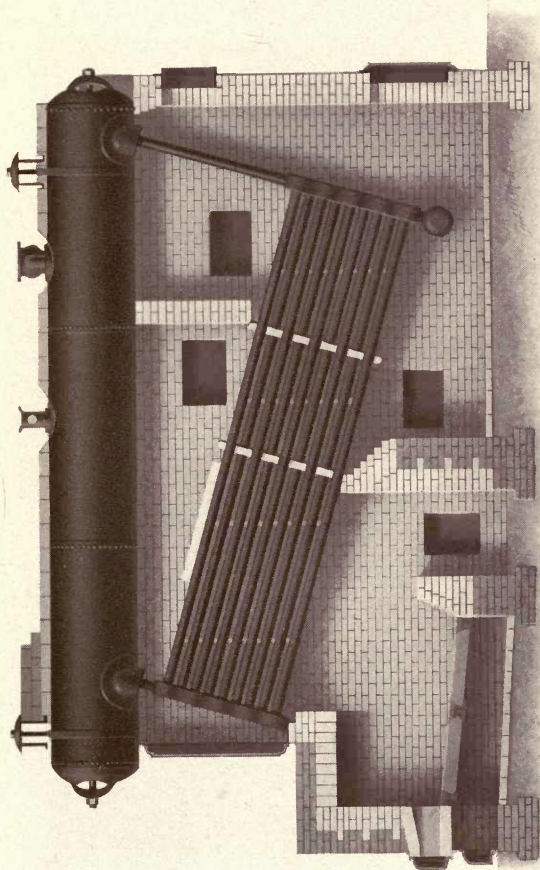
SECTION THROUGH FURNACE



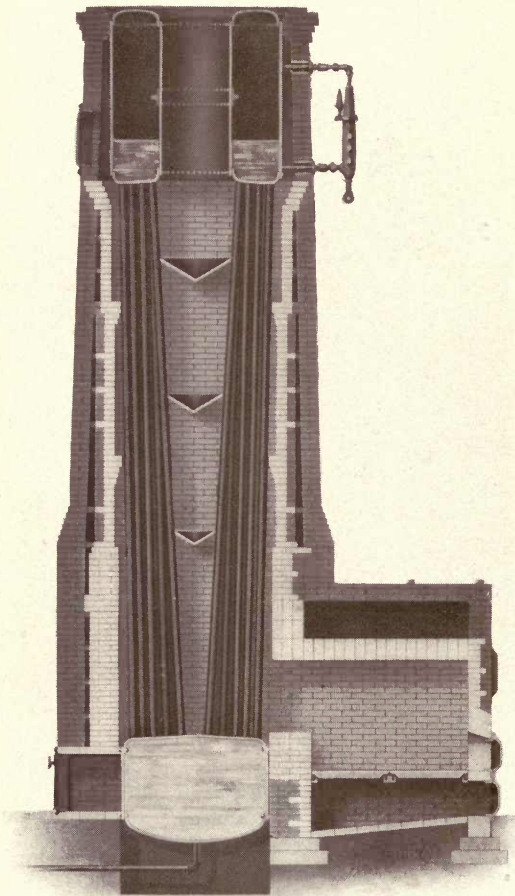
ATLAS HORIZONTAL WATER TUBE BOILER



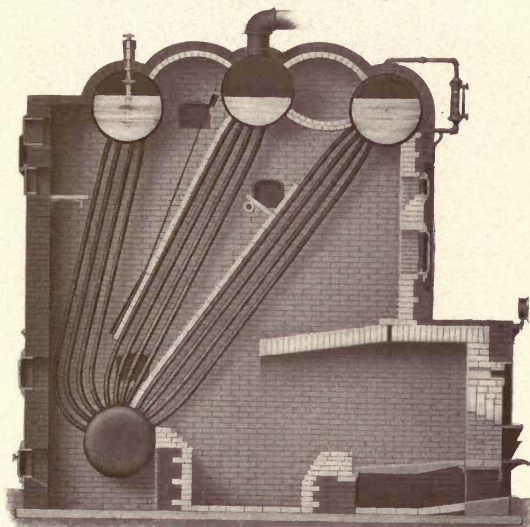
BABCOCK & WILCOX WATER TUBE BOILER



CAHALL VERTICAL WATER TUBE BOILER

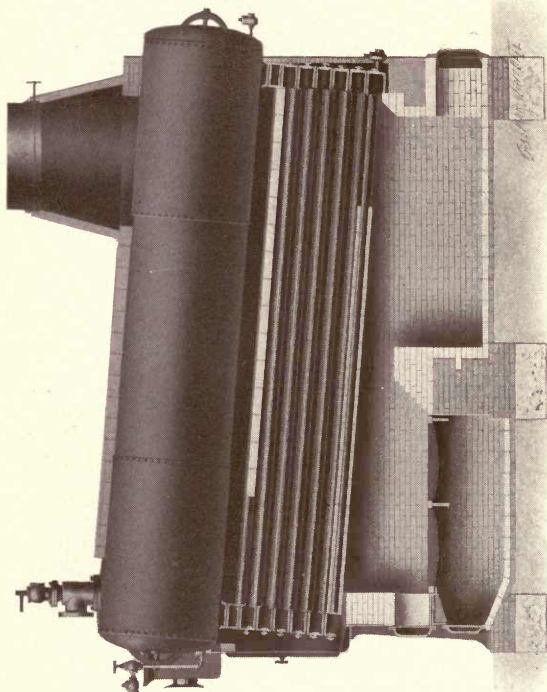


STERLING WATER TUBE BOILER



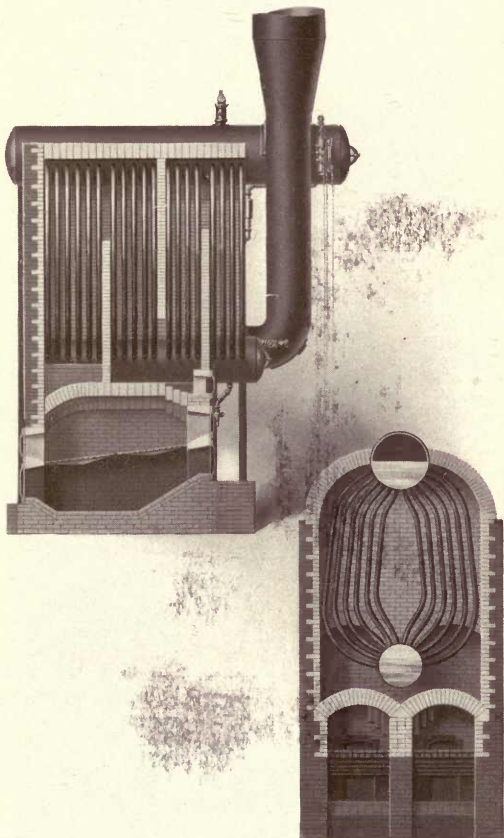


HEINE HORIZONTAL WATER TUBE BOILER



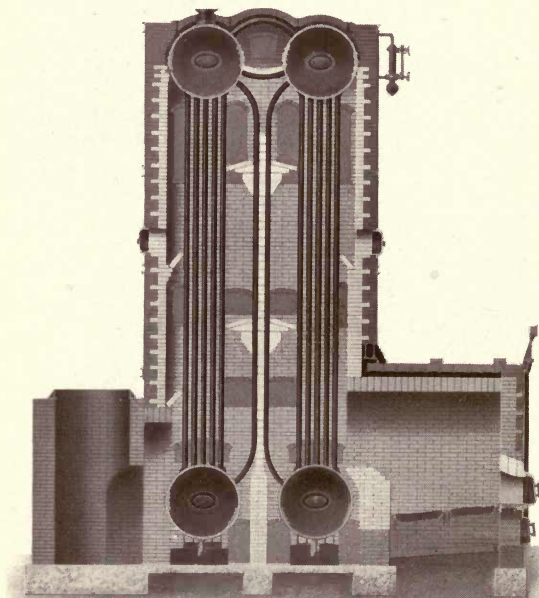


MAXIM WATER TUBE BOILER



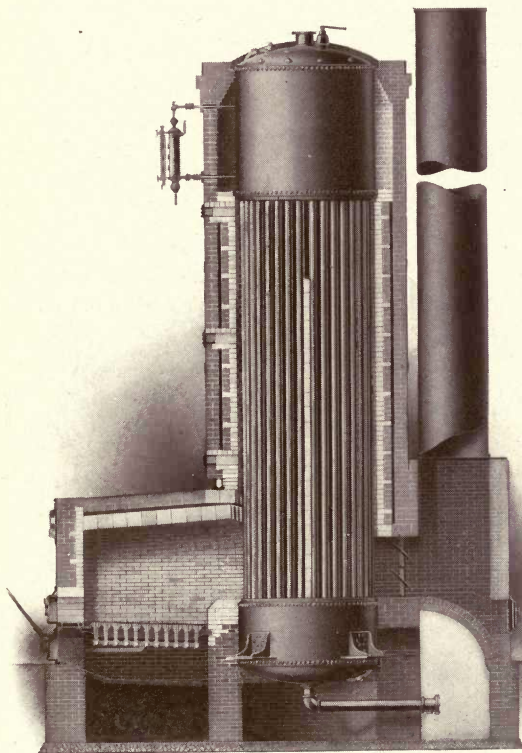
## THE RUST WATER TUBE BOILER

SECTION THROUGH BOILER



HARBISON-WALKER REFRACTORIES CO., PITTSBURGH, PA.

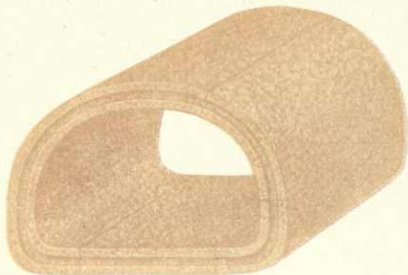
WICKES VERTICAL WATER TUBE SAFETY STEAM  
BOILER



## COAL GAS BENCHES AND WATER GAS PLANTS

THE question of the quality of refractory materials is becoming one of increasing importance to managers of Gas Plants. In the past, the limit of endurance of refractory materials used has been the controlling factor in limiting the output per unit of capacity. We are now making Sectional Retorts and Setting Shapes of "H. W. RICON" (our Special High Silica) which is so high in heat resisting qualities that the only limit to rapidity of operation is the heat at which the gas would disintegrate or decompose. This has effected a decrease in the time of carbonizing, thus increasing the number of charges in a given time and consequently showing an actual increase in production per retort of from 40 to 50 per cent. Sectional retorts have previously been unsatisfactory, due to shrinkage; "H. W. RICON" expands with heat, making a durable retort which is permanently gas tight.

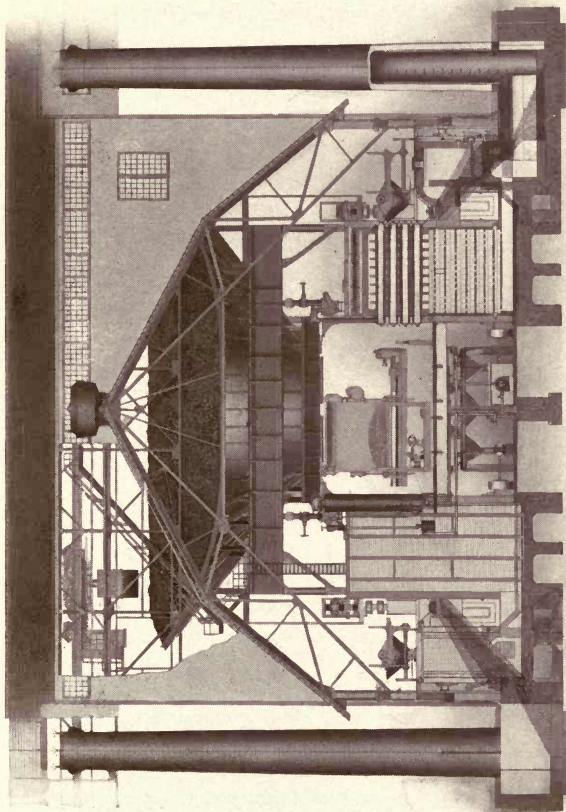
In addition to "H. W. RICON," mentioned above, we also manufacture fire clay shapes for use in regenerators, fixers, carburetors and checkers. Our material has been found to be particularly suitable for all purposes in Coal Gas Benches and Regenerators and in Water Gas Plants.



SECTION OF RETORT

## STANDARD RETORT GAS HOUSE

Riter-Conley Mfg. Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.



## GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT FIRE BRICK

ALL FIRE BRICK SHOULD BE KEPT IN A DRY PLACE

Moisture, especially in cold weather, will greatly injure any brick.

To obtain the best results from brickwork, observe the following precautions:

Use good fire clay equal in refractoriness to the brick itself.

Apply very thin with dipped joints and brick rubbed to make a brick to brick joint.

Warm up slowly to expel moisture.

Bear in mind that fire clay brick contract, and silica, chrome and magnesia brick expand under high temperatures.

Sudden variations of temperature cause silica brick to spawl, and also reduce their refractoriness. All furnaces in which silica brick are used should therefore be heated up and cooled down slowly and uniformly.

From 250 to 350 pounds of fire clay or silica cement are enough to lay up one thousand brick. Fine ground fire clay should be used for laying up fire clay brick, and silica cement for silica brick.

For estimating on fire brick work, use the following figures :

1 square foot 4½-inch wall requires 7 brick

1 square foot 9-inch wall requires 14 brick

1 square foot 13½-inch wall requires 21 brick

1 cubic foot brick work requires 17 nine-inch straight brick

1 cubic foot fire clay brick work weighs 150 pounds

1 cubic foot silica brick work weighs 130 pounds

1,000 brick (closely stacked) occupy 56 cubic feet

1,000 brick (loosely stacked) occupy 72 cubic feet

For estimating on red brick work, figure on nine cubic feet of sand and three bushels of lime for laying 1,000 brick.



## BRICK TABLES

THE following tables show how a circle or arch of any diameter may be laid up with a combination of the standard size fire brick, as designated in this catalogue.

TABLE OF WEDGE BRICK

Inside Diameter	No. 2 Wedge	No. 1 Wedge	Straight	Total
2 ft. 0 in.	.....	.....	.....	
2 " 6 "	60.5	.....	.....	60.5
3 " 0 "	48.	19.6	.....	68.
3 " 6 "	36.	40.	.....	76.
4 " 0 "	24.	59.	.....	83.
4 " 6 "	12.0637	79.	.....	91.
5 " 0 "	.....	98.	.....	98.
5 " 6 "	.....	98.	7.5	106.
6 " 0 "	.....	98.	15.	113.
6 " 6 "	.....	98.	23.	121.
7 " 0 "	.....	98.	30.	128.
7 " 6 "	.....	98.	38.	136.
8 " 0 "	.....	98.	46.	144.
8 " 6 "	.....	98.	53.	151.
9 " 0 "	.....	98.	61.	159.
9 " 6 "	.....	98.	68.	166.
10 " 0 "	.....	98.	76.	174.
10 " 6 "	.....	98.	83.	181.
11 " 0 "	.....	98.	91.	189.
11 " 6 "	.....	98.	98.	196.
12 " 0 "	.....	98.	106.	204.

## TABLE OF ARCH BRICK

Inside Diameter	No. 3 Arch	No. 2 Arch	No. 1 Arch	Straight	Total
0 ft. 6 in.	18.	.....	.....	.....	18.
1 " 0 "	13.	13.	.....	.....	26.
1 " 6 "	4.	29.	.....	.....	33.
2 " 0 "	.....	41.5	.....	.....	41.5
2 " 6 "	.....	31.	18.	.....	49.
3 " 0 "	.....	21.	36.	.....	57.
3 " 6 "	.....	10.3673	54.	.....	64.
4 " 0 "	.....	.....	72.	.....	72.
4 " 6 "	.....	.....	72.	7.5	80.
5 " 0 "	.....	.....	72.	15.	87.
5 " 6 "	.....	.....	72.	23.	95.
6 " 0 "	.....	.....	72.	30.	102.
6 " 6 "	.....	.....	72.	38.	110.
7 " 0 "	.....	.....	72.	45.	117.
7 " 6 "	.....	.....	72.	53.	125.
8 " 0 "	.....	.....	72.	60.	132.
8 " 6 "	.....	.....	72.	68.	140.
9 " 0 "	.....	.....	72.	75.	147.
9 " 6 "	.....	.....	72.	83.	155.
10 " 0 "	.....	.....	72.	90.	162.
10 " 6 "	.....	.....	72.	98.	170.
11 " 0 "	.....	.....	72.	105.	177.
11 " 6 "	.....	.....	72.	113.	185.
12 " 0 "	.....	.....	72.	121.	193.

## TABLE OF 9-INCH KEY BRICK

Inside Diameter	No. 4 Key	No. 3 Key	No. 2 Key	No. 1 Key	Total
1 ft. 6 in.	25.1328	.....	.....	.....	25.
2 " 0 "	17.	12.5	.....	.....	30.
2 " 6 "	8.3776	25.	.....	.....	34.
3 " 0 "	.....	38.	.....	.....	38.
3 " 6 "	.....	32.	10.5	.....	42.
4 " 0 "	.....	25.	21.	.....	46.
4 " 6 "	.....	19.	32.	.....	51.
5 " 0 "	.....	13.	42.	.....	55.
5 " 6 "	.....	6.	53.	.....	59.
6 " 0 "	.....	.....	63.	.....	63.
6 " 6 "	.....	.....	58.	9.5	67.
7 " 0 "	.....	.....	52.	19.	71.
7 " 6 "	.....	.....	47.	29.	76.
8 " 0 "	.....	.....	42.	38.	80.
8 " 6 "	.....	.....	37.	47.	84.
9 " 0 "	.....	.....	31.	57.	88.
9 " 6 "	.....	.....	26.	66.	92.
10 " 0 "	.....	.....	21.	76.	97.
10 " 6 "	.....	.....	16.	85.	101.
11 " 0 "	.....	.....	11.	94.	105.
11 " 6 "	.....	.....	5.236	104.	109.
12 " 0 "	.....	.....	.....	113.	113.

# TABLE OF 9-INCH KEY BRICK CONTINUED

Inside Diameter	No. 1 Key	Straight	Total
12 ft. 6 in. ....	113.	4.	117.
13 " 0 " .....	113.	9.	122.
13 " 6 " .....	113.	13.	126.
14 " 0 " .....	113.	17.	130.
14 " 6 " .....	113.	21.	134.
15 " 0 " .....	113.	26.	139.
15 " 6 " .....	113.	30.	143.
16 " 0 " .....	113.	34.	147.
16 " 6 " .....	113.	38.	151.
17 " 0 " .....	113.	42.	155.
17 " 6 " .....	113.	46.	159.
18 " 0 " .....	113.	51.	164.
18 " 6 " .....	113.	55.	168.
19 " 0 " .....	113.	59.	172.
19 " 6 " .....	113.	63.	176.
20 " 0 " .....	113.	67.	180.
20 " 6 " .....	113.	72.	185.
21 " 0 " .....	113.	76.	189.
21 " 6 " .....	113.	80.	193.
22 " 0 " .....	113.	84.	197.
22 " 6 " .....	113.	88.	201.
23 " 0 " .....	113.	93.	206.
23 " 6 " .....	113.	97.	210.

# TABLE OF 9-INCH KEY BRICK CONTINUED

Inside Diameter	No. 1 Key	Straight	Total
24 ft. 0 in. ....	113.	101.	214.
24 " 6 " .....	113.	105.	218.
25 " 0 " .....	113.	109.	222.
25 " 6 " .....	113.	113.	226.
26 " 0 " .....	113.	117.	230.
26 " 6 " .....	113.	121.	234.
27 " 0 " .....	113.	126.	239.
27 " 6 " .....	113.	130.	243.
28 " 0 " .....	113.	134.	247.
28 " 6 " .....	113.	138.	251.
29 " 0 " .....	113.	142.	255.
29 " 6 " .....	113.	147.	260.
30 " 0 " .....	113.	151.	264.
30 " 6 " .....	113.	155.	268.
31 " 0 " .....	113.	159.	272.
31 " 6 " .....	113.	163.	276.
32 " 0 " .....	113.	168.	281.
32 " 6 " .....	113.	172.	285.
33 " 0 " .....	113.	176.	289.
33 " 6 " .....	113.	180.	293.
34 " 0 " .....	113.	184.	297.
34 " 6 " .....	113.	188.	301.
35 " 0 " .....	113.	193.	306.

TABLE OF 13 ½-INCH KEY BRICK

Inside Diameter	No. 4 Key	No. 2 Key	Straight	Total
6 ft. 0 in.	52.	.....	.....	52.
6 " 6 "	48.	7.5	.....	55.
7 " 0 "	44.	15.	.....	59.
7 " 6 "	39.	23.	.....	62.
8 " 0 "	35.	30.	.....	65.
8 " 6 "	30.	38.	.....	68.
9 " 0 "	26.	45.	.....	71.
9 " 6 "	22.	52.	.....	74.
10 " 0 "	17.	60.	.....	77.
10 " 6 "	13.	67.	.....	80.
11 " 0 "	9.	75.	.....	84.
11 " 6 "	4.5	82.	.....	87.
12 " 0 "	.....	90.	.....	90.
12 " 6 "	.....	90.	3.5	93.5
13 " 0 "	.....	90.	7.	97.
13 " 6 "	.....	90.	10.	100.
14 " 0 "	.....	90.	13.	103.
14 " 6 "	.....	90.	16.	106.
15 " 0 "	.....	90.	20.	110.
15 " 6 "	.....	90.	23.	113.
16 " 0 "	.....	90.	26.	116.
16 " 6 "	.....	90.	29.	119.



TABLE OF 13 ½-INCH KEY BRICK  
CONTINUED

Inside Diameter	No. 2 Key	Straight	Total
17 ft. 0 in. ....	90.	32.	122.
17 " 6 " .....	90.	35.	125.
18 " 0 " .....	90.	38.	128.
18 " 6 " .....	90.	42.	132.
19 " 0 " .....	90.	45.	135.
19 " 6 " .....	90.	48.	138.
20 " 0 " .....	90.	51.	141.
20 " 6 " .....	90.	54.	144.
21 " 0 " .....	90.	57.	147.
21 " 6 " .....	90.	60.	150.
22 " 0 " .....	90.	63.	153.
22 " 6 " .....	90.	66.	156.
23 " 0 " .....	90.	70.	160.
23 " 6 " .....	90.	73.	163.
24 " 0 " .....	90.	76.	166.
24 " 6 " .....	90.	79.	169.
25 " 0 " .....	90.	82.	172.
25 " 6 " .....	90.	85.	175.
26 " 0 " .....	90.	88.	178.
26 " 6 " .....	90.	92.	182.
27 " 0 " .....	90.	95.	185.
27 " 6 " .....	90.	98.	188.
28 " 0 " .....	90.	101.	191.

TABLE OF 13 ½-INCH KEY BRICK  
CONTINUED

Inside Diameter	No. 2 Key	Straight	Total
28 ft. 6 in. ....	90.	104.	194.
29 " 0 " ....	90.	107.	197.
29 " 6 " ....	90.	110.	200.
30 " 0 " ....	90.	114.	204.
30 " 6 " ....	90.	117.	207.
31 " 0 " ....	90.	120.	210.
31 " 6 " ....	90.	123.	213.
32 " 0 " ....	90.	126.	216.
32 " 6 " ....	90.	129.	219.
33 " 0 " ....	90.	132.	222.
33 " 6 " ....	90.	136.	226.
34 " 0 " ....	90.	139.	229.
34 " 6 " ....	90.	142.	232.
35 " 0 " ....	90.	145.	235.

## TABLE OF 9 x 6 INCH KEY BRICK

Inside Diameter	Key 9 x 6 x 5 $\frac{3}{8}$ x 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ "	Straight 9 x 6 x 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ "	Total
12 ft. 0 in.	85.	0.	85.
12 " 6 "	85.	3.	88.
13 " 0 "	85.	6.	91.
13 " 6 "	85.	9.	94.
14 " 0 "	85.	12.	97.
14 " 6 "	85.	15.	100.
15 " 0 "	85.	18.	103.
15 " 6 "	85.	21.	106.
16 " 0 "	85.	24.	109.
16 " 6 "	85.	28.	113.
17 " 0 "	85.	31.	116.
17 " 6 "	85.	34.	119.
18 " 0 "	85.	37.	122.
18 " 6 "	85.	40.	125.
19 " 0 "	85.	43.	128.
19 " 6 "	85.	46.	131.
20 " 0 "	85.	49.	134.
20 " 6 "	85.	53.	138.
21 " 0 "	85.	56.	141.
21 " 6 "	85.	59.	144.
22 " 0 "	85.	62.	147.
22 " 6 "	85.	65.	150.
23 " 0 "	85.	68.	153.
23 " 6 "	85.	71.	156.
24 " 0 "	85.	75.	160.
24 " 6 "	85.	78.	163.
25 " 0 "	85.	81.	166.
25 " 6 "	85.	84.	169.
26 " 0 "	85.	87.	172.

## TABLE OF GAS FLUE ARCH BRICK FOR BLAST FURNACE DOWN COMER

Inside Diameter Openings	Shapes Required			
	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	Straight
3 ft. 0 in.....	49			
3 ft. 6 in.....	23	31		
4 ft. 0 in.....		60		
4 ft. 6 in.....		26	39	
5 ft. 0 in.....			70	
5 ft. 6 in.....			70	6
6 ft. 0 in.....			70	11
6 ft. 6 in.....			70	16
7 ft. 0 in.....			70	22
7 ft. 6 in.....			70	27
8 ft. 0 in.....			70	33
8 ft. 6 in.....			70	38
9 ft. 0 in.....			70	43

## CUPOLA BLOCKS

Inside Diameter Cupola	Shapes Required			
	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4
2 ft. 6 in.....	15			
2 ft. 9 in.....	8	8		
3 ft. 0 in.....		17		
3 ft. 3 in.....		12	6	
3 ft. 6 in.....		8	11	
3 ft. 9 in.....		4	16	
4 ft. 0 in.....			21	
4 ft. 3 in.....			15	7
4 ft. 6 in.....			10	13
4 ft. 9 in.....			5	19
5 ft. 0 in.....			.....	25

## STANDARD BOTTOM BLOCKS

IN ONE COURSE OF FOLLOWING DIAMETERS

Blocks 18 x 12 x 8"		Blocks 18 x 9 x 4½"	
Diameter	No. Blocks	Diameter	No. Blocks
8' 0"	86	8' 0"	197
8' 6"	97	8' 6"	223
9' 0"	108	9' 0"	250
9' 6"	121	9' 6"	279
10' 0"	134	10' 0"	308
10' 6"	148	10' 6"	339
11' 0"	162	11' 0"	372
11' 6"	177	11' 6"	407
12' 0"	194	12' 0"	444
12' 6"	209	12' 6"	481
13' 0"	226	13' 0"	520
13' 6"	244	13' 6"	560
14' 0"	263	14' 0"	603
14' 6"	282	14' 6"	647
15' 0"	301	15' 0"	692
15' 6"	322	15' 6"	739
16' 0"	343	16' 0"	787
16' 6"	364	16' 6"	838
17' 0"	387	17' 0"	888
17' 6"	410	17' 6"	942
18' 0"	434	18' 0"	996
18' 6"	459	18' 6"	1052
19' 0"	484	19' 0"	1109
19' 6"	509	19' 6"	1169
20' 0"	536	20' 0"	1229
20' 6"	563	20' 6"	1292
21' 0"	591	21' 0"	1356
21' 6"	619	21' 6"	1421
22' 0"	648	22' 0"	1488
22' 6"	677	22' 6"	1556
23' 0"	709	23' 0"	1626
23' 6"	740	23' 6"	1698
24' 0"	771	24' 0"	1770
24' 6"	804	24' 6"	1845
25' 0"	837	25' 0"	1920
25' 6"	871	25' 6"	1998

TABLE OF SILICA 12-INCH WEDGE  
BRICK

## 2½-INCH SERIES

Inside Diameter	2½" No. 2 Wedge 12 x 6 x 2⅞ x 2½"	2½" No. 1 Wedge 12 x 6 x 2⅞ x 2½"	Straight 12 x 6 x 2½"	Total
12 ft. 0 in.	181	.....	.....	181
12 " 6 "	173	15	.....	188
13 " 0 "	166	30	.....	196
13 " 6 "	158	45	.....	203
14 " 0 "	151	60	.....	211
14 " 6 "	143	75	.....	218
15 " 0 "	136	90	.....	226
15 " 6 "	128	106	.....	234
16 " 0 "	121	121	.....	242
16 " 6 "	113	136	.....	249
17 " 0 "	106	151	.....	257
17 " 6 "	98	166	.....	264
18 " 0 "	91	181	.....	272
18 " 6 "	83	196	.....	279
19 " 0 "	76	211	.....	287
19 " 6 "	68	226	.....	294
20 " 0 "	61	241	.....	302
20 " 6 "	53	256	.....	309
21 " 0 "	46	271	.....	317
21 " 6 "	38	287	.....	325
22 " 0 "	31	302	.....	333
22 " 6 "	23	317	.....	340
23 " 0 "	16	332	.....	348
23 " 6 "	8	347	.....	355
24 " 0 "	.....	362	.....	362
24 " 6 "	.....	362	8	370
25 " 0 "	.....	362	15	377
25 " 6 "	.....	362	23	385
26 " 0 "	.....	362	30	392
26 " 6 "	.....	362	38	400
27 " 0 "	.....	362	45	407
27 " 6 "	.....	362	53	415
28 " 0 "	.....	362	60	422
28 " 6 "	.....	362	68	430
29 " 0 "	.....	362	75	437
29 " 6 "	.....	362	83	445
30 " 0 "	.....	362	90	452
30 " 6 "	.....	362	98	460
31 " 0 "	.....	362	105	467
31 " 6 "	.....	362	113	475
32 " 0 "	.....	362	120	482
32 " 6 "	.....	362	128	490
33 " 0 "	.....	362	135	497
33 " 6 "	.....	362	143	505
34 " 0 "	.....	362	150	512
34 " 6 "	.....	362	158	520
35 " 0 "	.....	362	165	527
35 " 6 "	.....	362	173	535
36 " 0 "	.....	362	181	543

See page 137 for 3-inch series. In ordering state whether you desire 2½-inch or 3-inch series.



# TABLE OF SILICA 12-INCH WEDGE BRICK

## 3-INCH SERIES

Inside Diameter	3" No. 2 Wedge 12 x 6 x 3 x 2"	3" No. 1 Wedge 12 x 6 x 3 x 2½"	Straight 12 x 6 x 3"	Total
4 ft. 0 in.	75	.....	.....	75
4 " 6 "	69	13	.....	82
5 " 0 "	63	25	.....	88
5 " 6 "	56	38	.....	94
6 " 0 "	51	50	.....	101
6 " 6 "	44	63	.....	107
7 " 0 "	38	75	.....	113
7 " 6 "	31	88	.....	119
8 " 0 "	25	101	.....	126
8 " 6 "	19	113	.....	132
9 " 0 "	12	126	.....	138
9 " 6 "	7	138	.....	145
10 " 0 "	.....	151	.....	151
10 " 6 "	.....	151	6	157
11 " 0 "	.....	151	13	164
11 " 6 "	.....	151	19	170
12 " 0 "	.....	151	25	176
12 " 6 "	.....	151	31	182
13 " 0 "	.....	151	38	189
13 " 6 "	.....	151	44	195
14 " 0 "	.....	151	50	201
14 " 6 "	.....	151	57	208
15 " 0 "	.....	151	63	214
15 " 6 "	.....	151	69	220
16 " 0 "	.....	151	75	226
16 " 6 "	.....	151	82	233
17 " 0 "	.....	151	88	239
17 " 6 "	.....	151	94	245
18 " 0 "	.....	151	101	252
18 " 6 "	.....	151	107	258
19 " 0 "	.....	151	113	264
19 " 6 "	.....	151	120	271
20 " 0 "	.....	151	126	277
20 " 6 "	.....	151	132	283
21 " 0 "	.....	151	139	190
21 " 6 "	.....	151	145	196
22 " 0 "	.....	151	151	302

See page 136 for 2½-inch series. In ordering state whether you desire 2½-inch or 3-inch series.

## TABLE OF STANDARD CIRCLE BRICK

Inside Diameter	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	Variation
2 ft. 0 in.	12	....	....	....	.....
2 " 3 "	9	4	....	....	$\frac{1}{4}$ in.
2 " 6 "	6	8	....	....	$\frac{9}{16}$ "
2 " 9 "	3	12	....	....	$\frac{9}{16}$ "
3 " 0 "	....	16	....	....	.....
3 " 3 "	....	8	9	....	$\frac{1}{16}$ "
3 " 6 "	....	2	16	....	$\frac{1}{4}$ "
3 " 9 "	....	....	17	2	$1\frac{1}{8}$ "
4 " 0 "	....	....	15	5	$\frac{11}{16}$ "
4 " 3 "	....	....	13	8	$\frac{7}{16}$ "
4 " 6 "	....	....	12	10	$\frac{1}{2}$ "
4 " 9 "	....	....	10	13	$\frac{7}{16}$ "
5 " 0 "	....	....	9	15	$\frac{5}{8}$ "
5 " 3 "	....	....	8	18	$\frac{5}{16}$ "
5 " 6 "	....	....	6	21	$1\frac{1}{4}$ "
5 " 9 "	....	....	5	23	$1\frac{5}{8}$ "
6 " 0 "	....	....	3	26	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "
6 " 3 "	....	....	2	28	$3\frac{1}{2}$ "
6 " 6 "	....	....	....	31	.....

NOTE—"Variation" is the amount that a course varies from a true circle when laid up without cutting any brick. This can be eliminated by slight chipping. Unless customer understands that chipping will be necessary, these combinations should only be used on rough work.

## TEMPERATURES

Below we give the temperatures of iron, steel and other metals, under various conditions, according to the latest scientific investigations.

	Centigrade Degrees	Fahrenheit Degrees
Tin.....melts	229	445
Lead.....melts	322	612
Lead.....boils	1040	1904
Zinc.....melts	412	775
Zinc.....boils	1040	1904
Aluminum.....melts	700	1252
Silver.....melts	957	1775
Brass.....melts	1021	1870
Copper.....melts	1029	1885
Gold.....melts	1038	1900
Cobalt.....melts	1100	2012
Cast Iron, white.....melts	1135	2075
Cast Iron, gray.....melts	1222	2230
Steel.....melts	1300	2372
Iron, wrought.....melts	1500	2732
Nickel.....melts	1500	2732
Platinum.....melts	2533	4593
Glass Furnace, between the pots.	1375	2507
In the pots, refining.....	1310	2390
In the pots, working.....	1045	1913
Tanks melted for casting.....	1310	2390
Annealing Glassware.....{	444	800
	to 555	to 1000
Siemens Crucible Steel Furnace {	1460	2660
varies from.....{	to 1590	to 2894

## TEMPERATURES—CONTINUED

	Centigrade Degrees	Fahrenheit Degrees
<b>BESSEMER PROCESS</b>		
Running the slag .....	1580	2876
Running steel into ladle .....	1640	2984
Running steel into mould .....	1580	2876
Soaking pit furnace, ingot in. ....	1200	2192
Ingot under hammer .....	1080	1976
<b>OPEN HEARTH PROCESS</b>		
Gas from producers .....	720	1328
Gas entering generator .....	400	752
Gas leaving generator .....	1200	2192
Air leaving generator .....	1000	1832
Fumes passing to shaft .....	300	572
End of fusion of charge .....	1420	2588
Refining the steel .....	1500	2732
Running into ladle, first .....	1580	2876
Running into ladle, last .....	1490	2714
<b>BLAST FURNACE—GRAY BESSEMER</b>		
Front of tuyere .....	1930	3506
At tapping .....	1570	2858

The following table affords a somewhat rough method of estimating high temperature.

	Centigrade Degrees	Fahrenheit Degrees
Just glowing in the dark .....	525	977
Dark red .....	700	1252
Cherry red .....	908	1666
Bright cherry red .....	1000	1832
Orange .....	1150	2102
White .....	1300	2372
Dazzling white .....	1500	2732

## FUSING POINTS OF SEGER CONES

Number of Cone	Fusing Point		Number of Cone	Fusing Point	
	Degrees Fahr.	Degrees Centig.		Degrees Fahr.	Degrees Centig.
.022	1,094	590	10	2,426	1,330
.021	1,148	620	11	2,462	1,350
.020	1,202	650	12	2,498	1,370
.019	1,256	680	13	2,534	1,390
.018	1,310	710	14	2,570	1,410
.017	1,364	740	15	2,606	1,430
.016	1,418	770	16	2,642	1,450
.015	1,472	800	17	2,678	1,470
.014	1,526	830	18	2,714	1,490
.013	1,580	860	19	2,750	1,510
.012	1,634	890	20	2,786	1,530
.011	1,688	920	21	2,822	1,550
.010	1,742	950	22	2,858	1,570
.09	1,778	970	23	2,894	1,590
.08	1,814	990	24	2,930	1,610
.07	1,850	1,010	25	2,966	1,630
.06	1,886	1,030	26	3,002	1,650
.05	1,922	1,050	27	3,038	1,670
.04	1,958	1,070	28	3,074	1,690
.03	1,994	1,090	29	3,110	1,710
.02	2,030	1,110	30	3,146	1,730
.01	2,066	1,130	31	3,182	1,750
1	2,102	1,150	32	3,218	1,770
2	2,138	1,170	33	3,254	1,790
3	2,174	1,190	34	3,290	1,810
4	2,210	1,210	35	3,326	1,830
5	2,246	1,230	36	3,362	1,850
6	2,282	1,250	37	3,398	1,870
7	2,318	1,270	38	3,434	1,890
8	2,354	1,290	39	3,470	1,910
9	2,390	1,310			

COMPARISON OF CENTIGRADE AND FAHRENHEIT  
THERMOMETERS

Centi- grade	Fahren- heit	Centi- grade	Fahren- heit	Centi- grade	Fahren- heit
1815	3299	1770	3218	1725	3137
1814	3297.2	1769	3216.2	1724	3135.2
1813	3295.4	1768	3214.4	1723	3133.4
1812	3293.6	1767	3212.6	1722	3131.6
1811	3291.8	1766	3210.8	1721	3129.8
1810	3290	1765	3209	1720	3128
1809	3288.2	1764	3207.2	1719	3126.2
1808	3286.4	1763	3205.4	1718	3124.4
1807	3284.6	1762	3203.6	1717	3122.6
1806	3282.8	1761	3201.8	1716	3120.8
1805	3281	1760	3200	1715	3119
1804	3279.2	1759	3198.2	1714	3117.2
1803	3277.4	1758	3196.4	1713	3115.4
1802	3275.6	1757	3194.6	1712	3113.6
1801	3273.8	1756	3192.8	1711	3111.8
1800	3272	1755	3191	1710	3110
1799	3270.2	1754	3189.2	1709	3108.2
1798	3268.4	1753	3187.4	1708	3106.4
1797	3266.6	1752	3185.6	1707	3104.6
1796	3264.8	1751	3183.8	1706	3102.8
1795	3263	1750	3182	1705	3101
1794	3261.2	1749	3180.2	1704	3099.2
1793	3259.4	1748	3178.4	1703	3097.4
1792	3257.6	1747	3176.6	1702	3095.6
1791	3255.8	1746	3174.8	1701	3093.8
1790	3254	1745	3173	1700	3092
1789	3252.2	1744	3171.2	1699	3090.2
1788	3250.4	1743	3169.4	1698	3088.4
1787	3248.6	1742	3167.6	1697	3086.6
1786	3246.8	1741	3165.8	1696	3084.8
1785	3245	1740	3164	1695	3083
1784	3243.2	1739	3162.2	1694	3081.2
1783	3241.4	1738	3160.4	1693	3079.4
1782	3239.6	1737	3158.6	1692	3077.6
1781	3237.8	1736	3156.8	1691	3075.8
1780	3236	1735	3155	1690	3074
1779	3234.2	1734	3153.2	1689	3072.2
1778	3232.4	1733	3151.4	1688	3070.4
1777	3230.6	1732	3149.6	1687	3068.6
1776	3228.8	1731	3147.8	1686	3066.8
1775	3227	1730	3146	1685	3065
1774	3225.2	1729	3144.2	1684	3063.2
1773	3223.4	1728	3142.4	1683	3061.4
1772	3221.6	1727	3140.6	1682	3059.6
1771	3219.8	1726	3138.8	1681	3057.8



COMPARISON OF CENTIGRADE AND FAHRENHEIT  
THERMOMETERS—CONTINUED

Centi- grade	Fahren- heit	Centi- grade	Fahren- heit	Centi- grade	Fahren- heit
1680	3056	1635	2975	1590	2894
1679	3054.2	1634	2973.2	1589	2892.2
1678	3052.4	1633	2971.4	1588	2890.4
1677	3050.6	1632	2969.6	1587	2888.6
1676	3048.8	1631	2967.8	1586	2886.8
1675	3047	1630	2966	1585	2885
1674	3045.2	1629	2964.2	1584	2883.2
1673	3043.4	1628	2962.4	1583	2881.4
1672	3041.6	1627	2960.6	1582	2879.6
1671	3039.8	1626	2958.8	1581	2877.8
1670	3038	1625	2957	1580	2876
1669	3036.2	1624	2955.2	1579	2874.2
1668	3034.4	1623	2953.4	1578	2872.4
1667	3032.6	1622	2951.6	1577	2870.6
1666	3030.8	1621	2949.8	1576	2868.8
1665	3029	1620	2948	1575	2867
1664	3027.2	1619	2946.2	1574	2865.2
1663	3025.4	1618	2944.4	1573	2863.4
1662	3023.6	1617	2942.6	1572	2861.6
1661	3021.8	1616	2940.8	1571	2859.8
1660	3020	1615	2939	1570	2858
1659	3018.2	1614	2937.2	1569	2856.2
1658	3016.4	1613	2935.4	1568	2854.4
1657	3014.6	1612	2933.6	1567	2852.6
1656	3012.8	1611	2931.8	1566	2850.8
1655	3011	1610	2930	1565	2849
1654	3009.2	1609	2928.2	1564	2847.2
1653	3007.4	1608	2926.4	1563	2845.4
1652	3005.6	1607	2924.6	1562	2843.6
1651	3003.8	1606	2922.8	1561	2841.8
1650	3002	1605	2921	1560	2840
1649	3000.2	1604	2919.2	1559	2838.2
1648	2998.4	1603	2917.4	1558	2836.4
1647	2996.6	1602	2915.6	1557	2834.6
1646	2994.8	1601	2913.8	1556	2832.8
1645	2993	1600	2912	1555	2831
1644	2991.2	1599	2910.2	1554	2829.2
1643	2989.4	1598	2908.4	1553	2827.4
1642	2987.6	1597	2906.6	1552	2825.6
1641	2985.8	1596	2904.8	1551	2823.8
1640	2984	1595	2903	1550	2822
1639	2982.2	1594	2901.2	1549	2820.2
1638	2980.4	1593	2899.4	1548	2818.4
1637	2978.6	1592	2897.6	1547	2816.6
1636	2976.8	1591	2895.8	1546	2814.8

COMPARISON OF CENTIGRADE AND FAHRENHEIT  
THERMOMETERS—CONTINUED

Centi- grade	Fahren- heit	Centi- grade	Fahren- heit	Centi- grade	Fahren- heit
1545	2813	1500	2732	1455	2651
1544	2811.2	1499	2730.2	1454	2649.2
1543	2809.4	1498	2728.4	1453	2647.4
1542	2807.6	1497	2726.6	1452	2645.6
1541	2805.8	1496	2724.8	1451	2643.8
1540	2804	1495	2723	1450	2642
1539	2802.2	1494	2721.2	1449	2640.2
1538	2800.4	1493	2719.4	1448	2638.4
1537	2798.6	1492	2717.6	1447	2636.6
1536	2796.8	1491	2715.8	1446	2634.8
1535	2795	1490	2714	1445	2633
1534	2793.2	1489	2712.2	1444	2631.2
1533	2791.4	1488	2710.4	1443	2629.4
1532	2789.6	1487	2708.6	1442	2627.6
1531	2787.8	1486	2706.8	1441	2625.8
1530	2785	1485	2705	1440	2624
1529	2784.2	1484	2703.2	1439	2622.2
1528	2782.4	1483	2701.4	1438	2620.4
1527	2780.6	1482	2699.6	1437	2618.6
1526	2778.8	1481	2697.8	1436	2616.8
1525	2777	1480	2696	1435	2615
1524	2775.2	1479	2694.2	1434	2613.2
1523	2773.4	1478	2692.4	1433	2611.4
1522	2771.6	1477	2690.6	1432	2609.6
1521	2769.8	1476	2688.8	1431	2607.8
1520	2768	1475	2687	1430	2606
1519	2766.2	1474	2685.2	1429	2604.2
1518	2764.4	1473	2683.4	1428	2602.4
1517	2762.6	1472	2681.6	1427	2600.6
1516	2760.8	1471	2679.8	1426	2598.8
1515	2759	1470	2678	1425	2597
1514	2757.2	1469	2676.2	1424	2595.2
1513	2755.4	1468	2674.4	1423	2593.4
1512	2753.6	1467	2672.6	1422	2591.6
1511	2751.8	1466	2670.8	1421	2589.8
1510	2750	1465	2669	1420	2588
1509	2748.2	1464	2667.2	1419	2586.2
1508	2746.4	1463	2665.4	1418	2584.4
1507	2744.6	1462	2663.6	1417	2582.6
1506	2742.8	1461	2661.8	1416	2580.8
1505	2741	1460	2660	1415	2579
1504	2739.2	1459	2658.2	1414	2577.2
1503	2737.4	1458	2656.4	1413	2575.4
1502	2735.6	1457	2654.6	1412	2573.6
1501	2733.8	1456	2652.8	1411	2571.8

COMPARISON OF CENTIGRADE AND FAHRENHEIT  
THERMOMETERS—CONTINUED

Centi- grade	Fahren- heit	Centi- grade	Fahren- heit	Centi- grade	Fahren- heit
1410	2570	1320	2408	870	1598
1409	2568.2	1310	2390	860	1580
1408	2566.4	1300	2372	850	1562
1407	2564.6	1290	2354	840	1544
1406	2562.8	1280	2336	830	1526
1405	2561	1270	2318	820	1508
1404	2559.2	1260	2300	810	1490
1403	2557.4	1250	2282	800	1472
1402	2555.6	1240	2264	790	1454
1401	2553.8	1230	2246	780	1436
1400	2552	1220	2228	770	1418
1399	2550.2	1210	2210	760	1400
1398	2548.4	1200	2192	750	1382
1397	2546.6	1190	2174	740	1364
1396	2544.8	1180	2156	730	1346
1395	2543	1170	2138	720	1328
1394	2541.2	1160	2120	710	1310
1393	2539.4	1150	2102	700	1292
1392	2537.6	1140	2084	690	1274
1391	2535.8	1130	2066	680	1256
1390	2534	1120	2048	670	1238
1389	2532.2	1110	2030	660	1220
1388	2530.4	1100	2012	650	1202
1387	2528.6	1090	1994	640	1184
1386	2526.8	1080	1976	630	1166
1385	2525	1070	1958	620	1148
1384	2523.2	1060	1940	610	1130
1383	2521.4	1050	1922	600	1112
1382	2519.6	1040	1904	590	1094
1381	2517.8	1030	1886	580	1076
1380	2516	1020	1868	570	1058
1379	2514.2	1010	1850	560	1040
1378	2512.4	1000	1832	550	1022
1377	2510.6	990	1814	540	1004
1376	2508.8	980	1796	530	986
1375	2507	970	1778	520	968
1374	2505.2	960	1760	510	950
1373	2503.4	950	1742	500	932
1372	2501.6	940	1724	490	914
1371	2499.8	930	1706	480	896
1370	2498	920	1688	470	878
1360	2480	910	1670	460	860
1350	2462	900	1652	450	842
1340	2444	890	1634	440	824
1330	2426	880	1616	430	806

COMPARISON OF CENTIGRADE AND FAHRENHEIT  
THERMOMETERS—CONTINUED

Centi- grade	Fahren- heit	Centi- grade	Fahren- heit	Centi- grade	Fahren- heit
420	788	220	428	20	68
410	770	210	410	10	50
400	752	200	392	0	32
390	734	190	374	1	30.2
380	716	180	356	2	28.4
370	698	170	338	3	26.6
360	680	160	320	4	24.8
350	662	150	302	5	23
340	644	140	284	6	21.2
330	626	130	266	7	19.4
320	608	120	248	8	17.6
310	590	110	230	9	15.8
300	572	100	212	10	14
290	554	90	194	11	12.2
280	536	80	176	12	10.4
270	518	70	158	13	8.6
260	500	60	140	14	6.8
250	482	50	122	15	5
240	464	40	104	16	3.2
230	446	30	86	17	1.4
				18	0.4

Zero in Centigrade is the freezing point of water.

1 degree Centigrade equals  $1\frac{4}{5}$  degrees Fahrenheit.

To change degrees Centigrade to Fahrenheit, multiply by 9, divide by 5 and add 32.

To change degrees Fahrenheit to Centigrade, subtract 32, divide by 9 and multiply by 5.

# CIRCUMFERENCES AND AREAS OF CIRCLES FROM 1-64 TO 50

Diam.	Circum.	Area	Diam.	Circum.	Area
$\frac{1}{64}$	.04909	.000192	4	12.5664	12.5664
$\frac{1}{32}$	.09818	.000767	$4\frac{1}{8}$	12.9591	13.3641
$\frac{1}{16}$	.19635	.003068	$4\frac{1}{4}$	13.3518	14.1863
$\frac{1}{8}$	.3927	.012272	$4\frac{3}{8}$	13.7445	15.033
$\frac{3}{16}$	.589	.027612	$4\frac{1}{2}$	14.1372	15.9043
$\frac{1}{4}$	.7854	.049087	$4\frac{5}{8}$	14.5299	16.8002
$\frac{5}{16}$	.98175	.076699	$4\frac{3}{4}$	14.9226	17.7206
$\frac{3}{8}$	1.1781	.110447	$4\frac{7}{8}$	15.3153	18.6555
$\frac{7}{16}$	1.37445	.15033			
$\frac{1}{2}$	1.5708	.19635	5	15.708	19.635
$\frac{9}{16}$	1.76715	.248505	$5\frac{1}{8}$	16.1007	20.629
$\frac{5}{8}$	1.9635	.306796	$5\frac{1}{4}$	16.4934	21.6476
$\frac{11}{16}$	2.15985	.371224	$5\frac{3}{8}$	16.8861	22.6907
$\frac{3}{4}$	2.3562	.441787	$5\frac{1}{2}$	17.2788	23.7583
$\frac{13}{16}$	2.55255	.518487	$5\frac{5}{8}$	17.6715	24.8505
$\frac{7}{8}$	2.7489	.601322	$5\frac{3}{4}$	18.0642	25.9673
$\frac{15}{16}$	2.94525	.690292	$5\frac{7}{8}$	18.4569	27.1086
1	3.1416	.7854	6	18.8496	28.2744
$1\frac{1}{8}$	3.5343	.99402	$6\frac{1}{8}$	19.2423	29.4648
$1\frac{1}{4}$	3.927	1.2272	$6\frac{1}{4}$	19.635	30.6797
$1\frac{3}{8}$	4.3197	1.4849	$6\frac{3}{8}$	20.0277	31.9191
$1\frac{1}{2}$	4.7124	1.7671	$6\frac{1}{2}$	20.4204	33.1831
$1\frac{5}{8}$	5.1051	2.0739	$6\frac{5}{8}$	20.8131	34.4717
$1\frac{3}{4}$	5.4978	2.4053	$6\frac{3}{4}$	21.2058	35.7848
$1\frac{7}{8}$	5.8905	2.7612	$6\frac{7}{8}$	21.5985	37.1224
2	6.2832	3.1416	7	21.9912	38.4846
$2\frac{1}{8}$	6.6759	3.5466	$7\frac{1}{8}$	22.3839	39.8713
$2\frac{1}{4}$	7.0686	3.9761	$7\frac{1}{4}$	22.7766	41.2826
$2\frac{3}{8}$	7.4613	4.4301	$7\frac{3}{8}$	23.1693	42.7184
$2\frac{1}{2}$	7.854	4.9087	$7\frac{1}{2}$	23.562	44.1787
$2\frac{5}{8}$	8.2467	5.4119	$7\frac{5}{8}$	23.9547	45.6636
$2\frac{3}{4}$	8.6394	5.9396	$7\frac{3}{4}$	24.3474	47.1731
$2\frac{7}{8}$	9.0321	6.4918	$7\frac{7}{8}$	24.7401	48.7071
3	9.4248	7.0686	8	25.1328	50.2656
$3\frac{1}{8}$	9.8175	7.6699	$8\frac{1}{8}$	25.5255	51.8487
$3\frac{1}{4}$	10.2102	8.2958	$8\frac{1}{4}$	25.9182	53.4563
$3\frac{3}{8}$	10.6029	8.9462	$8\frac{3}{8}$	26.3109	55.0884
$3\frac{1}{2}$	10.9956	9.6211	$8\frac{1}{2}$	26.7036	56.7451
$3\frac{5}{8}$	11.3883	10.3206	$8\frac{5}{8}$	27.0963	58.4264
$3\frac{3}{4}$	11.781	11.0447	$8\frac{3}{4}$	27.489	60.1322
$3\frac{7}{8}$	12.1737	11.7933	$8\frac{7}{8}$	27.8817	61.8625

CIRCUMFERENCES AND AREAS OF CIRCLES  
CONTINUED

Diam.	Circum.	Area	Diam.	Circum.	Area
9	28.2744	63.6174	15	47.124	176.715
9 $\frac{1}{8}$	28.6671	65.3968	15 $\frac{1}{8}$	47.5167	179.673
9 $\frac{1}{4}$	29.0598	67.2008	15 $\frac{1}{4}$	47.9094	182.655
9 $\frac{3}{8}$	29.4525	69.0293	15 $\frac{3}{8}$	48.3021	185.661
9 $\frac{1}{2}$	29.8452	70.8823	15 $\frac{1}{2}$	48.6948	188.692
9 $\frac{5}{8}$	30.2379	72.7599	15 $\frac{5}{8}$	49.0875	191.748
9 $\frac{3}{4}$	30.6306	74.6621	15 $\frac{3}{4}$	49.4802	194.828
9 $\frac{7}{8}$	31.0233	76.5888	15 $\frac{7}{8}$	49.8729	197.933
10	31.416	78.54	16	50.2656	201.062
10 $\frac{1}{8}$	31.8087	80.5158	16 $\frac{1}{8}$	50.6583	204.216
10 $\frac{1}{4}$	32.2014	82.5161	16 $\frac{1}{4}$	51.051	207.395
10 $\frac{3}{8}$	32.5941	84.5409	16 $\frac{3}{8}$	51.4437	210.598
10 $\frac{1}{2}$	32.9868	86.5903	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	51.8364	213.825
10 $\frac{5}{8}$	33.3795	88.6643	16 $\frac{5}{8}$	52.2291	217.077
10 $\frac{3}{4}$	33.7722	90.7628	16 $\frac{3}{4}$	52.6218	220.354
10 $\frac{7}{8}$	34.1649	92.8858	16 $\frac{7}{8}$	53.0145	223.655
11	34.5576	95.0334	17	53.4072	226.981
11 $\frac{1}{8}$	34.9503	97.2055	17 $\frac{1}{8}$	53.7999	230.331
11 $\frac{1}{4}$	35.343	99.4022	17 $\frac{1}{4}$	54.1926	233.906
11 $\frac{3}{8}$	35.7357	101.6234	17 $\frac{3}{8}$	54.5853	237.105
11 $\frac{1}{2}$	36.1284	103.8691	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	54.978	240.529
11 $\frac{5}{8}$	36.5211	106.1394	17 $\frac{5}{8}$	55.3707	243.977
11 $\frac{3}{4}$	36.9138	108.4343	17 $\frac{3}{4}$	55.7634	247.45
11 $\frac{7}{8}$	37.3065	110.7537	17 $\frac{7}{8}$	56.1561	250.948
12	37.6992	113.098	18	56.5488	254.47
12 $\frac{1}{8}$	38.0919	115.466	18 $\frac{1}{8}$	56.9415	258.016
12 $\frac{1}{4}$	38.4846	117.859	18 $\frac{1}{4}$	57.3342	261.587
12 $\frac{3}{8}$	38.8773	120.277	18 $\frac{3}{8}$	57.7269	265.183
12 $\frac{1}{2}$	39.27	122.719	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	58.1196	268.803
12 $\frac{5}{8}$	39.6627	125.185	18 $\frac{5}{8}$	58.5123	272.448
12 $\frac{3}{4}$	40.0554	127.677	18 $\frac{3}{4}$	58.905	276.117
12 $\frac{7}{8}$	40.4481	130.192	18 $\frac{7}{8}$	59.2977	279.811
13	40.8408	132.733	19	59.6904	283.529
13 $\frac{1}{8}$	41.2335	135.297	19 $\frac{1}{8}$	60.0831	287.272
13 $\frac{1}{4}$	41.6262	137.887	19 $\frac{1}{4}$	60.4758	291.04
13 $\frac{3}{8}$	42.0189	140.501	19 $\frac{3}{8}$	60.8685	294.832
13 $\frac{1}{2}$	42.4116	143.139	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	61.2612	298.648
13 $\frac{5}{8}$	42.8043	145.802	19 $\frac{5}{8}$	61.6539	302.489
13 $\frac{3}{4}$	43.197	148.49	19 $\frac{3}{4}$	62.0466	306.355
13 $\frac{7}{8}$	43.5897	151.202	19 $\frac{7}{8}$	62.4393	310.245
14	43.9824	153.938	20	62.832	314.16
14 $\frac{1}{8}$	44.3751	156.7	20 $\frac{1}{8}$	63.2247	318.099
14 $\frac{1}{4}$	44.7678	159.485	20 $\frac{1}{4}$	63.6174	322.063
14 $\frac{3}{8}$	45.1605	162.296	20 $\frac{3}{8}$	64.0101	326.051
14 $\frac{1}{2}$	45.5532	165.13	20 $\frac{1}{2}$	64.4028	330.064
14 $\frac{5}{8}$	45.9459	167.99	20 $\frac{5}{8}$	64.7955	334.102
14 $\frac{3}{4}$	46.3386	170.874	20 $\frac{3}{4}$	65.1882	338.164
14 $\frac{7}{8}$	46.7313	173.782	20 $\frac{7}{8}$	65.5809	342.25



CIRCUMFERENCES AND AREAS OF CIRCLES  
CONTINUED

Diam.	Circum.	Area	Diam.	Circum.	Area
21	65.9736	346.861	27	84.8232	572.557
21 $\frac{1}{8}$	66.3663	350.497	27 $\frac{1}{8}$	85.2159	577.87
21 $\frac{1}{4}$	66.759	354.657	27 $\frac{1}{4}$	85.6086	583.209
21 $\frac{3}{8}$	67.1517	358.842	27 $\frac{3}{8}$	86.0013	588.571
21 $\frac{1}{2}$	67.5444	363.051	27 $\frac{1}{2}$	86.394	593.959
21 $\frac{5}{8}$	67.9379	367.285	27 $\frac{5}{8}$	86.7867	599.371
21 $\frac{3}{4}$	68.3298	371.543	27 $\frac{3}{4}$	87.1794	604.807
21 $\frac{7}{8}$	68.7225	375.826	27 $\frac{7}{8}$	87.5729	610.268
22	69.1152	380.134	28	87.9648	615.754
22 $\frac{1}{8}$	69.5079	384.466	28 $\frac{1}{8}$	88.3575	621.264
22 $\frac{1}{4}$	69.9006	388.822	28 $\frac{1}{4}$	88.7502	626.798
22 $\frac{3}{8}$	70.2933	393.203	28 $\frac{3}{8}$	89.1429	632.357
22 $\frac{1}{2}$	70.686	397.609	28 $\frac{1}{2}$	89.5356	637.941
22 $\frac{5}{8}$	71.0787	402.038	28 $\frac{5}{8}$	89.9283	643.549
22 $\frac{3}{4}$	71.4714	406.494	28 $\frac{3}{4}$	90.321	649.182
22 $\frac{7}{8}$	71.8641	410.973	28 $\frac{7}{8}$	90.7137	654.84
23	72.2568	415.477	29	91.1064	660.521
23 $\frac{1}{8}$	72.6495	420.004	29 $\frac{1}{8}$	91.4991	666.228
23 $\frac{1}{4}$	73.0422	424.558	29 $\frac{1}{4}$	91.8918	671.959
23 $\frac{3}{8}$	73.4349	429.135	29 $\frac{3}{8}$	92.2845	677.714
23 $\frac{1}{2}$	73.8276	433.737	29 $\frac{1}{2}$	92.6772	683.494
23 $\frac{5}{8}$	74.2203	438.364	29 $\frac{5}{8}$	93.0699	689.299
23 $\frac{3}{4}$	74.613	443.015	29 $\frac{3}{4}$	93.4626	695.128
23 $\frac{7}{8}$	75.0057	447.69	29 $\frac{7}{8}$	93.8553	700.982
24	75.3984	452.39	30	94.248	706.86
24 $\frac{1}{8}$	75.7911	457.115	30 $\frac{1}{8}$	94.6407	712.763
24 $\frac{1}{4}$	76.1838	461.864	30 $\frac{1}{4}$	95.0334	718.69
24 $\frac{3}{8}$	76.5765	466.638	30 $\frac{3}{8}$	95.4261	724.642
24 $\frac{1}{2}$	76.9692	471.436	30 $\frac{1}{2}$	95.8188	730.618
24 $\frac{5}{8}$	77.3619	476.259	30 $\frac{5}{8}$	96.2115	736.619
24 $\frac{3}{4}$	77.7546	481.107	30 $\frac{3}{4}$	96.6042	742.645
24 $\frac{7}{8}$	78.1473	485.979	30 $\frac{7}{8}$	96.9969	748.695
25	78.54	490.875	31	97.3896	754.769
25 $\frac{1}{8}$	78.9327	495.796	31 $\frac{1}{8}$	97.7823	760.869
25 $\frac{1}{4}$	79.3254	500.742	31 $\frac{1}{4}$	98.175	766.992
25 $\frac{3}{8}$	79.7181	505.712	31 $\frac{3}{8}$	98.5677	773.14
25 $\frac{1}{2}$	80.1108	510.706	31 $\frac{1}{2}$	98.9604	779.313
25 $\frac{5}{8}$	80.5035	515.726	31 $\frac{5}{8}$	99.3531	785.51
25 $\frac{3}{4}$	80.8962	520.769	31 $\frac{3}{4}$	99.7458	791.732
25 $\frac{7}{8}$	81.2889	525.838	31 $\frac{7}{8}$	100.1385	797.979
26	81.6816	530.93	32	100.5312	804.25
26 $\frac{1}{8}$	82.0743	536.048	32 $\frac{1}{8}$	100.9239	810.545
26 $\frac{1}{4}$	82.476	541.19	32 $\frac{1}{4}$	101.3166	816.865
26 $\frac{3}{8}$	82.8597	546.356	32 $\frac{3}{8}$	101.7093	823.21
26 $\frac{1}{2}$	83.2524	551.547	32 $\frac{1}{2}$	102.102	829.579
26 $\frac{5}{8}$	83.6451	556.763	32 $\frac{5}{8}$	102.4947	835.972
26 $\frac{3}{4}$	84.0378	562.003	32 $\frac{3}{4}$	102.8874	842.391
26 $\frac{7}{8}$	84.4305	567.267	32 $\frac{7}{8}$	103.2801	848.833

CIRCUMFERENCES AND AREAS OF CIRCLES  
CONTINUED

Diam.	Circum.	Area	Diam.	Circum.	Area
33	103.673	855.301	39	122.522	1194.593
33 $\frac{1}{8}$	104.065	861.792	39 $\frac{1}{8}$	122.915	1202.263
33 $\frac{1}{4}$	104.458	868.309	39 $\frac{1}{4}$	123.308	1209.958
33 $\frac{3}{8}$	104.851	874.85	39 $\frac{3}{8}$	123.7	1217.677
33 $\frac{1}{2}$	105.344	881.415	39 $\frac{1}{2}$	124.093	1225.42
33 $\frac{5}{8}$	105.636	888.005	39 $\frac{5}{8}$	124.486	1233.188
33 $\frac{3}{4}$	106.029	894.62	39 $\frac{3}{4}$	124.879	1240.981
33 $\frac{7}{8}$	106.422	901.259	39 $\frac{7}{8}$	125.271	1248.798
34	106.814	907.922	40	125.664	1256.64
34 $\frac{1}{8}$	107.207	914.611	40 $\frac{1}{8}$	126.057	1264.51
34 $\frac{1}{4}$	107.6	921.323	40 $\frac{1}{4}$	126.449	1272.4
34 $\frac{3}{8}$	107.992	928.061	40 $\frac{3}{8}$	126.842	1280.31
34 $\frac{1}{2}$	108.385	934.822	40 $\frac{1}{2}$	127.235	1288.25
34 $\frac{5}{8}$	108.778	941.609	40 $\frac{5}{8}$	127.627	1296.22
34 $\frac{3}{4}$	109.171	948.42	40 $\frac{3}{4}$	128.02	1304.21
34 $\frac{7}{8}$	109.563	955.255	40 $\frac{7}{8}$	128.413	1312.22
35	109.956	962.115	41	128.806	1320.26
35 $\frac{1}{8}$	110.349	969.	41 $\frac{1}{8}$	129.198	1328.32
35 $\frac{1}{4}$	110.741	975.909	41 $\frac{1}{4}$	129.591	1336.41
35 $\frac{3}{8}$	111.134	982.842	41 $\frac{3}{8}$	129.984	1344.52
35 $\frac{1}{2}$	111.527	989.8	41 $\frac{1}{2}$	130.376	1352.66
35 $\frac{5}{8}$	111.919	996.783	41 $\frac{5}{8}$	130.769	1360.82
35 $\frac{3}{4}$	112.312	1003.79	41 $\frac{3}{4}$	131.162	1369.
35 $\frac{7}{8}$	112.705	1010.822	41 $\frac{7}{8}$	131.554	1377.21
36	113.098	1017.878	42	131.947	1385.45
36 $\frac{1}{8}$	113.49	1024.96	42 $\frac{1}{8}$	132.34	1393.7
36 $\frac{1}{4}$	113.883	1032.065	42 $\frac{1}{4}$	132.733	1401.99
36 $\frac{3}{8}$	114.276	1039.195	42 $\frac{3}{8}$	133.125	1410.3
36 $\frac{1}{2}$	114.668	1046.349	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	133.518	1418.63
36 $\frac{5}{8}$	115.061	1053.528	42 $\frac{5}{8}$	133.911	1426.99
36 $\frac{3}{4}$	115.454	1060.732	42 $\frac{3}{4}$	134.303	1435.37
36 $\frac{7}{8}$	115.846	1067.96	42 $\frac{7}{8}$	134.696	1443.77
37	116.239	1075.213	43	135.089	1452.2
37 $\frac{1}{8}$	116.632	1082.49	43 $\frac{1}{8}$	135.481	1460.66
37 $\frac{1}{4}$	117.025	1089.792	43 $\frac{1}{4}$	135.874	1469.14
37 $\frac{3}{8}$	117.417	1097.118	43 $\frac{3}{8}$	136.267	1477.64
37 $\frac{1}{2}$	117.81	1104.469	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	136.66	1486.17
37 $\frac{5}{8}$	118.203	1111.844	43 $\frac{5}{8}$	137.052	1494.73
37 $\frac{3}{4}$	118.595	1119.244	43 $\frac{3}{4}$	137.445	1503.3
37 $\frac{7}{8}$	118.988	1126.669	43 $\frac{7}{8}$	137.838	1511.91
38	119.381	1134.118	44	138.23	1520.53
38 $\frac{1}{8}$	119.773	1141.591	44 $\frac{1}{8}$	138.623	1529.19
38 $\frac{1}{4}$	120.166	1149.089	44 $\frac{1}{4}$	139.016	1537.86
38 $\frac{3}{8}$	120.559	1156.612	44 $\frac{3}{8}$	139.408	1546.56
38 $\frac{1}{2}$	120.952	1164.159	44 $\frac{1}{2}$	139.801	1555.29
38 $\frac{5}{8}$	121.344	1171.731	44 $\frac{5}{8}$	140.194	1564.04
38 $\frac{3}{4}$	121.737	1179.327	44 $\frac{3}{4}$	140.587	1572.81
38 $\frac{7}{8}$	122.13	1186.948	44 $\frac{7}{8}$	140.979	1581.61

CIRCUMFERENCES AND AREAS OF CIRCLES  
CONTINUED

Diam.	Circum.	Area	Diam.	Circum.	Area
45	141.372	1590.43	48	150.797	1809.56
45 $\frac{1}{8}$	141.765	1599.28	48 $\frac{1}{8}$	151.189	1819.
45 $\frac{1}{4}$	142.157	1608.16	48 $\frac{1}{4}$	151.582	1828.46
45 $\frac{3}{8}$	142.55	1617.05	48 $\frac{3}{8}$	151.975	1837.95
45 $\frac{1}{2}$	142.943	1625.97	48 $\frac{1}{2}$	152.368	1847.46
45 $\frac{5}{8}$	143.335	1634.92	48 $\frac{5}{8}$	152.76	1856.99
45 $\frac{3}{4}$	143.728	1643.89	48 $\frac{3}{4}$	153.153	1866.55
45 $\frac{7}{8}$	144.121	1652.89	48 $\frac{7}{8}$	153.546	1876.14
46	144.514	1661.91	49	153.938	1885.75
46 $\frac{1}{8}$	144.906	1670.95	49 $\frac{1}{8}$	154.331	1895.38
46 $\frac{1}{4}$	145.299	1680.02	49 $\frac{1}{4}$	154.724	1905.04
46 $\frac{3}{8}$	145.692	1689.11	49 $\frac{3}{8}$	155.116	1914.72
46 $\frac{1}{2}$	146.084	1698.23	49 $\frac{1}{2}$	155.509	1924.43
46 $\frac{5}{8}$	146.477	1707.37	49 $\frac{5}{8}$	155.902	1934.16
46 $\frac{3}{4}$	146.87	1716.54	49 $\frac{3}{4}$	156.295	1943.91
46 $\frac{7}{8}$	147.262	1725.73	49 $\frac{7}{8}$	156.687	1953.69
47	147.655	1734.95	50	157.08	1963.5
47 $\frac{1}{8}$	148.048	1744.19			
47 $\frac{1}{4}$	148.441	1753.45			
47 $\frac{3}{8}$	148.833	1762.74			
47 $\frac{1}{2}$	149.226	1772.06			
47 $\frac{5}{8}$	149.619	1781.4			
47 $\frac{3}{4}$	150.011	1790.76			
47 $\frac{7}{8}$	150.404	1800.15			

## TABLE FOR CIRCLE BRICK

FOR LENGTH OF CHORD MULTIPLY SINE BY DIAMETER

No. to Circle	Sine of Half Angle	Diameter for 9" Chord	No. to Circle	Sine of Half Angle	Diameter for 9" Chord
5	.58779	15.311"	28	.11196	80.385"
6	.50000	18.000"	29	.10811	83.248"
7	.43386	20.740"	30	.10453	86.099"
8	.38268	23.518"	31	.10044	89.605"
9	.34202	26.314"	32	.09802	91.818"
10	.30902	29.124"	33	.09507	94.667"
11	.28173	31.945"	34	.09225	97.560"
12	.25882	34.773"	35	.08965	100.390"
13	.23932	37.606"	36	.08716	103.257"
14	.22251	40.447"	37	.08481	106.119"
15	.20791	43.287"	38	.08258	108.985"
16	.19509	46.132"	39	.08046	111.856"
17	.18428	48.833"	40	.07846	114.708"
18	.17365	51.828"	41	.07655	117.570"
19	.16459	54.681"	42	.07472	120.449"
20	.15643	57.533"	43	.07300	123.287"
21	.14904	60.386"	44	.07136	127.102"
22	.14230	63.246"	45	.06976	129.014"
23	.13617	66.094"	46	.06825	131.868"
24	.13053	68.949"	47	.06679	134.750"
25	.12534	71.805"	48	.06540	137.614"
26	.12054	74.664"	49	.06407	140.471"
27	.11609	77.526"	50	.06279	143.334"

## WEIGHT OF VARIOUS MATERIALS

Material	Average Per Cu. Ft. Pounds
<b>BRICK</b>	
Common red.....	100
Fire clay.....	150
Silica.....	128
Chrome.....	175
Magnesia as brick or fused in furnace.....	160
<b>GRAIN</b>	
Magnesite as shipped.....	112
<b>CEMENT</b>	
Portland.....	78
Hydraulic.....	60
<b>CORK</b> .....	15
<b>COAL AND COKE</b>	
Anthracite.....	60
Bituminous.....	49
Charcoal.....	18.5
Coke.....	26.3
<b>CONCRETE</b>	
Cement, fine.....	137
Rubble, coarse.....	119
<b>EARTH</b>	
Loam, dry, loose.....	76
Loam, packed.....	95
Loam, soft, loose mud.....	108
Loam, dense mud.....	125
<b>GLASS</b>	
Common window.....	157
Plate.....	172
Flint.....	192
Floor or skylight.....	158
<b>GRAIN</b>	
Corn.....	45
Oats.....	24
Wheat.....	48
<b>LIME</b>	
Quick, loose lumps.....	53
Quick, fine.....	75
Stone, large rocks.....	168
Stone, irregular lumps.....	96
<b>MASONRY</b>	
Granite or limestone.....	165
Mortar, rubble.....	154
Dry.....	138
Sandstone, dressed.....	144
<b>METALS</b>	
Aluminum.....	166
Brass, cast.....	524
Bronze.....	534
Copper, cast.....	537
Copper, rolled or wire.....	555
Iron, cast.....	450
Iron, wrought.....	482

## WEIGHT OF VARIOUS MATERIALS CONTINUED

Material	Average Per Cu. Ft. Pounds
<b>METALS—Continued</b>	
Lead, cast.....	708
Lead, rolled.....	711
Steel, cast.....	490
Steel, rolled.....	495
Tin, cast.....	459
Zinc, cast.....	438
<b>OILS</b>	
Engine.....	55
Crude .....	48
Petroleum .....	55
Gasoline.....	43
<b>ROCK</b>	
Chalk.....	145
Granite.....	165
Gypsum.....	143
Sandstone.....	144
Pumice stone.....	57
Quartz .....	165
Salt, coarse.....	45
Salt, fine.....	49
Shales.....	162
Slate, American.....	175
<b>SAND</b>	
Dry and loose.....	100
Dry and packed.....	110
Wet and packed.....	130
Gravel packed.....	118
<b>WATER</b>	
Water as ice.....	58.7
Water at 32 degrees Fahrenheit.....	62.4
Water at 212 degrees Fahrenheit.....	59.6
<b>WOODS, DRY</b>	
Apple .....	48
Beech.....	43
Birch.....	45
Cedar, American .....	35
Chestnut.....	41
Ebony.....	76
Elm.....	35
Hemlock.....	25
Hickory.....	53
Ironwood.....	114
Mahogany.....	35 to 53
Maple .....	49
Oak, live.....	59
Oak, white.....	50
Pine, white.....	25
Pine, yellow northern.....	34
Pine, yellow southern.....	45
Spruce.....	25
Walnut.....	35



## DECIMALS OF AN INCH FOR EACH 1-64TH

1-64 . . . .015625	33-64 . . . .515625
1-32 . . . .03125	17-32 . . . .53125
3-64 . . . .046875	35-64 . . . .546875
1-16 . . . .0625	9-16 . . . .5625
5-64 . . . .078125	37-64 . . . .578125
3-32 . . . .09375	19-32 . . . .59375
7-64 . . . .109375	39-64 . . . .609375
1-8 . . . .125	5-8 . . . .625
9-64 . . . .140625	41-64 . . . .640625
5-32 . . . .15625	21-32 . . . .65625
11-64 . . . .171875	43-64 . . . .671875
3-16 . . . .1875	11-16 . . . .6875
13-64 . . . .203125	45-64 . . . .703125
7-32 . . . .21875	23-32 . . . .71875
15-64 . . . .234375	47-64 . . . .734375
1-4 . . . .250	3-4 . . . .75
17-64 . . . .265625	49-64 . . . .765625
9-32 . . . .28125	25-32 . . . .78125
19-64 . . . .296875	51-64 . . . .796875
5-16 . . . .3125	13-16 . . . .8125
21-64 . . . .328125	53-64 . . . .828125
11-32 . . . .34375	27-32 . . . .84375
23-64 . . . .359375	55-64 . . . .859375
3-8 . . . .375	7-8 . . . .875
25-64 . . . .390625	57-64 . . . .890625
13-32 . . . .40625	29-32 . . . .90625
27-64 . . . .421875	59-64 . . . .921875
7-16 . . . .4375	15-16 . . . .9375
29-64 . . . .453125	61-64 . . . .953125
15-32 . . . .46875	31-32 . . . .96875
31-64 . . . .484375	63-64 . . . .984375
1-2 . . . .500	1 . . . .1

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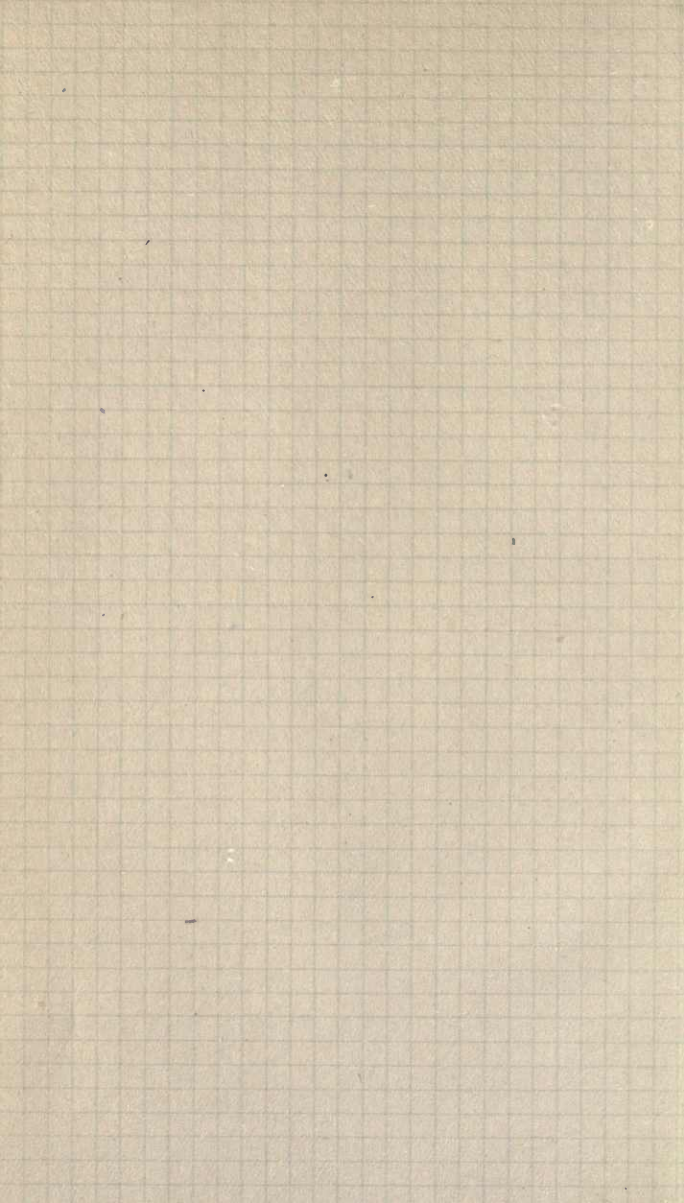








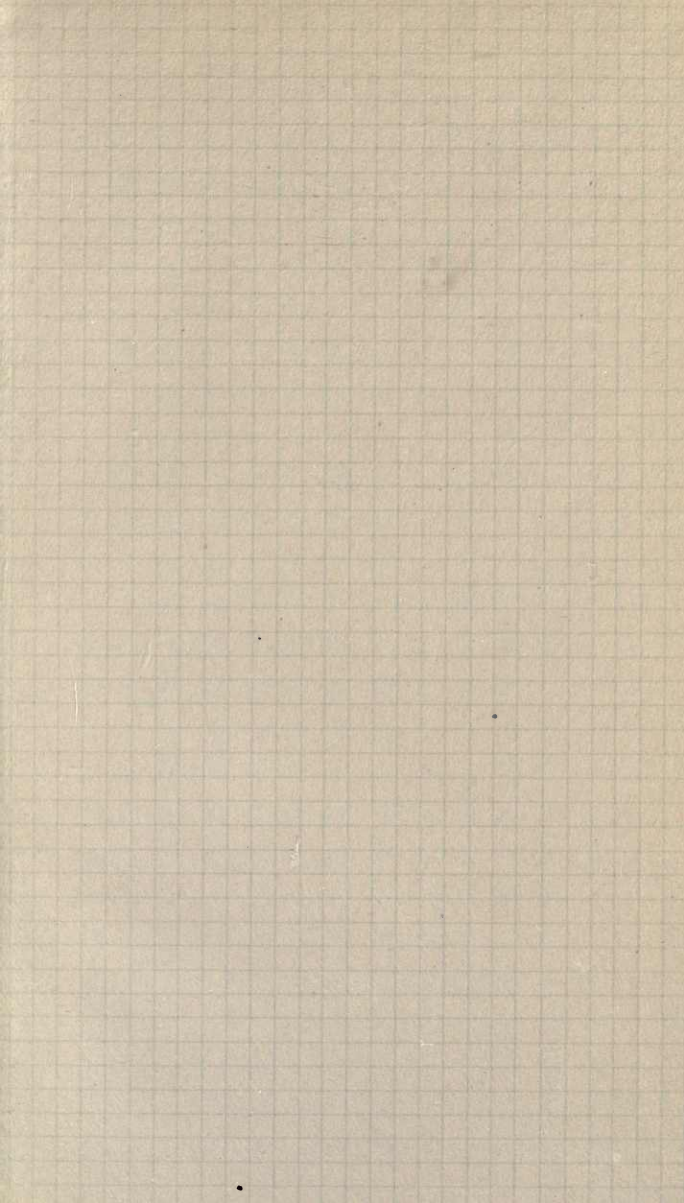


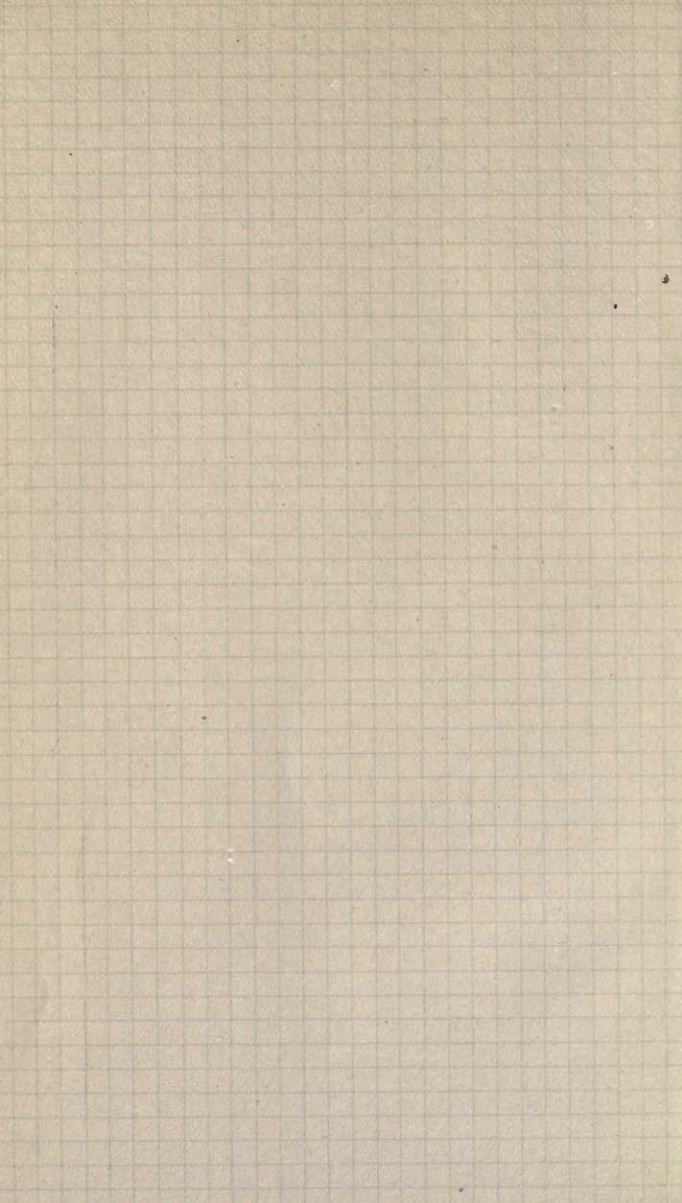


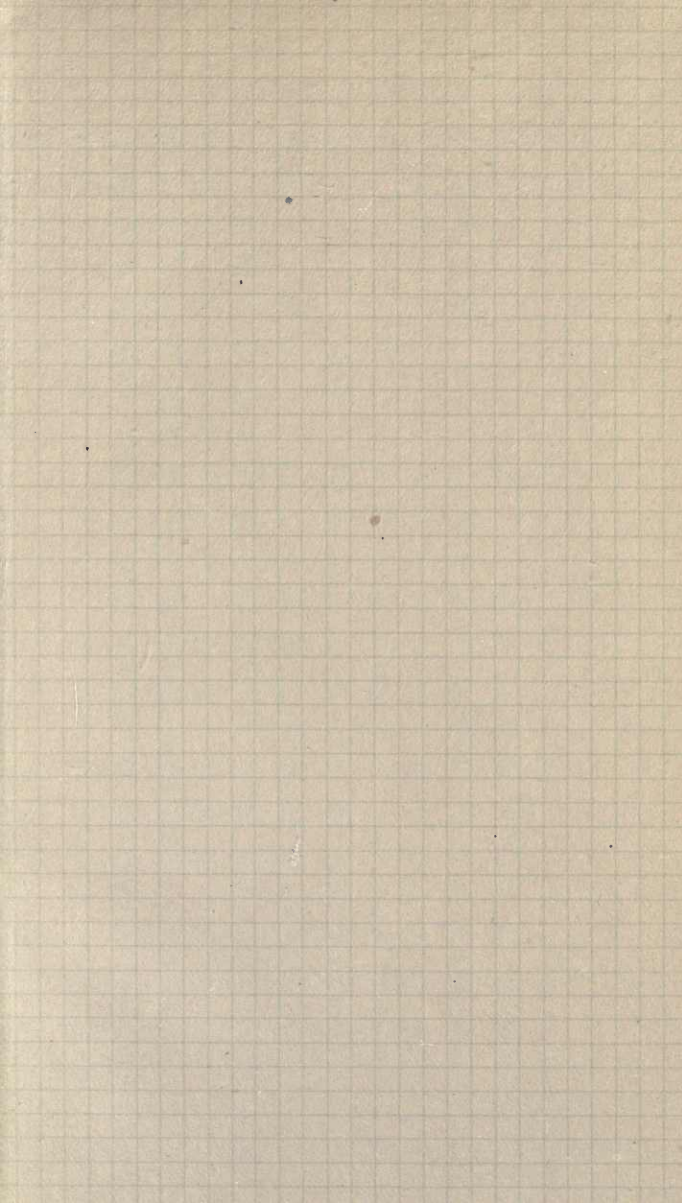


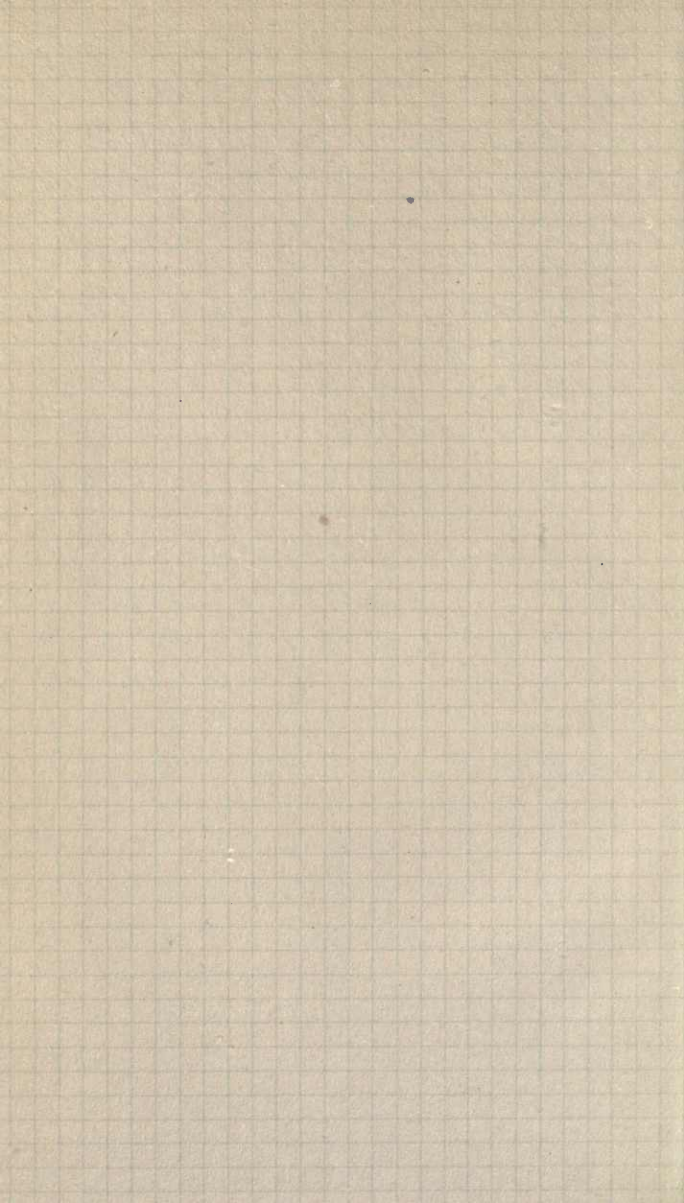




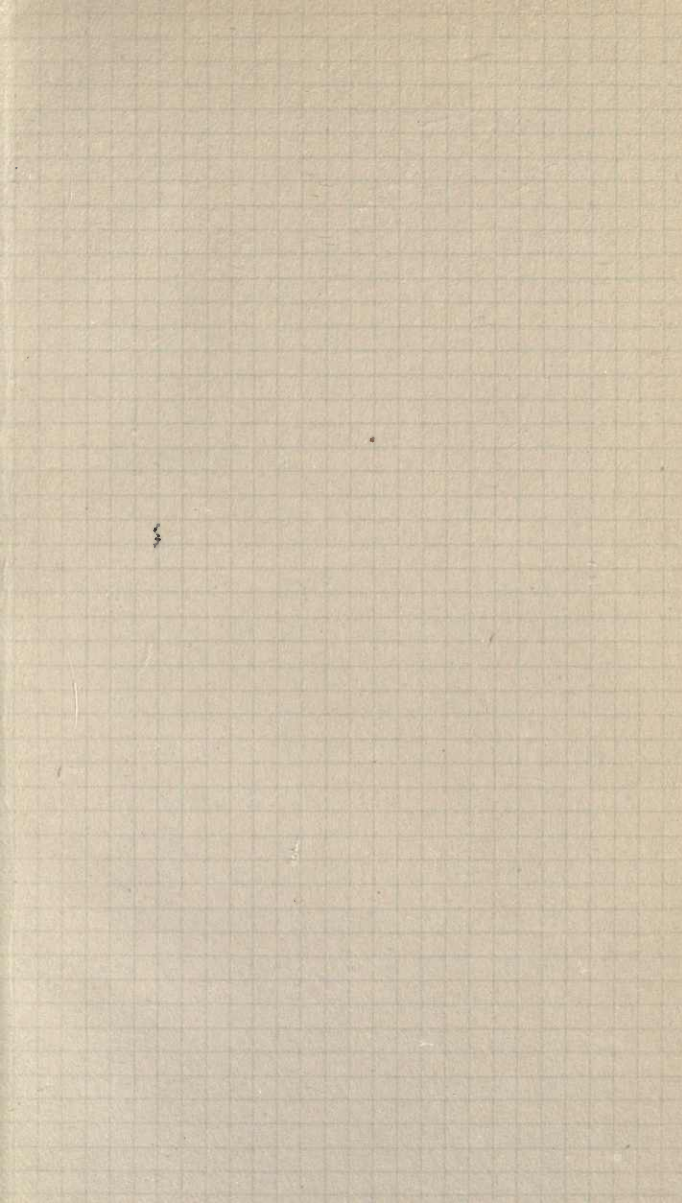


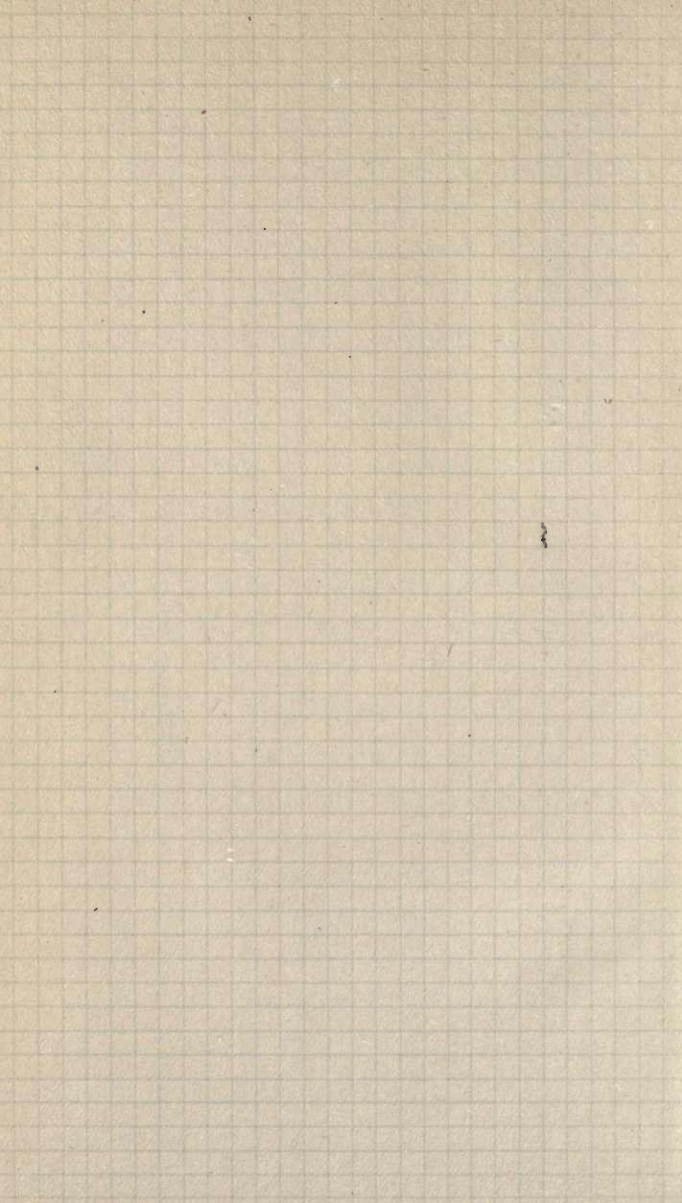
























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