Lolina Porter 832 Monterey Rd. 2 Glendale, CA 91206 901-347-0372 3 818-571-9092 4 IN THE CHANCERY COURT OF SHELBY COUNTY, TENNESSEE 5 FOR THE THIRTIETH JUDICIAL DISTRICT AT MEMPHIS 6 Lolina Porter, 7 **Plaintiff** 8 VS. Case No. 9 **GMAC HOMECOMINGS FINANCIALS NETWORK** and/or his successor/s/, 10 **COMPLAINT AND EMERGENCY MOTION** individually, and in his official capacity as, TO SET ASIDE FORECLOSURE 11 Beneficiary, and/or Substitution Trustee, JUDGMENT AND SALE OF REAL Trustee, other titles unknown to Plaintiffs, **PROPERTY** 12 an ens legis being used to conceal fraud, 13 AND AURORA LOAN SERVICES, LLC and/or 14 his successor/s/, individually, and in his MOTION FOR PERMANENT INJUNCTIVE official capacity as, Beneficiary, and/or RELIEF BARRING FUTURE SALE OF 15 Substitution Trustee, Trustee, other titles **REAL PROPERTY BY DEFENDANTS;** unknown to Plaintiffs, an ens legis being 16 (Enjoin Defendants from Resale of Real used to conceal fraud. Property) 17 **GENWORTH FINANCIAL** (Private Mortgage **AND** 18 Insurance Company) and/or his successor/s/, individually, and in his official MOTION FOR PLAINTIFFS' AWARD 19 FOR PUNITIVE DAMAGES INCLUDING capacity as, Beneficiary, and/or Substitution LEGAL AND EQUITABLE RELIEF Trustee, Trustee, other titles unknown to 20 Plaintiffs, an ens legis being used to conceal 21 fraud. 22 AND JOHN DOES (unknown parties claiming rights to said Deed of Trust and 23 Note herein, (1-10,000), Et al, an ens legis 24 being used to conceal fraud 25 Defendants 26 27 To the Honorable Chancellors of Shelby County, Tennessee for the Thirteenth 28 Judicial District at Memphis:

I, Lolina Porter Plaintiff, *pro se*, do hereby respectfully submit the following

Complaint and Emergency Motion to Set Aside Foreclosure Judgment and Sale of Real

Property, AND, Motion for Permanent Relief Barring Future Sale (Enjoin) of Real

Property, pursuant to Tenn. Civ. Rule. 65, as well as Motion for Punitive Damages

including Legal and Equitable Relief for Plaintiffs by defendants

I. INTRODUCTION

"Plaintiff"

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

Come now the plaintiff, Lolina Porter acting on her own behalf by and through pro se action. And First Amended Complaint/Motions against the defendants hereby complain and Allege as follows:

This cause is brought to action before this court-

II. CLAIM - FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

The real property which is the subject of this dispute is located at 6131 Woodstock View Dr. Millington, TN 38053. Plaintiff purchased this home by obtaining a loan from Defendants GMAC Homecomings Financials Network in or about July 2005. Plaintiff's initial mortgage Payment was a little over \$500.00 a month plus a Private Mortgage Insurance payment of a Little over \$100.00 per month. Plaintiff, filed for Chapter 7 Bankruptcy in 2007 after suffering from eclampsia during her first pregnancy. A copy of Bankruptcy discharged is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 1**.

Plaintiff, loss her six (6) year old job at Washington Mutual, now JP Morgan Chase on January 29, 2009. She took over the property management of their Tennessee rental homes from their hired property management company to cut down expenses and make this livelihood her source of income to help support her family while looking for a reasonable job. A copy of plaintiff's EDD Unemployment Certification is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 2**.

Plaintiff realized a big loss of rental income since early of 2008 for this real property when a tenant failed to pay rent consistently to the hired property manager of the plaintiff and has owed \$14,861.50. Plaintiff evicted that tenant immediately and a copy of judgment on May 27, 2009 against plaintiff's tenant is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 3**.

Plaintiff's husband, Mr. Brett Porter, eligibility worker at the Los Angeles County

Department of Children and Family Services, had suffered from a severe ischemic stroke on his right brain hemisphere on July 10, 2009, was paralyzed, and he is recovering, but is still on disability and is medically refrained from going back to work until his condition improves.

A copy of Medical MRI of plaintiff's spouse condition is appended to this complaint as

Exhibit 4.

Plaintiff's total amount in delinquency for the subject real property is 11,229.92 as of February 3, 2010 per Defendant's HOPENOW employee, it's the amount Defendant said Plaintiff needed to pay to stop the foreclosure set and happened on February 4, 2010.

III. SECOND CLAIM: WRONGFUL FORECLOSURE "Predatory Lending"

Defendant GMAC Homecomings Financial Network's loan officer named Greg Scott who processed plaintiff's loan, has entered plaintiff into a Stated Income program despite plaintiff has provided all the necessary proof of income and other documents the agent requested in order to obtain a good loan type. Defendant's loan officer Greg Scott, made the plaintiff believe that she cannot get a good interest rate; hence, she was forced to settle on what the Defendant's Loan Officer were giving. Plaintiff, realized later on after purchasing one property through GMAC loan officer Greg Scott was after that attractive incentives or commission every time he sells an Option Arm. It is alleged by way of his email to the Plaintiff, that he is insisting to sell another predatory loan. A copy of the email thread is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 5**.

Plaintiff alleges Defendant GMAC Homecomings Financial Network, as the driving source in pushing these predatory lending strategies and loan products; hence, this is the very same reason our economy is in recession. A copy of the email thread where Mr. Greg Scott was really forcing plaintiff with threats to use him again for plaintiff's next property purchase is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 5**.

Plaintiff has phoned GMAC Homecomings Financial Network, on numerous occasions, requesting to modify the Option Arm variable interest rate loan into fixed rate. Defendant, GMAC Customer Service staff directed plaintiff's call to their Bankruptcy department staff. The bankruptcy staff promised that if plaintiff releases the loan from bankruptcy that Defendant will modify the loan, until then the defendants cannot offer any assistance.

However, few months after bankruptcy court releases and approved their motion for relief from automatic stay of this real property from plaintiff's chapter 7 Bankruptcy, defendant GMAC Homecomings Financial Network transferred the loan to Aurora Loan Services, LLC. Thus, Defendant did not fulfill its promise to plaintiff to restructure the loan as what Defendant GMAC Homecomings Financial Network employee had promised her.

Plaintiff phoned the defendant persistently to find out the status of the requested loan modification, but to no avail. In the latter part of 2008, plaintiff received a notice from Homecomings that this loan has been transferred to Aurora Loan Services, LLC, and is the new "servicer" to handle the subject real property mortgage.

Plaintiff struggled to make the payments in 2008 when the tenant of the subject real property did not make consistent payments for over a year, and ended up owing \$14,861.50. A copy of eviction judgment is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 3.**

IV. DECEPTIVE PRACTICES

Plaintiff had no complete understanding of what Private Mortgage Insurance (PMI) really was at the time, plaintiff acknowledges that ignorant of it is no excuse. Hence, plaintiff phoned the Defendant Genworth Financial Private Mortgage Insurance to inquire. Plaintiff has paid PMI premium every time she made a mortgage payment. Plaintiff thought PMI is her ally, since she has been paying for it; she called Genworth Financial (the Private Mortgage Insurance Company) to find out more about PMI and to seek help in making the loan modification a reality. Defendant, Genworth Financial, did not explain to plaintiff upon inquiry that the beneficiary of PMI is none other than the lender/servicer and not the borrower. Defendant, Genworth Financial staff made plaintiff believe that they can help in

making the loan modified, but November 2008 has passed, plaintiff did not hear anything from them, until plaintiff called again in December of 2008, a certain customer representative named "Ruth" told her that they cannot help at all as the PMI is for the lender's benefits only and not for borrowers. Plaintiff, in desperation to save her investment real property phoned the new "servicer" Aurora Loan Services, LLC, the "servicer" to seek help in modifying her Option Arm loan to fixed interest rate Principal and Interest payment.

Defendant Aurora Loan Services, LLC was the alleged "servicer" yet in all the "workout agreement" they claimed as the "lender" of a loan on the Plaintiff's rental house at 6131 Woodstock View Dr. Millington, TN 38053. Defendant is a "servicer", upon information and belief, a subsidiary of Aurora Loan Bank FSB under the ownership of Lehman Brothers. A federally chartered bank regulated by the Office of Thrift Supervision.

Defendant, Aurora Loan Services, LLC, told plaintiff that in order for them to do the loan modification, that plaintiff must enter into a "Forbearance Agreement" with the servicer for 3 months and then they will do a loan modification even though it is a rental house.

Plaintiff agreed and signed to a "Forbearance Agreement" with \$1,000 initial deposit and a payment of \$938.51 per month for 3 months, starting on February 2009 through April 2009.

Plaintiff received a letter of denial of forbearance for non-payment of forbearance amount of \$938.51 in May of 2009, that plaintiff has breached the contract. Plaintiff, cannot believe so because plaintiff's husband Brett Porter sent a cashier check amounting to \$938.51 via FedEx with tracking number on it.

Plaintiff called and faxed the proof of cashier check and the FedEx tracking number to defendant. Defendant, Aurora Loan Servicer, LLC researched the check and found out

that they are returning the cashier check because the loan number was incorrect, although the check has the property address, Defendant did not honor the cashier check. A copy of email thread showing plaintiff's intent and action to pay the forbearance is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 5A**.

Plaintiff continually requested help even after numerous denials yet persisted and finally got reinstated, but later on Aurora Loan Services, LLC has used this incident not to allow plaintiff to get approved for loan modification and accused plaintiff of breaking two more payments that were not true. Plaintiff resumed paying the forbearance payment of \$938.51 in May 2009, despite income was scarce as plaintiff has to incur court costs in evicting the tenants that owed back rents on this subject property. Plaintiff phoned the Defendant Aurora Loan Servicer, LLC in June 2009 to inquire about Aurora Loan Services' promise of Loan Modification once the Forbearance Agreement is completed. Plaintiff was told by a Customer Service that they are processing her loan modification request at that time and will notify her as soon as they are done reviewing her file. *Plaintiff was told not to send any payment since her Forbearance Agreement has been completed and expired while they are reviewing her loan modification request. In the meantime, I found a tenant for the subject property and they moved in on July 1, 2009.*

V. INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

On July 10, 2009, Plaintiff 's husband suffered from ischemic stroke and plaintiff has been in the hospital from that time with the husband and has not been able to open her mails until later of July 2009. Plaintiff got a call from defendant, Aurora Loan Services' staff, asking plaintiff to pay the July 2009 forbearance payment, plaintiff told the staff that back in

June 2009, a staff has advised plaintiff not to pay until the loan modification review is completed. Plaintiff got confused on Defendant's employees conflicting advices, some staff had advised plaintiff not to pay while under review for loan modification, and then later on some staff is trying to collect and advising plaintiff to pay immediately. Since plaintiff was in the emergency room with the spouse who just had a stroke, she told the defendant's staff that she cannot make the payment because that day was actually the day when her husband was admitted to the hospital due to stroke and was taken by 911 to emergency room. These deceptive and derogatory business practices have caused emotional stress and distress to the plaintiff and her family. Plaintiff, after significant time in disposed due to spouses' sudden illness and Plaintiffs' undue stress form this as well as shortly received a letter from Defendant Aurora Loan Services, LLC towards the last week of July 2009. This letter stated Defendants decision of denying plaintiff's loan modification application because defendant accused plaintiff of missing one payment during the forbearance agreement (the April 2009 incident). The letter also states that the subject property is now in foreclosure, scheduled for sale on August 4, 2009. Plaintiff did not on top her knowledge receive any formal Foreclosure Notice sent to her at that time. Plaintiff phoned Defendant Aurora Loan Services, LLC immediately asking and begging the Defendant to review her application for Loan Modification, and informed them of the current hardships being faced at present, but Defendants, did not assist immediately. So Plaintiff stayed persistent and therefore decided to send an overnight letter to the defendant's then President and CEO Tom Wind, requesting to review her situation for loan modification.

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VI. SLANDER OF TITLE/ SLANDER OF CREDIT / VIOLATIONS OF THE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT

Defendant, Aurora Loan Services, after receiving the correspondence assigned her request to Ms. Alicia Hodson, a customer advocate from the Executive Office of the defendant Aurora Loan Services. Ms. Hodson called the plaintiff, and told her that she will postpone the foreclosure sale for 30 days and had asked the plaintiff to speak with one of the Customer Service staff for plaintiff to give financial information over the phone. Ms. Hodson transferred the call to a certain staff named "Elizabeth". Plaintiff, suggested to Elizabeth over the phone if plaintiff can fax the financial statement document before the interview starts so that information can be in synch accurately. Defendant's staff Elizabeth did not want the financial profit and loss statement faxed; instead she wants it taken over the phone. She said that it was better and faster to take information over the phone than mailing or faxing what the plaintiff have in paper. Plaintiff adhered to the defendant's staff Elizabeth and gave information over the phone figure by figure as per plaintiff's financial statement in paper. Plaintiff has no way to check whether the staff has entered the information accurately into the Defendant computer system, but plaintiff, trusted anyway. Defendant's staff Elizabeth, after phone interviewing plaintiff, immediately declared to plaintiff she does not qualify for loan modification because according to defendant's staff Elizabeth, the plaintiff is in deficit of -\$5,500. Plaintiff, phoned Ms. Alicia Hodson, again and as the foreclosure sale date was postponed to September 4, 2009, to ask for reconsideration. However, Ms. Hodson, did not want to give plaintiff anymore opportunity to modify the loan.

Defendant's Executive Customer Advocate, Ms. Alicia Hodson, offered the plaintiff her only solution is a repayment plan payment of over \$3,500 per month for 4 months, then

after the repayment plan according to Ms. Hodson, it is not a guarantee that the plaintiff will be given a chance of loan modification or if plaintiff do not take her offer, Ms. Hodson declared that she can no longer postpone the foreclosure sale on Sept. 4, 2009. Plaintiff, insisted to Ms. Hodson, that the information taken does not seem to be accurate as in the information the plaintiff has in her file. However, Defendant's executive customer advocate, Ms. Hodson, did not bother reviewing the information entered by "Elizabeth" that the plaintiff was trying to dispute. Plaintiff sent another letter to the defendant's President and CEO Tom Wind, to ask for another foreclosure postponement. It was moved to October 1, 2009. Defendant's executive staff Alicia Hodson, called plaintiff again and offered her another option to pay \$2,800 in repayment plan for 10 months. Plaintiff, in distress told Ms. Hodson that she could not afford that large payment. Plaintiff phoned and emailed the Defendant's ALS HOPE Now Customer Service <u>HOPENOW@alservices.com</u> phone nos. (866)-521-3828 to request for reconsideration. Plaintiff was hoping that they would review the information taken by the previous Customer Service referred by Defendant's Executive Customer Advocate Ms. Alicia Hodson. Plaintiff's call was taken by a Customer Service staff named Tony Henderson. Mr. Henderson took a look at the plaintiff's information in Defendant's computer system as entered in by the previous staff named "Elizabeth". Defendant's ALS Hope Now staff, Mr. Henderson, asked the plaintiff if the huge credit card payments over \$500 was true or not. Plaintiff denied as she was so surprised of that revelation, told Mr. Henderson, that she has no credit card payment expense since she filed for Chapter 7 bankruptcy in October of 2007. Defendant's staff Mr. Henderson was kind enough to delete all the entries of plaintiff's records in their system and started interviewing the plaintiff again.

After interview, Mr. Henderson, said he can setup the plaintiff on a repayment plan for nine (9) months then on the 10th month, Mr. Henderson told plaintiff that she can resume the regular monthly payment of about \$569 per month depending on the interest rate applicable at the end of 9 months. The repayment plan setup by Mr. Henderson over the phone was at \$1,876.00 for nine (9) monthly payments with an initial plan payment of \$1,392.08. Mr. Henderson specifically says it is a Repayment Plan and did not mention any "workout agreement". Mr. Henderson also specifically stated over the phone that at the end of nine (9) months repayment plan, that plaintiff will resume to regular payment of about \$600 depending on the interest rate prevailing at that future time. Plaintiff was so grateful and happy that someone had finally listened. In plaintiff's gratefulness, she asked Mr. Henderson of his supervisor's email address, Mr. Henderson gave it to the plaintiff.

Plaintiff, send a commendation letter via email to Mr. Tony Henderson's boss named Ms. Renae Hinman. A copy of the email plaintiff sent to Ms. Hinman commending Mr. Henderson is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 6**.

VII: PLAINTIFFS MEMORANDUM -CAUSE OF ACTION

"Wrongful/Defective Workout Agreement"

1. Defendant, Aurora Loan Services, LLC sent plaintiff the "workout agreement" and repayment plan dated September 14, 2009. Plaintiff received the document on September 15, 2009. A copy of the "workout agreement" and repayment plan is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 7**.

2. Plaintiff was confused as to why she was given two kinds of agreement. The first one was the "workout agreement", and then there is an Attachment A called "Repayment Plan". Plaintiff attempted to contact Mr. Henderson, but he was not available at that time. He emailed Mr. Henderson's boss Renae Hinman for explanation before plaintiff signs the binding workout agreement and repayment plan, but did not hear any reply from her. A copy of the email sent to Ms. Renae Hinman dated 9/15/2009 is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 8**.

- 3. Plaintiff examined the "workout agreement" and repayment plan thoroughly and was surprised that at the end of 9 months, plaintiff will still owe \$10,585.66 as balloon payment. This dollar figure was never discussed to Plaintiff by Mr. Tony Henderson.
- 4, Plaintiff, was so clear in her understanding that Mr. Tony Henderson was so sure that plaintiff can resume regular monthly payment at the end of 9 months.
- 5. Plaintiff also noticed that in the attached Repayment Plan, Defendant was requiring the plaintiff to remit an initial installment of \$1,392.08 on or before 09/15/2009. Plaintiff alleges that the workout agreement is faulty. The Defendant purposely made the deadline so tight for the plaintiff to fail and break the agreement right on the very first day plaintiff receives the agreement. Plaintiff alleges that defendant is trying to set up plaintiff for failure again, because the agreement was dated 9/14/2009, and was not received by plaintiff until 9/15/2009 in the afternoon.
- 6. Plaintiff alleges Defendant, Aurora Loan Services, and LLC as truly a participant in this foreclosure mill by setting up plaintiff for sure failure that Defendant may

execute foreclosure. A copy of the "workout agreement" and repayment plan is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 7.**

- 7. Plaintiff, immediately phoned Defendant's ALS Hope Now staff, Mr. Tony Henderson, he was not available at that time, but plaintiff got hold of the staff named "Timika",
- 8. Plaintiff explained to Defendant Timika the wrongful "workout agreement" with faulty deadline date of remitting the initial payment. Defendant's staff was even confused and advised the plaintiff not to sign it until staff "Timika" gets back to plaintiff. Defendant's staff who is compassionate and is willing to help. Timika works in the same department as Mr. Tony Henderson, according to the information she provided plaintiff.
- 9. Plaintiff did not want to break the agreement set by Tony Henderson over the phone with her, but did not want to sign a written "workout agreement" and repayment plan that is faulty or wrongfully written. Plaintiff's concerns on the inconsistencies of the agreement against the verbal agreement set by Defendant's staff Mr. Tony Henderson and what was written is very important.
- 10. Defendant's staff Timika called back and directed plaintiff to Mr. Jason Cramer, upon information given was the manager of Mr. Henderson and Tamika's department called the Foreclosure Prevention.
- 11. Defendant's staff Mr. Jason Cramer, agreed that the document was very confusing with the deadline on 9/15/2009 same date as this document was delivered to plaintiff. Mr. Cramer, advised the plaintiff to remit via western union the initial installment of \$1,392.08 as soon as possible in exchange of extending the deadline. Defendant's staff Mr.

Cramer, here is making guarantees and promises verbally. Defendant, Mr. Cramer advised the plaintiff to sign the agreement, so that the subject real property will not be foreclosed and then Mr. Cramer advised plaintiff to dispute the agreement later.

- 12. Plaintiff, followed the advised of Defendant's staff Mr. Jason Cramer. A copy of the Western Union remittance of \$1,392.08 dated 9-21-2009 to Defendant is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 9**.
- 13. Plaintiff, sent a letter of request to Defendant's Executive staff Ms. Alicia Hodson in plaintiff's goal to find out the answers to all her concerns on the inconsistencies of the written "workout agreement", to find out why there is even a need for a balloon payment after the repayment plan. Defendant's staff Ms. Hodson did not respond.
- 14. Plaintiff sent the first repayment plan payment of \$1,876 on 10-13-2009 with another letter of request asking for the detailed explanation and answers to the inconsistencies in the "workout agreement", on why the very high balloon payment. Plaintiff overnight the payment and letter of request via FedEx to Defendant's executive staff Ms. Alicia Hodson. Defendant's Ms. Hodson did not respond. A copy of cashier check amounting to \$1,876 dated 10-13-2009 is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 10.**
- 15. Plaintiff received a very disappointing letter of breach of "forbearance agreement" from defendant, accusing plaintiff of non-payment of the forbearance payment. Plaintiff was really confused, the agreement plaintiff signed with reservation is the "workout agreement" and repayment plan, and not forbearance agreement, in plaintiff's understanding a forbearance payments goes into suspense account, whereas, a repayment plan goes into the principal balance. Notice the inconsistencies of Defendants in their

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employees and in writing. A copy of the Notice of non-payment of Forbearance Agreement is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 11**.

- 16. Plaintiff, in distress phone defendant's Ms. Hodson, and complained as to why the notice or letter of breach of repayment plan is necessary, given that plaintiff has sent the payment via FedEx. Defendant, Ms. Hodson added more to the distress of the plaintiff when she declared, payment has not been received and that defendant can no longer assist as foreclosure will pushed through.
- 17. Plaintiff left her husband at the hospital, just to gather herself, wrote a complaint letter in tears and sent it with proof of payments and the signature proof of who received plaintiff's FedEx mail with cashier check as her first "repayment plan payment" and not "forbearance agreement payment", address to the CEO and President Tom Wind. Plaintiff requested again for the explanation of all the charges in addition to what is clearly the delinquent amount that is written in the workout agreement. Another stressful, tensed, and anxiety day filled the plaintiff because of this wrongful accusations. A copy of plaintiff's email to Defendant's Attorney and the proof of payment is appended to this complaint as Exhibit 12.
- 18. Defendant's staff Ms. Hodson, did not reply, nor reaffirm the receipt of her payment. Plaintiff did not receive any phone call or letter from Defendant's Customer Service or Research Department that they have found her payment.
- 19. Plaintiff, initiated to call defendant to find out if the payment for October 2009 has been posted. Only then, that plaintiff found out that her payment was found. Plaintiff alleges that Defendants does not have quality screened and respectful staff or customer

service, because none of the employees has informed or even acknowledged plaintiff's presentation of evidence or proof or payment. Not even a letter of apology. This wrongful conduct of Defendant should not deny plaintiff's motion for emergency injunctive relief as Plaintiff alleged that **Defendant failed to credit her payments in an accurate and timely manner.**

- 20. Plaintiff, did not know how to make a Qualified Written Request at that time, but plaintiff sent her November 2009 payment and has been sending a Letter of Request to Defendant, for the concerns she has found in the faulty "workout agreement".
- 21. Plaintiff, got tired and ran out of options on how to get Defendants to respond to plaintiff's inquiry on overly high charges and unknown source of balloon payment charges and other concerns on this faulty and wrongful "workout agreement". Plaintiff, sent via FedEx in December 2009, a check for a regular monthly mortgage payment of about \$569.00 instead of the \$1,876.00, in hope to catch the Defendant's attention.
- 22. Plaintiff, decided to mail a payment less than the "workout agreement" plan stated payment because defendant has not been returning all her requests of explanation of the faulty and wrongfully written "workout agreement", plaintiff has raised these questions before signing the "workout agreement" and repayment plan, as well as during the 3 months of sending the plan payments, but Plaintiff receive no response from Defendants in all those times.
- 23. Defendant, Aurora Loan Services, LLC upon receipt of plaintiff's payment less than what was in the "workout agreement", immediately instructed to have its executive staff Ms. Alicia Hodson to phone the plaintiff to remind her of the consequences of breaking this

faulty "workout agreement". Defendant's Ms. Hodson never even discus or explain or acknowledged plaintiff's questions, inquiry, or request for explanation of the "workout agreement", which plaintiff is entitled to. Ms. Hodson, initiated foreclosure proceedings again. Therefore, Plaintiff alleges that this non-responsiveness of Defendants to valid inquiries of plaintiff is but another strategy of Defendant to pursue foreclosure.

24. In Plaintiff's opinion, she did not break any agreement because there was no good agreement, the "workout agreement" prepared by Defendant is faulty and cannot even explained by the Defendant, thus, it nullifies every word written in it.

VIII: PLAINTIFFS MEMORADUM CAUSE OF ACTION CONTINUED "Wrongful Foreclosure"

- 1. Plaintiff alleges that Defendant, Aurora Loan Services, LLC, is a "servicer", an affiliate of Aurora Bank, Federal Savings Bank (FSB), a federally chartered institution, who operates a "foreclosure mill" in exchange of a big incentive per home foreclosed.
- 2. Plaintiff alleges that Defendant, Aurora Loan Services restarted the foreclosure proceedings through the Nationwide Trustee Services, Inc. having no basis at all because their faulty "workout agreement" is null and void. Hence, it is a wrongful foreclosure.
- 3. Plaintiff did not get any formal foreclosure Notice at all at her home address in California; instead Nationwide Trustee Services, Inc. sent all the formal foreclosure notices and posted to the door of the plaintiff's tenant who was occupying the real property at 6131 Woodstock View Dr. Millington, TN 38053 in January 2010.

- 4. Plaintiff received no foreclosure notice that has a sale date of February 4, 2010. Plaintiff's tenants however, communicated to plaintiff, that some unknown individual posted the Foreclosure Notice at tenant's door at 6131 Woodstock View Dr. Millington, TN 38053.
- 5. Defendant's strategy to foreclose homes faster is to fraudulently set up plaintiff for failure by forcing plaintiff to enter into faulty "workout agreement". It is further alleges that this "workout agreement" is misleading as it was sent to the plaintiff on the same day as defendant is expecting to receive the funds for initial repayment plan.
- 6. In addition, when Plaintiff seek help from a legal counsel on January 28, 2010, the counsel and Plaintiff phoned the Defendant's HOPENOW team to find out if foreclosure can be stopped. Defendant's employee named Tony told us on a speaker phone that Plaintiff's loan is being reviewed again for loan modification and foreclosure on February 4, 2010 will be postponed, he claimed that approval of loan mod is dependent on the investors. Plaintiff also ask Defendant's employee Tony of the total delinquency amount and how much Plaintiff needs to reinstate the loan, The Defendant Tony told plaintiff that the amount in delinquency was \$11,229.92 A copy of Plaintiff's email to HOPE Now Team is appended to this complaint as Exhibit 13.
- 7. Plaintiff, immediately reviewed her loan documents and found out that the Trustee was named as "Arnold Weiss". Plaintiff immediately searches for the trustee's phone number and email. Plaintiff emailed the known trustee of the subject property that was purchased in 2005. Mr. Arnold Weiss's secretary replied via email that Mr. Weiss might have been the original trustee before, but has no vested interest anymore. A copy of email thread is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 17**.

- 8. Plaintiff, alleges that Defendant's faulty "workout agreement" and Defendant's executive staff and others who were harassing and threatening her that if she does not sign the faulty "workout agreement", that defendant will foreclose the home, has terribly caused her harm mentally, physically, emotionally and financially. A copy of this faulty "workout agreement" and repayment plan is appended in this complaint as **Exhibit 7.**
- 9. Plaintiff alleges that Defendant's Executive Office played a major role in implementing foreclosure despite some employees has shown plaintiff of some hope and chances, that it was whatever Mr. Alicia Hodson had stated prevailed. A copy of plaintiff's email thread with Mr. Jason Cramer who advised plaintiff to sign workout agreement then dispute later, is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 18.**
- 10. Sometime in May of 2010, after the subject property has been foreclosed by Aurora Loan Services, LLC. Defendant, Genworth Financial sent somebody to interview the plaintiff and to verify the validity of Defendant, Aurora Loan Services claims for Private Mortgage Insurance regarding the subject real property.
- 11. Plaintiff was told by Defendant, Genworth Financials hired agent to interview Plaintiff, because Aurora Loan Services, LLC are claiming against the Private Mortgage Insurance since the plaintiff, as the borrower failed to pay the mortgage. During this time is when plaintiff found out the forged income of plaintiff stated by GMAC Homecomings loan officer during the loanapplication.
- 12. Plaintiff alleges Genworth Financial of invading plaintiff's privacy by having an agent knocks at the plaintiff's door to solicit some confidential information without notifying plaintiff ahead of time in writing.

13. Plaintiff alleges Defendant Genworth Financial of trying to collect from plaintiff some or all the monies in place of what they will or have reimbursed the Defendant Aurora Loan Services, LLC for their claim on this real property in dispute. A sickening cycle of these Defendants to really torn plaintiff apart and yet who wins in the end is basically the Defendants themselves after stripping plaintiff off what little she has left.

IX: PLAINTIFFS ALLEGATIONS IN SUPPORT OF COMPLAINT

- 1. Plaintiff alleges Defendant Genworth Financial to having this strategy in place to participate in getting the homeowners or borrowers get lost in the process called "helping homeowners" or having employees with lack of know-how in helping customers, in which case Defendants action on plaintiff's inquiries has delayed furthermore the plaintiff's goal to get a loan modification. Instead of helping the customer who pays PMI premium of a good understanding of what the product is all about, Defendant's employees does not help in educating customers that are asking for this information.
- 2. The Defendants, GMAC Homecomings Financial Network have imposed a predatory loan which was calculated from the outside to prompt defaults and stripping the Plaintiff of her money, and any equity that she might have in the real property.
- 3. Plaintiff alleges that Defendant GMAC Homecomings Financial Network and its loan officers, Greg Scott, has fraudulently declared plaintiff's income over and beyond what was stated in plaintiff's paystub given by plaintiff and entered plaintiff in an Option ARM loan product type, which Plaintiff alleges the loan officers get paid more incentives selling subprime loans than offering a traditional loan type with Principal and Fixed Interest

payment. Same loan officer, Greg Scott, who would like to earn another business from the plaintiff, has shown unprofessional, immature, and unacceptable behavior, when plaintiff turned his offer down for the next purchase, as plaintiff realized that with her credit, she got a better traditional loan type from Washington Mutual Bank. A copy of the email thread showing plaintiff got approved for a 15-year term fixed P&I from Washington Mutual is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 5**.

- 4. Plaintiff alleges that Defendants, GMAC Homecomings Financial Network has made false promises to the plaintiff which Defendant intentionally did not want to fulfill, hence, Defendant immediately transfer subject property's servicing to Aurora Loan Services, LLC.
- 5. Plaintiff alleges that the transfer to Aurora Loan Servicing of GMAC Homecomings was not recorded anywhere in the public registry of records of the registry of deeds, not even a record that GMAC Homecomings has transferred the deed to Nationwide Trustee whom Aurora Loan Services hired to act as the Trustee and who foreclosed the subject property. Hence, Aurora Loan Services or Nationwide Trustee is alleged to have no right to foreclose the subject real property. A copy of Deed of Trust recorded from Registry of Deed is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 20**.
- 6. Plaintiff alleges that the notices were faulty in that they sought the wrong amount and balance in payment from her and that her default, if any, was grossly overstated by the Defendants.
- 7. Plaintiff alleges that the charges and fees which have been run up on the account are excessive, duplicative, and have led to further and additional defaults.

- 8. Plaintiff alleges that the Deed of Trust in this instance is a contract of adhesion not contemplated, read or negotiated by the parties, and that the process in Tennessee of foreclosure by a Trustee on the courthouse steps denies citizens of rights they would otherwise have to due process under law. It renders substantial or complete control in the hands of the lender with few, if any rights, for the consumers, borrowers and home buyers.
- 9. Plaintiff alleges that Defendants, Aurora Loan Services feed into this foreclosure mill a thousands of foreclose homes in a non-judicial states, in exchange of incentives without regard to the result of their wrongful conduct to the well being of the homeowners. An inventory of real estate properties they can use to file a claim against the Private Mortgage Insurance, once claim has been paid, then Defendants can turn around and get more bail out money from the government, and/or sell the real state property at a very reduced price for profit again, even though their claim against Private Mortgage Insurance has already been paid.
- 10. Defendant, Genworth Financial is hereby requested to answer with proof of any paid claims to Defendant, Aurora Loan Services, LLC and for how much in terms of dollar amount was given to Aurora Loan Services, LLC as the claim amount approved by Genworth to reimburse, pertaining to the real property disputed in this complaint.
- 11. Plaintiff alleges that Defendants wrongful conduct has violated the Tennessee Consumer Protection Act and they are guilty of false and misleading practices in violation of T.C.A. 47-18-101 et seq. It is specially alleged that the solicitation of funds when publishing and pursuing a foreclosure is a misleading practice, especially as in this case when it is

coupled with suggestions of a loan repayment and/or the "workout agreement" plan in which Defendants apparently had no intention in proceeding with or completing.

- 12. Plaintiff alleges that it is misleading to debtors and consumers to have a collection department that is soliciting inquiries and telling debtors and consumer's one thing, and a defendant's lawyer who is foreclosing on the property at the same time. In this case, there was no notice of anything except the payments which were due with unbelievably high amount were incorrect.
- 13. As a result of not receiving proper notices, the Defendants have left Plaintiff with no timetable that is manageable for the reinstatement of her loan. In fact, she has been told it is impossibility.
- 14. Plaintiff alleges that the Attorney hired by Defendant Aurora Loan Services to represent them is guilty of being a puppet or somewhat like a robo-signer, a robo-agree to whatever Defendant declare, thus nullifying his education as an attorney expected to uphold the law, in just and fair manner. That just because he is being paid, he disregarded to even mediate between and advise his client of what is fair and just. The Attorney's name is Justin D. Balser from Akerman Senterfitt based at 511 Sixteenth Street, Suite 420 Denver, CO 80202. A noble man of the law will look at all angles and corners and find any fault his client may have committed and advise client of what is fair and just to do, not just bombarding the plaintiff with a repetition of words the Defendant had told him, he did not even looked at the wrongful "workout agreement" and repayment plan his client encouraged and/or forcedPlaintiff to sign. A copy of Defendant's hired lawyer's email is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 13**.

- 15. Plaintiff alleges that Atty. Balser, Defendants Attorney has failed to answer her inquiry of what are those four (4) broken loan workouts that Aurora Loan Services were accusing Plaintiff about. It was 24 hours before the foreclosure date, though Plaintiff continued to email, Defendants Attorney did not even reply to answer the inquiry of Plaintiff. A copy of plaintiff's email to Atty Balser is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 14.**
- 16. Plaintiff further alleges that the Defendant Aurora Loan Services, LLC had insufficient staff to work on loan modification proposals or not equip to even do a quality control on data gathered from plaintiff, that one was expressly solicited from her, and declined the same day before the alleged foreclosure sale.
- 17. The Plaintiff was denied a reasonable review of a loan modification on her rental home. This was done in part because the fees and costs which the lender paid were excessive and unnecessary, and ran the defaulted amount skyward with little or no explanation. Plaintiff went all avenues to find out answers, even spoke to a certain Elizabeth Santoro who emailed Plaintiff a spreadsheet but really not much of an explanation to answer all her questions as far as unpaid balance goes. Defendant staff, Ms. Santoro emailed a spreadsheet as her response to plaintiff's inquiry expecting plaintiff to understand all the columns, but with another twist to the effect of proceeding with foreclosure on October 1, 2009 as scheduled if funds are not received in their office in full by end of 9-25-2009. A copy of Ms. Santoro's email and spreadsheet is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 15.**
- 18. Plaintiff requests permanent injunction as to the eviction of her and/or her tenants. At this time the tenants of plaintiff were relocated as the Defendant, and

defendant's agents enforced the eviction on plaintiff's tenants even though she has a one (1) year valid lease agreement. Instead of honoring the lease agreements, defendant's agents offered plaintiff's cash to move out, which plaintiff's tenants did not accept. The denial of injunctive relief will result in irreparable harm to Plaintiffs. A copy of tenants lease agreement and Plaintiff's letter sent to Shelby County General Session Court Room 106 is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 19**.

- 19. Plaintiff alleges that as a result of the all Defendant's concerted wrongful conduct, the Plaintiff has been damaged, has no peace of mind with respect to this property, and has lost financing opportunities and other avenues of relief.
- 20. Plaintiff has no full, complete and adequate remedy at law for the wrongs complained herein. Only this court has jurisdiction to evaluate the fairness and the appropriateness of the foreclosure, the eviction courts do not entertain issues as to the legality of the foreclosure or as issues to title.
- 21. A copy of a similar case with judgment including a list of similar cases is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 21**.

X: CONCLUSION

WHEREFORE, PREMISES CONSIDERED, PLAINTIFF PRAYS:

RELIEF

- 1. Defendants and that they are required to answer this suit or suffer a judgment by default.
- 2. For Defendant, GMAC Homecomings Financial Network to prove in this court that its loan officer, underwriters, and other agents did not purposely forged, stated and approved plaintiff's monthly gross income higher than what was reported by plaintiff in the paystubs submitted to the loan officer, in order for the loan officer to get the loan approved even though plaintiff could have been qualified to a better conservative type of loan, for the very reason that loan officers will be receiving higher incentives or commission.
- 3. For this court to determine appropriate punishment under the law if the alleged fraudulent act of the Defendant GMAC Homecomings Financial Network in forging borrower's financial information for their ultimate financial gains and engaging in predatory lending. In addition, for Defendant GMAC Homecomings Financial Network to present Plaintiff's Loan Application, Good Faith Estimate, Loan Documents, Deed of Trust and other documents pertaining to the Plaintiff obtaining the loan from Defendant in purchasing the subject real property.
- 4. For all the Defendants to prove in court the actual owner(s) and trustees of the plaintiff's Note as recorded in the registry of deeds, securitized or not, from the time plaintiff obtained the loan from GMAC Homecomings Financial Network up to the time Aurora Loan Services, LLC and its attorneys foreclosed on this subject real property. Defendant GMAC

Homecomings sold the loan to Aurora Loan Services, but did not record any of these sale in the registry of deeds for public access. A copy of the only two transfer activities recorded in the Shelby County Registry of Deeds is appended in this complaint as **Exhibit 18**.

- 5. For GMAC Homecomings Financial to hire and finance the cost of a 3rd party qualified expert(s) in the field of business and computer systems analysis, whose qualification is presented, screened, and approved by plaintiff. For Plaintiff be allowed to recommend a qualified expert in the field of business and computer systems analysis.
- 6. For these "experts" hired by GMAC Homecomings to present/'demonstrate in this court the federal and states legal requirements, process and proper way of selling a loan to another bank or servicer with system flowcharts and business and federal and states legal requirements of "selling a loan" process before they initiate investigation of the old and current system practice of GMAC Homecomings Financial Network's "selling a loan" process.
- 7. For this expert to analyze GMAC Homecomings Financial's system process. Present and/or demonstrate with proof of that analysis findings of the actual action taken when GMAC Homecomings Financial had sold to Aurora Loan Services, LLC this subject real property's mortgage loan.
- 8. Plaintiff demands a conclusion from the expert that would determine if Defendant had adhere or not to the federal and state legal requirement of "selling a loan".
- 9. For Defendant Aurora Loan Services, LLC to provide in court all the investors, their names, mailing address and phone numbers that owns the subject real property's note as of February 3, 2010, the day before the foreclosure date.

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- 10. For the Defendant Aurora Loan Services, LLC to provide in court as to who among the investors has legitimate rights to foreclose on this subject real property on February 4, 2010.
- 11. For Aurora Loan Services, LLC to hire and finance the cost of a 3rd party qualified expert(s) in the field of business and computer systems analysis, whose qualification is presented, screened, and approved by plaintiff. For Plaintiff be allowed to recommend a qualified expert in the field of business and computer systems analysis.
- 12. For these "experts" hired by Aurora Loan Services, LLC to present/'demonstrate in this court the federal and states legal requirements, process and proper way of "servicing a loan", "workout process" and "foreclosing a loan" with system flowcharts, business requirements and federal and states legal requirements. In addition, for the experts to present list of legal rights of servicers over a borrowers loan and real property, limitations and/or constraints of "servicing a loan", "forbearance agreement system", "workout agreement system", "repayment plan system" and "foreclosure system", and experts presentation and/or demonstration of the legal and proper system process in court be done before the experts initiate investigation of the old and current system practice of Aurora Loan Services, LLC in "servicing a loan", "workout process" and "foreclosing a loan".
- 13. For the expert(s) to analyze Aurora Loan Services' "servicing system process", "workout system process", and "foreclosure system process". Present and/or demonstrate with proof of findings of experts analysis of the actual action taken when Defendant Aurora

Loan Services, LLC handles its servicing process, its workout process, and foreclosure process of this subject real property's mortgage loan.

- 14. Plaintiff demands a conclusion from the expert that would determine if Defendant had adhere or not to the federal and state legal requirement of "servicing process", "workout process" and "foreclosure process".
- 15. For Defendant Aurora Loan Services, LLC to provide in court their proof that plaintiff intentionally broke four (4) workout agreements as the basis of Defendant to deny loan modification assistance to the plaintiff reaffirmed by their counsel Atty. Justin D. Balser.
- 16. For Defendant Genworth Financial to provide proof of Defendant Aurora Loan Services' application of claim against Private Mortgage Insurance policy paid for by plaintiff for this subject real property, and proof of payment to the claim of Aurora Loan Services, LLC with accurate figures and date claim was paid.
- 17. For a Motion to Set Aside Foreclosure Judgment so plaintiff can continue with civil as well as possible criminal filings in regards to this action.
- 18. For an emergency permanent injunction as well as permanent injunction motion be granted based on the wrongful conduct and behavior of Defendant Aurora Loan Services its agents, counsel and employees, and to protect the rights of the Plaintiff and keep her in her rental home, allow her to rent it to tenants for her livelihood after the foreclosure and until this litigation can be resolved. It is well settled that a deprivation of a person's legally protected property right will result in irreparable harm.

- 19. In the instant case, Defendants' wrongful conduct has severely invaded Plaintiffs' legally protected property rights. Moreover, the harm resulting from Defendants' wrongful conduct is continuing, making any assessment of monetary damages even more uncertain and difficult.
- 20. Accordingly, Plaintiffs' Complaint clearly establishes that a denial of injunctive relief will result in immediate and continuing irreparable harm to Plaintiffs.
- 21. For the redemption of the real property and/or permanently reverse the foreclosure of the real property in dispute as it was wrongfully foreclosed on February 4, 2010 as a result of concerted wrongful conduct of Defendants in damaging the plaintiff, leaving her with no peace mind, as plaintiff has lost source of livelihood, lost financing opportunities and other avenues of relief and plaintiff's lost of her retirement money used in purchasing this subject real property.
- 22. For the judge to order Defendant to reverse foreclosure return real property to plaintiff free and clear since Defendant is alleged to have already been paid by Genworth Financial for their claim of the total value of the home as insured in the policy as a result of their wrongful conduct that damages plaintiff.
- 23. For all the Defendants to prove in court that they have not backdated, nor notarized in advance or later, any documents pertaining to this subject real property from the time plaintiff purchased or obtain the loan from GMAC Homecomings Financials up to the time Aurora Loan Services, LLC and its attorneys foreclosed on this subject real property.

- 24. For Defendant Aurora Loan Services, LLC to provide in court an explanation/ reason why they sold the subject real property in an auction for a high price of \$146,000 on February 4, 2010 given that real property value has gone down, hence, nobody bought the subject real property at an auction but none other than the Defendant Aurora Loan Services for approximately \$117,000. Now, selling the same property to public for the price of \$76,000. To explain why they did not sold the same for the price of \$76,000 at the auction on Feb.4, 2010.
- 25. Plaintiff alleges that Defendant must have really been paid for the value of the real property by Genworth, and therefore by disposing the real property at a lower price means additional financial gain to the Defendant.
- 26. For Defendant Aurora Loan Services, LLC to provide in court an accounting of who received that less than \$118,000 funds that Aurora Loan Services, LLC paid to purchase the subject real property.
- 27. For Defendant Aurora Loan Services, LLC to provide in court an accounting of what incentives and how much they have received for foreclosing this subject property and the source of these incentive funds.
- 28. For Defendant Aurora Loan Services, LLC to provide in court an accounting of how much was received from Genworth Financials as a result of their claims for this subject property.
- 29. For Defendant Aurora Loan Services, LLC to provide in court any proof on how they handle the foreclosure process of this subject real property from the beginning to the acquisition and transferring of title to the name of the Defendant. To show proof that

Defendant and their attorneys did not use MERS or robo-signers to expedite this foreclosure process.

- 30. For Defendant Aurora Loan Services, LLC to provide reason in court why they are selling the subject real property to an innocent buyer, where in they are delinquent in their payment of Homeowners Association dues and they have not disclose HOA fees to the new buyer until three days before their planned escrow closing.
- 31. For Defendant Aurora Loan Services, LLC to provide an accounting of where would the proceeds of selling this subject real property go once it is sold.
- 32. For Defendant Aurora Loan Services, LLC to provide in court the incentives they receive per one home they successfully foreclose, and from whom are these funds coming from.
- 33. For the Judge of this court to help plaintiff to be heard in the Jury, and to be given justice from all the harmful concerted strategies executed by these Defendants to setup plaintiff for failure so that they can smoothly foreclose on the subject real property in exchange of an incentive, and/or financial gains for themselves and the owners of the companies.
- 34. For the Judge of this court to be informed that these Defendants, especially Aurora Loan Services (owned by Lehman Brothers) has caused severe damage to thousands of Americans by taking their homes through lies, deceit, fraud, and wrongful foreclosures, just like they did to Plaintiff as stated in the above.

- 35. For the Judge of this court to be informed that Plaintiff has and is in communication with all these victims who have lost their homes to wrongful foreclosure by Defendant Aurora Loan Services, yet cannot fight for their rights to file a complaint due to lack of finances or just merely lost hope in our Judicial System.
- 36. For Defendant Aurora Loan Services to present/demonstrate to the court the difference by definitions and functions of "Forbearance Agreement", "Workout Agreement", and "Repayment Plan" and what these does to borrowers account once payment from borrower is received, and what happened to suspense accounts after "Forbearance Agreement" is satisfied.
- 37. For Defendant Aurora Loan Services, LLC to pay the Woodstock Hills Homeowners Association (HOA) delinquencies of \$3,220 including legal cost and other administrative cost, for non-payment of HOA fees from the time they acquired the subject property on February 4, 2010.
- 38. For the honorable Judge to be informed that Plaintiff happens to be the HOA administrator of the subdivision where the subject real property is located and a member or a part of the Association. However, Defendant Aurora Loan Services has been ignoring the invoices or bills sent from February 2010 to present.
- 39. Plaintiff alleges that Defendant purposely does not want to pay the dues, in the meantime, plaintiff and the homeowners association has been shouldering all the expenses incurred. HOA Administration was only notified three (3) days before they were closing the sale. It was only then that they feel obliged to find out about HOA dues.

However, as of the filing of this lawsuit, the Defendant has not paid the HOA dues and other costs as billed to them.

- 40. For the Judge to be informed that HOA Administrator, who happens to be the same as the Plaintiff, has already filed a lien against the property because of their wrongful conduct in ignoring their obligations to pay the HOA fees.
- 41. For the Judge to give Plaintiff permission to include this issue in the Plaintiff's complaint as part of Plaintiff's demonstration on how wrongful, abusive, unfair, and fraudulent this Defendant Aurora Loan Service, LLC in dealing with their small HOA fees obligation, yet they keep foreclosing on humble citizen of America who has valid and reasonable excuses due to unexpected and unavoidable circumstances in their lives, jobs and their finances. A copy of email thread from the closing attorney of Defendant is appended to this complaint as **Exhibit 16**.
- 42. For this court that has jurisdiction to investigate further the Defendant, GMAC Homecomings Financial Network's alleged predatory lending practice and be judged if found guilty to return stolen equity to the Plaintiff, other borrowers or homeowners.
- 43. For this court that has jurisdiction to investigate Defendant Aurora Loan Services practice of faulty procedure in framing up homeowners who requested for loan modification but rather direct them to a trap of wrongful foreclosure and may Defendant be judged to reverse all these foreclosures including plaintiff's brought about by their wrongful conduct of framing homeowners who are just merely wanting to get their payments modified so as for the plaintiffs and homeowners to keep their homes.

- 44. For this court that has jurisdiction to investigate Defendant Aurora Loan Services practice of overcharging homeowners beyond what is the reasonable and appropriate such as excessive foreclosure fees over and over again due to their wrongful conduct, on how Defendant handles foreclosure, and be judged to return all the proven overcharges, foreclosure fees that is merely due to their wrongful conduct of business.
- 45. For Defendant GMAC Homecomings Financial Network to prove that when they transfer all responsibilities for this real property to Aurora Loan Services that they recorded in the registry of deeds the said transfer and/or a transfer to another trustee.
- 46. For TWO MILLION DOLLARS (\$2,000,000.00) in punitive damages from the Defendants GMAC Homecomings Financial Network and Defendant Aurora Loan Services for the wrongful conduct and losses which is detailed above, so that Defendants may refrain from abusing, victimizing, threatening another innocent, striving, humble citizen of America.
- 47. For the right to amend this complaint after discovery and additional information uncovered...
 - 48. For such further and other relief as to which the Plaintiff may be entitled.
 - 49. For a Jury Trial.

So help the truth to prevail God.

1	RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED: This 22 nd day of October, in the year, 2010.
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4	BY:,
5	Lolina Porter, <i>pro per</i> Signed reserving all my rights at UCC 1-308
6	Signed reserving all my rights at UCC 1-308
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1	STATE OF TENNESSEE
2	COUNTY OF SHELBY
3 4 5	I, Lolina Porter, hereby state under oath that the facts and allegations of the complaint filed herein, and the facts and matters set forth are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief, and that I am justly entitled to the relief sought.
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8	LOLINA PORTER
9	Sworn and subscribed to before me this the day of October, 2010.
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14	Notary Public
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LIST OF EXHIBITS

2		
3		
4	Plaintiff's Proof of Bankruptcy Discharged 4-1-2009	EXHIBIT 1
5	2. Plaintiff's EDD Unemployment Certification	EXHIBIT 2
7	3. Plaintiff's Tenant owing \$14,861.50 Court Judgment	EXHIBIT 3
8	4. Plaintiff's husband's MRI Result of ischemic stroke	EXHIBIT 4
9	5. Defendant Loan Officer email thread when turned down	EXHIBIT 5
10	6. Plaintiff's email thread on Cashier Check with incorrect	
12	Loan Number, but with correct Property Address	EXHIBIT 5A
13	7. Plaintiff's commendation letter for Defendant;s	
14	Staff Henderson sent to his boss Hinman	EXHIBIT 6
1516	8. The faulty "Workout Agreement" & "Repayment Plan"	EXHIBIT 7
17	 Plaintiff's inquiry to Hinman after reading Exhibit 7 	EXHIBIT 8
18	10. Plaintiff's proof of initial repayment plan payment	
19	Of \$1,392.08 to Defendant via Western Union	EXHIBIT 9
20	11. Plaintiff's copy of cashier check of \$1,876 sent to	
21 22	Defendant Attn: Alicia Hodson which Defendant	
23	did not post in accurate and timely manner	EXHIBIT 10
24	12. Notice of Breach of Non-Payment of Forbearance	
25	Agreement from Defendant	EXHIBIT 11
26	13. Plaintiff's email to Defendant's attorney and proof of	
27	Payment	EXHIBIT 12

FIAT

To the Clerk of the Court:

Please issue the emergency motion to set aside foreclosure judgment and sale of real property and motion for permanent injunctive relief barring future sale of real property by Defendants, enjoin Defendants from Resale of Real Property and motion for Plaintiff's award for punitive damages including legal and equitable relief as prayed for by the Plaintiff in this complaint for property at 6131 Woodstock View Dr. Millington, TN 38053, and/or set this matter for a hearing on the ______ day of ______ 2010 at _____ and issue or serve notice upon Defendants.

Set the bond for the injunction at

Chancellor

Date _____

1	Lolina Porter			
2	832 Monterey Rd. Glendale, CA 91206			
	901-347-0372			
3	818-571-9092			
4	IN THE OUR MADERY COURT OF OUT BY OF	2111TV TENNISOSE		
5	IN THE CHANCERY COURT OF SHELBY COUNTY, TENNESSEE FOR THE THIRTIETH JUDICIAL DISTRICT AT MEMPHIS			
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0	Lolina Porter,			
7	Plaintiff			
8	VS.	Docket No./ Case No.		
9		Case No.		
	GMAC HOMECOMINGS FINANCIALS)			
10	NETWORK and/or his successor/s/,) individually, and in his official capacity as,)	COMPLAINT AND EMERGENCY MOTION		
11	Beneficiary, and/or Substitution Trustee,	TO SET ASIDE FORECLOSURE JUDGMENT AND SALE OF REAL		
12	Trustee, other titles unknown to Plaintiffs,)	PROPERTY		
	an ens legis being used to conceal fraud,			
13	AURORA LOAN SERVICES, LLC and/or	AND		
14	his successor/s/, individually, and in his	MOTION FOR PERMANENT INJUNCTIVE		
15	official capacity as, Beneficiary, and/or	RELIEF BARRING FUTURE SALE OF		
1.0	Substitution Trustee, Trustee, other titles unknown to Plaintiffs, an ens legis being	REAL PROPERTY BY DEFENDANTS;		
16	used to conceal fraud,	(Enjoin Defendants from Resale of Real Property)		
17		• •		
18	GENWORTH FINANCIAL (Private Mortgage Insurance Company) and/or his	AND		
19	successor/s/, individually, and in his official	MOTION FOR PLAINTIFFS' AWARD		
	capacity as, Beneficiary, and/or Substitution	FOR PUNITIVE DAMAGES INCLUDING LEGAL AND EQUITABLE RELIEF		
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23	AND JOHN DOES (unknown parties claiming rights to said Deed of Trust and			
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24	being used to conceal fraud			
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- 41 -PORTER v. GMAC, AURORA LOAN SERVICES, LLC, GENWORTH et al.

6131 Woodstock View Dr. Millington, TN 38053

This is to certify that the following is abstract of a complaint filed **October 22, 2010**, in the Chancery Court of Shelby County, Tennessee, in the case **LOLINA PORTER V**. **GMAC Homecomings Financial Network, AURORA Loan Services, LLC, Genworth Financial, et. al**.

Notice is given that a judgment is being sought on certain property described below, located in Shelby County, Tennessee, and owned by **AURORA Loan Services, LLC**.

Notice is further given that plaintiff claims a lien lis pendens upon said real property, the description of which follows:

Legal Description of the Property below:

Lot 51B, Woodstock Hills Subdivision, Section A, Re-Subdivision of Lots 50 and 51, as shown on plat of record in Plat Book 202, Page 46, in the Register's Office of Shelby County, Tennessee, to which plat reference is hereby made for a more particular description of said property.

Property Address: 6131 Woodstock View Dr. Millington, TN 38053

Being the same property conveyed to Tapp Enterprises, Inc., Quit Claim Deed, from Woodstock Hills Partnership, a Partnership composed of Jack R. Tickle, Charles T. Tickle and Louis N. Tickle, a Tennessee General Partnership, dated 4/25/2001, filed in Book KZ, Page 9730, said Register's Office.

Being the same property conveyed to Lolina Moran Porter, married from Tapp Enterprises Inc., a TN Corp. by Warranty Deed being recorded simultaneously herewith in Instrument No. <u>015126412</u>, in the Register's Office of Shelby County, Tennessee.

The complaint herein filed is seeking **EMERGENCY MOTION TO SET ASIDE FORECLOSURE JUDGMENT AND SALE OF REAL PROPERTY AND MOTION FOR**

1 2 3	PERMANENT INJUNCTIVE RELIEF BARRING FUTURE SALE OF REAL PROPERTY B' DEFENDANTS (Enjoin Defendants from Resale of Real Property) AND MOTION FOR PLAINTIFFS' AWARD FOR PUNITIVE DAMAGES INCLUDING LEGAL AND EQUITABLE RELIEF.
4	Drangued by
5	Prepared by,
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7	LOLINA PORTER pro se 832 Monterey Rd.
8	Glendale, CA 91206
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12	Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of, 20 and issued this day of
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15	Dewun R. Settle, Clerk & Master
16	By Deputy Clerk & Master
17	Deputy Clerk & Master
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1	STATE OF TENNESSEE
2	COUNTY OF SHELBY
3 4 5	I, Lolina Porter, hereby state under oath that the facts and allegations of the complaint filed herein, and the facts and matters set forth are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief, and that I am justly entitled to the relief sought.
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8	LOUINA DODTED
9	LOLINA PORTER
10	Sworn and subscribed to before me this the day of October, 2010.
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.4 .5	Notary Public
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